St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1885.

J. P. CLABROUCH & BRO'S

Complete Double-Barrel Shot Gun. Send for Catalogue.

Fine Laminated Steel Barrels, Rebounding, Bar Locks, Scott Top Snap, Pistol Grip, Patent Fore-end, Extension Rib, Block Plungers, Buckhorn Heel Plate, Choked, Finely Engraved and Finished.

12 Gauge, 30 and 32 in., 8 to 9 pounds, list $70 00; : : Net $42 50
10 Gauge, 30 and 32 in., 9 1-2 to 10 1-2 pounds, list $75 00; Net 45 00

E. C. MEACHAM ARMS CO., 400, 402, 404 N. 3d, ST. LOUIS.

STOCK COMPLETE!

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS!

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

AT 1003 and 1005 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

A new assortment of various grades and pleasing styles of all classes of

FURNITURE,

In the leading kinds of wood and marble at very reasonable prices, highly finished, NOW IN STOCK. For Cash and on Time. Compare our cash prices this season.

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS.

GENUINE FRENCH COOK KNIVES!

I carry these in all the different sizes, also roast beef Slicers from 8 to 20 inches, Butchers' Steels, Butchers' Knives, Bread Knives, Kitchen Knives, Table Knives, and everything that pertains to the line of cutlery.

A. J. JORDAN,
612 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

McNichols Heads the Procession.

"Will you walk into my parlor?"
Said the spider to the fly;
"I've had it newly fitted up
To please the critic's eye,
My furniture McNichols' best—
Mahogany and ash—
With everything that heart can ask—
Part payments made in cash."

"I've here a gorgeous suit of rooms,
With windows long and wide,
With lace curtains hung on rings,
And portiers on each side.
The carpets are of every winding stair
Are red and gold and green;
My pretty sitting room above
Is modeled for a queen.

"My dining room shines like a gun,
With set of polished oak;
The kitchen near is not obscured
By dingy clouds of smoke.
Its walls are tiniest white glittering tins,
I've a nook for cake and loaves
But chiefly do I pride myself
On three McNichols' stoves!"

Stoves and Furniture to Beat the World.

"Each chamber suited for a guest,
No crumpled bells in sight;
But handsome buff-ts we unfold
When sleep comes on at night.
Bric-a-brac, Brackets, mantles, shelves,
Dentists of books a stock;
While all around are easy chairs,
Just made to fit your back.

Turn your house over to McNichols. Taste, comfort and luxury will repay you, when he hands it over finished. His Carpets are the latest patterns and colors, as soft under the foot as moss, and at prices which will astonish you. He has the newest Queen Anne in Lace, with New Silks for Portiers, and Lambrequins. His furniture parlor suits to be seen and prices noted. No house can be attractive without pictures. McNichols is an old hand at selecting Paintings, Engravings, or Chromos. But when you come to Stoves, around which the family cluster through dreary days and stormy nights, McNichol is your friend. He carries the leader for Stoves, big or little. His stoves bake the cake. THE ONLY McNICHOLS' 2097, 2099 Market st. Trade Mark. Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

SPRING 1880.

T. B. RIPY and W. H. McBRAYER'S

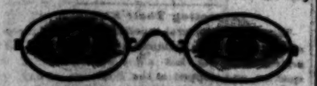
CELEBRATED

Anderson County, Ky., WHISKY
At LUCAS', 112 Vine St.

McBrayer, . . . $5 00 per gallon
Ripy, ... 4 50 per gallon

Demijohns delivered to any part of the city.

HERNSTEIN & PRINCE,



PRACTICAL OPTICIANS,
Opera and Field Glasses, Surveyors', Engineers' and Architects' Supplies,

317 N. FOURTH ST

Artificial Eyes a Specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Cleaning. Dyeing.
Coat..... $1 00 | Coat..... $2 00
Pants..... 50 | Pants..... 1 00
North Ninth st., bet. Morgan and Chestnut sts.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

LOOK OUT!

FOR THE

OPENING

OF THE

Parisian Cloak Co.

N. E. Cor. 5th and Washington avenue

G. F. VOGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Platform wagons, carriages and bargain, trucks, spring, drays and heavy spring wagons. Everything on wheels made to order. Repairing promptly attended to.

Factory and repair shop, Main and Spruce streets, St. Louis. Prices low, and reasonable terms. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM

The pure extract from the drug, from which all the injurious properties have been removed and the medicinal ones concentrated, forming an anodyne, antispasmodic or sedative of unequaled value. Price 50 cents. At all druggists.

LADIES' AND MISSES'

FINE SHOES!

All the Latest and Most Elegant FALL STYLES now in stock. We are Headquarters for Modern Footwear, and can not be undersold in the West.

SCHOOL SHOES

For Boys, Misses and Children, immense variety, low prices.

FAMOUS SHOE DEPARTMENT,

BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

Our Illustrated Catalogue of Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings mailed free.

OUR STOCKS OF

FALL AND WINTER FOOTWEAR

Are full and complete in all departments. We offer for your inspection full lines of all the leading and best improved makes, completely graded in prices, from a good-wearing, low-priced SHOE or BOOT to the best and finest in the world, and feel fully able to substantiate the claim that we can SAVE YOU FROM 10 TO 25 PER CENT on your shoe bills.

Country orders receive prompt and careful attention.

J. G. BRANDT'S DOUBLE-DECKER,

The Largest and Most Complete Shoe House in the World,

CORNER FIFTH AND CHRISTY AVENUE.

Three Great Dangers.

Three great dangers menace the traveler at every turn. They are climate, food and water. To guard against them requires judgment, abstinence and SANFORD'S GINGER.

This unrivaled household panacea and traveling companion is sure to check any disturbance of the bowels, instantly relieve cramps and pains, prevent indigestion, destroy disease germs in water drunk, restore the circulation when suspended by a chill, a frequent cause of cholera morbus, break up colds and fevers, and ward off malarial, contagious and epidemic influences.

SANFORD'S GINGER is a delicious combination of imported ginger, choice aromatics and French Brandy, and is the finest extract of ginger ever compounded in the history of medicine.

Beware of worthless "gingers." Ask for

SANFORD'S GINGER
The Delicious Summer Medicine.

Cholera morbus, cramps, pains, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, colds, chills, simple fevers, exhaustion, nervousness or loss of sleep, whether caused by unripe fruit, impure water, unhealthy climate, unwholesome food, malaria, epidemic or contagious diseases that beset the traveler or household at this season, can have no serious influence on those protected by a timely use of SANFORD'S GINGER.

As a summer drink, with hot or cold water, sweetened, or hot or cold milk, or added to ice water, lemonade, effervescent draughts or mineral waters, SANFORD'S GINGER forms a refreshing and invigorating beverage, unequaled in simplicity and purity, while free from alcoholic reaction. A little should be added to every glass of water drunk.

Do not be imposed upon. Insist upon having

SANFORD'S GINGER
Is sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

C. FARNER STOVE, FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

N. W. Corner Fourteenth and Clark Avenue, will give

Extra Inducements to Parties Going to Housekeeping!

No Fancy Prices for Weekly or Monthly Payments. All Goods Marked Down Below Everybody.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

Unrivalled in Appearance.
Unparalleled in Simplicity.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unprecedented in Durability.
Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having completed the alterations extending the ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE to accommodate the largest stock of Drugs, Paints, and White Artists' and PATENT MEDICINES, which we have purchased for cash in the city, we are now enabled to sell the same at from 25 to 50 per cent less than any of our competitors. Country orders promptly, at lowest possible prices. Call and be convinced.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,
S. W. Cor. 6th and Market Sts.

JOHN MAGUIRE
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 818 WALNUT ST., BET. 8TH AND 9TH.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION

To Washington University

UNDERGRADUATE DEPARTMENT.

Wednesday Sept mber 16, at 9 O'Clock,

Candidates for the courses of study in the Arts, Sciences and various branches of Engineering will be tested on the usual preparatory work required by high-grade Colleges and Polytechnic Schools. For full details of the examination, send for University Catalogue.

GEO. M. BARTLETT, Sec'y.

MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL,

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY.

Examination of candidates for admission will be held on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, beginning at 9 o'clock.

No boys need apply unless 14 years old SIXTY new students will be received into the Junior class, and EIGHTEEN into the Middle class. This addition to the Middle class is made possible by the formation of a fourth division in the same. Candidates for the Middle class will be examined on the work of the Junior year, with the exception of shopwork and drawing; the new members will be taught by themselves in these two subjects.

TWENTY FREE, or PARTIALLY FREE, SCHOLARSHIPS will be assigned to those who stand high on the examination, and whose circumstances shall justify a request for pecuniary relief.

Catalogues and old examination questions sent on application.

C. M. WOODWARD,
Director.

SMITH ACADEMY.

Scholars will apply for admission September 14, 15 and 16, at Washington av. and Nineteenth st. Term opens 17th.

D. ARNOLD,
PRINCIPAL.

MARY INSTITUTE.

Scholars will apply for admission September 17, 18 and 19, at Locust st. and Twenty-seventh st. Term opens 21st

C. S. PENNELL,
PRINCIPAL.

MISS CLARK'S SCHOOL

FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG LADIES. | 2700 LOCUST STREET. Reopens September 21

MISS EDGAR'S SCHOOL

Will Open September 21.

For further particulars inquire at No. 3513 Olive st., after September 10.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY.

CHESTER, 24th year opens Sept. 15. New buildings, extensive equipments, thorough instruction. A MILITARY College. CIVIL ENGINEERING, CHEMISTRY, CLASSICS, ENGLISH. Catalogues of Thos. H. Larkin, esq., corner Anne and Main sts., city, or of Gen. Theo. Hyatt, President.

Newland's College of Midwifery AND LYING-IN INSTITUTE

This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians reside, and which is connected with a Lying-in Institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical instruction. Ladies and female students desiring treatment can be assured of every comfort. Ladies who object their confinement can be accommodated.

DR. H. NEWLAND,
1328 Chestnut st.

LATEST EDITION.

DISCRIMINATION.

How the Anchor Line Robs St. Louis On Local Freight.

Three Times New Orleans Rates to All Way Landings.

A Few More Rail Points Where St. Louis Is Shut Out.

A Rate of $1, First Class, New York to Fort Smith, Discovered—What Louisville Pays to Little Rock—The Post-Dispatch Art Gallery.

"The Anchor Line," said a gentleman interested in the Southern trade, yesterday, "is doing more damage to St. Louis trade than all the railroads. We would have no reason to complain of the high rates, although they are unreasonably high, if it were not that the rates made for New Orleans are away below ours, and whenever there is the least competition in price New Orleans is able to shut us out on account of rates. This is all the more aggravating as New Orleans has the advantage of the cheap water route in getting her goods from New York. Take coffee. The rate from New Orleans to any way landing between that city and St. Louis is 20 to 30 cents per sack. A sack of coffee weighs 135 pounds. From St. Louis to any way landing south the rate is 50 cents per hundred pounds or 67½ cents a sack—difference in favor of New Orleans 37½ to 47½ cents."

Sugar is shipped in barrels from New Orleans to any way point at 40 to 50 cents per barrel, the barrel averaging 310 pounds in weight. From St. Louis to any of these points we are charged 50 cents a hundred pounds or $1 55 a barrel, a difference of more than $1 a barrel in favor of New Orleans.

"New Orleans ships nails at 15 cents a keg of 100 pounds. St. Louis pays 30 cents a hundred, or 35 cents a keg more than New Orleans.

"Molasses pays $1 a barrel from New Orleans to way landings, the barrel weighing 600 pounds. St. Louis pays 50 cents a hundred or $3 a barrel, JUST THREE TIMES THE RATE FROM NEW ORLEANS.

"Coal oil from New Orleans is 75 cents to $1 a barrel; from St. Louis we pay $2 a barrel.

"A cask of bottle beer from New Orleans costs 75 cents, or 50 cents if it belongs to a ten-cask lot. The cask weighs 250 pounds. We pay 50 cents a hundred, or $1 25 a cask; 45 cents a hundred or $1 12½ a cask in lots of ten.

"Whisky per barrel from New Orleans pays $1; we pay to the same points $1 50 or 50 per cent more than New Orleans.

"New Orleans ships mackerel at 50 cents a barrel; we pay 75 cents for the same service.

"Salt is charged at 20 cents a barrel from New Orleans; from St. Louis the rate is 75 cents.

"The rate on horses and mules from New Orleans is $2 50 $4; from St. Louis the rate is $6.

"Wagons pay from $3 50 to $5 for transportation between New Orleans and way points; between St. Louis and the same points the rate is $6 to $8.

"Rice from New Orleans is charged 50 cents per barrel of 300 pounds; St. Louis pays 50 cents a hundred or THREE TIMES NEW ORLEANS RATES.

"On boilers and machinery there is about 300 per cent difference in favor of New Orleans. These are only rates to way landings. I do not know what Cairo rates are. I can judge, however, from the amount of business St. Louis is not doing there that rates are not very much in her favor."

Whatever rates are made by the Anchor Line, the POST-DISPATCH can assure this gentleman that rates by rail to

CAIRO

are not at all what St. Louis could wish them. A gentleman having a grocery and hardware store in that town writes that he is paying 12 CENTS FROM NEW YORK AND 25 CENTS FROM ST. LOUIS on certain classes of freight.

NEW HARMONY

is a station on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville Road reached from St. Louis by the Louisville and Nashville. The distance from St. Louis is 188 miles; from Chicago 286 miles. A firm in New Harmony writes: "Freight charges are lighter than from Chicago or Indianapolis."

OLNEY, ILL.,

which is on the direct line of the Ohio and Mississippi at its junction with the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville, is 118 miles from St. Louis, 180 miles from Indianapolis, and 283 miles from Chicago. A merchant of Olney writes under date August 29: "The rate from Chicago is less than from St. Louis, and Indianapolis is much lower than either. It comes over the *Vandalia* from Indianapolis to Greenup, then on the P., D. & E." The attention of the Illinois Railroad Commissioners is called to this case. Illinois roads are supposed to charge a mileage rate. The Peoria, Decatur and Evansville Road is apparently hauling freight cheaper from Chicago than the Ohio and Mississippi from East St. Louis. Cannot the Commissioners help East St. Louis in this matter? A merchant at

LITTLE ROCK

writes that "Memphis ships to us in two days at fifty cents. Louisville, same time as St. Louis, $1 15." The rate from St. Louis is $1, and the time of transit usually five days. The distance from St. Louis to Little Rock is 585 miles; the distance from Memphis is 135 miles; from Louisville by the Louisville and Nashville 513 miles. A merchant at

FORT SMITH,

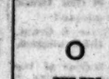
a few days since, sent to a firm in this city a bill of lading of a shipment of goods, first-class, from New York via New Orleans at $1 PER HUNDRED. The rate from St. Louis is $1 50, or from New York via St. Louis, $1 87. The rate from New Orleans should be as high as the rate from St. Louis. That it is not, however, at all times, was shown by a bill of lading received by a St. Louis house a few days ago of a shipment of first class freight from NEW ORLEANS TO FORT SMITH AT 35 CENTS PER HUNDRED.

PRICELESS TREASURES.

Reproduction of Two More of the Post-Dispatch's Works of Art.

Since the reproduction in the POST-DISPATCH last evening of the priceless works of art which adorn the walls of the POST-DISPATCH Freight Bureau Headquarters, this office has been besieged with an army of anxious sight-seers striving to obtain a view. To meet this demand the POST-DISPATCH has issued tickets to all well-known local art connoisseurs for a private exhibition Monday evening next. Meantime the series will be reproduced from time to time in this column until the anxious general public has been satisfied.

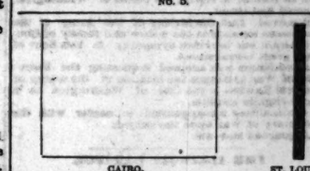
NO. 4.



THE KEG. THE BARREL.

This is a very faithful reproduction in miniature of two familiar objects. The one is a keg of nails; the other a barrel of New Orleans sugar. The first-named has been shipped from Pittsburg to St. Louis and now lies on the wharfboat of the Anchor Line awaiting shipment. The second is on the deck of the City of St. Louis on its way from New Orleans to a way landing on the Mississippi, where the keg of nails will also arrive in about a week. The Anchor Line makes no distinction between these two. The keg of nails pays fifty cents, just the same as the barrel of sugar. That is because the keg comes from St. Louis and the barrel from New Orleans. If the situation was reversed the question of rates would assume an entirely different phase. The Anchor Line would then discover that the barrel of sugar was larger and heavier than the keg of nails, and the St. Louis man would be taxed $1 55, while his New Orleans brother would pay fifteen cents on the nails. This is the difference between being a New Orleans man and a resident of St. Louis.

NO. 5.



CAIRO. ST. LOUIS.

This very tasty little sketch represents a river steamboat in the distance, whistle in full blast. The steamboat is one of the handsome fleet of the ANCHOR LINE. It is approaching Cairo. On its deck is a series of barrels containing carefully dismembered hog to be eaten by the negroes of the South after the cotton picking. The silhouette to the right represents the amount of space absorbed by this St. Louis freight. To the left will be noticed (in outline) the space on the Cairo wharf taken up by hog product from Chicago on its way to the South. This freight has been hauled 365 miles from Chicago over the Illinois Central for less than the cost of handling; at least this is what it should have been hauled at if the Anchor Line is getting its full load from Cairo on the through shipment.

BOLD McINTYRE.

The Hero of a Social Scandal Becomes an Absconder.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, September 10.—Willard F. McIntyre, 22 years old, who caused quite a sensation in Chelsea about a year ago by eloping with one of the belles of that city, has again obtained notoriety by absconding with $10,000. His wife at the time of the elopement secured a divorce from him. McIntyre then married the girl who eloped with him. He secured a position as clerk in the store of W. Goodrich, one of the largest drain pipe dealers in this city. In January Mr. Goodrich went to the Azores for his health, leaving his business in charge of his confidential clerk. About a month after his departure the confidential clerk left and McIntyre was placed in charge by Mr. Goodrich's counsel. As soon as McIntyre assumed management he began collecting bills and appropriating the money to his own use. He also ordered large amounts of stock from an Ohio firm, and on its arrival in the city sold it for half the actual cost. He very frequently called on Goodrich's lawyer, who had been given the power to draw money from Goodrich's bank account to pay freight on imaginary cargoes. He secured $10,000 before Goodrich's counsel learned of his crooked work. The latter notified his client about the way his business was being conducted, and when Goodrich arrived in this city a week ago he found that McIntyre had left with his wife for parts unknown, and had nearly bankrupted him.

BIG EARNINGS.

Report of Dr. Norvin Green, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

NEW YORK, September 9.—Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has presented his report for the current quarter to the Executive Committee. The statement shows that the net revenues of the quarter ending September 30, based upon nearly completed returns for July, partial returns for August and estimating the business for September will be about $1,450,000, add surplus July 1, $4,324,004; total $5,774,004. From which, appropriating for interest on bonded debt, $138,708; sinking fund, $80,000; leaves a balance of $5,630,296. It requires for a dividend of 1¼ per cent on the capital stock, $1,199,842, deducting which, leaves a surplus of $4,430,393. In view of the preceding statements, the committee recommend that a dividend of 1¼ per cent on the capital stock of the company be declared payable on or after the 15th of October next, to stockholders of record at the close of the transfer books on the 19th of September, and that for the purpose of the annual meeting of stockholders to be held on the 14th of October, and of the dividend declared, the stock books of the company will be closed at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the 19th of September, and be reopened on the morning of the 16th of October.

A TRAGIC SEQUEL.

An Elopement in Georgia Ends in a Bloody Battle.

ATLANTA, GA., September 10.—The city is in a state of excitement over a terrible tragedy which occurred here last night, and which resulted in the mortal wounding of three men, John and Matthew Maxwell and John R. Shelton. John and Matthew Maxwell are father and son, and Shelton was the husband of Ida Maxwell, having eloped with and married her yesterday, thus precipitating the fight. John Maxwell has three daughters, the second, Ida, being 18 years of age. She was quite a belle and had many admirers, among whom was Shelton, a young man of good family, but of reckless habits. Yesterday it was discovered that an elopement had been planned, and steps were taken to prevent it, but the young lady succeeded and was married at 6 o'clock in the evening. The two Maxwells armed themselves and went to Shelton's home and demanded the girl. Shelton appeared with a hatchet and struck Matthew, felling him to the ground. He then seized a pistol. He and John Maxwell both fired together, and all three fell in a heap. Shelton and Matthew Maxwell will certainly die, and it is extremely probable that John Maxwell's wounds will prove fatal.

A Pleasant Event.

Last evening the residence of Mrs. Flack, at Lebanon, Ill., was brilliantly illuminated, the occasion being the marriage of her daughter, Miss Amy Flack, to Mr. W. T. Carr, a young druggist of Trenton, Ill. Rev. Lyman Marshall performed the ceremony. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties, with a few exceptions, were present. Numerous handsome presents attested the affection of friends. It was midnight before the party separated, the newly married couple driving over to their new home in Trenton.

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...CAR-LOAD RATE.

...Between the Railroad Com... and Wholesale Grocers.

St. Louis Merchants Urge the ...olition of the Car-Load Rate—... City and St. Joseph Grocers ...—Speeches by Messrs. Nich... ..., Holmes and Peck of St. Louis ...Secretary Kelly's Resolution.

...to the Post-Dispatch.

...City, Mo., September 10.—The Whole... Grocers' Association, accompanied by a ... representative of the Post-Dispatch ... here this morning over the Missouri Pacific ... special Pullman car Waco. The party con... ... President Peter Nicholson, John ... Wm. A. Scudder, Conrad Fink, ... Roth, Wm. Trauernicht, S. J. Peck, ... Burnham, O. N. Schmidt, Chas. Gildehaus, ... E. Hayward and Secretary Kelly of the Ex... Transportation Committee. It had been ... that some representative of the hardware ... would be present, but none ap... Mr. Emerson of the Missouri ... saw the party off at ... to St. Louis, but was unable to accompany ... shortly after breakfast, which was taken at ...

...FUNERAL MEETING WAS HELD ... and a programme for the day arranged. ... delegates, one by one, straggled up ... to the Capitol. It was fully ... been all gathered together in the office ... Commissioners. The gentlemen ... Joseph and Kansas City entered the room ... ...ers that hour. Those composing the ... were: W. B. Grimes, J. G. ... Willis, J. N. Nave, and ... or from Kansas City, and ... Smith, J. W. Waller and C. A. ... Joseph. Two wholesale merchants ... Mo., L. W. Hubbell and N. M. Roun... present. At just 10 o'clock Chair... called the meeting to order and ... Secretary Kelly, who explained ... for which the meeting was called.

MR. NICHOLSON ...peech. He said he believed the ... and that its abolition would ... and that its rights. St. Louis ... d, were open to conviction. ... that the discussion take the ...uestions and answers."

MR. HOLMES ...also briefly. He said he was ...onal interest. If the carload ...s on coffee, why not on coffins? ...to ascertain whether the ...heapened groceries; if so ... give his full support to a move... ...ishment of carload rates on dry ... and shoes. Mr. Holmes referred ... with Mr. Spencer of the ... the Kansas City Journal ... proves that the consumer ... the carload rate. Even if the ...mmer did now divide his big profit ...ener, would he do so after he had ... and Chicago out of what he termed ...

MR. PECK ...e said the joint western classification ...d flagrant violation of the Constitu... ...understood to divide off certain ... apportion it to Kansas City. This ... anti-railroad war, as he under... ...but he believed that the ... had been threatened with the ... Missouri River jobbers if ... St. Louis people in this movement. ...observed this policy as nothing less than ...

MR. SCUDDER ...d. He said that New York houses ... to St. Louis retailers every day. ... York was entitled to competition with St. ...merchants, she had a right to competition in ...ouis City, and so had St. Louis. He held that ...abolishment of the carload rate would bring ...petition and low prices.

SECRETARY KELLY ...ened up this line of argument and plumped at ...Missouri River jobbers the question, "Why ... St. Louis be barred from competition in ...territory? If Kansas City has a right ... refused it to them, then let ... ...ers to step in.

MR. HAYS ... called on to answer on ... city. He seemed to him ...at the people of the city ...Louis were arrayed as plaintiffs ...urt with the whole people of Missouri ... He admitted Mr. Holmes' argu... ...carload rates should exist on dry goods. ... Everybody familiar with the ... business, he said, knew that it cost almost ... much to transport one small individual ...kage as a whole carload. Kansas City was big ...ough, he said, to take care of itself. It was ... ...ake, consequently, to ...

...he said that it was in the interest of the State to ... the carload rate, as it built ...lobbing towns. From the East, he ... the carload rate prevailed. On demand of ...complained that this was from Chicago ...ls only on most goods. Should a change ... made, he said, the people of Kansas ...compelled to move three quarters of ... ...

MR. WILLIS ...that the consumer got the benefit. ... He asked whether it was to the ...de of the West to be compelled ... rates to increase the rev... ...ds. He called atte... ...to Secretary Kelly's ... showing that the change of ... would increase the railroads' earn... This communication was addressed to the ...railroads in the Western Railway Association. Mr. ...Hayes here attempted to go outside the discussion, ...was brought back by the Commissioners. He then ...goodness' figures showing that to Moberly, ...Fourth class, the rate from St. Louis, 143 miles, was ...0 cents, and from Kansas City, 129 miles, 18 cents. ...To Sedalia St. Louis had the benefit of a fifth class ...ssup rate and Kansas City had none. Missouri ...goods.

DISCRIMINATED IN FAVOR OF ST. LOUIS. ...It was only when St. Louis tried to pirate in their ...territory, however, that they raised any objection. ...Secretary Kelly asked the speaker why St. Louis ...should grant Kansas City anything. Take the ...whole matter—on that article there was a differ... ...of $120 a car in favor of Kansas City. ...Was that all given to the consumer? Was the ...difference on hardware given to the consumer?

MR. WILLIS ...of Kansas City asked the Railroad Commissioners ...whether they represented the people of the State of ...Missouri. Mr. Pratt answered that he represented ...the State and the Railroad Commissioners were ...to decide this question only as it concerned the ...interests of the whole people and not of the people ...of some localities. Mr. Holmes made the point ...that this was a matter of discrimination under ...commission. Mr. Pratt replied that that was a matter ...of law. An animated discussion here occurred as to ...whether this was a controversy between St. Louis, ...Kansas City and St. Joseph, or a discussion of what ...was for the benefit of the people of the State. The ...Kansas City people avoided all questions, and laid ...down the broad principle that the rights ...of the people of St. Louis were not to ...be considered except in common with the rights of a ...majority of the people of the State. Secretary ...Kelly endeavored to get at the point at issue, the ...right of the railroad to charge more on small lots. ...He attempted to bring out the opin... ...of the Kansas City people on ...the additional cost of transportation, handling, etc., ...but the point was avoided. Mr. Nave asserted that ...he would not only had a right to charge additional ...rates, but something more in the interests of the ...people of the State. A position he did not attempt ...to demonstrate.

SEVERAL WARMLY PARTICIPATED ...in the discussion between Mr. Kelly and the delegates from ...Kansas City, and there should be ...mentioned which there was ...and the appeared to ...parties could agree. ...discussion of the el... ...ough the St. Louis ...nonents persist in ...Joseph whipped the ...t a lively rate. St. ...was a straight- ...Louis and ...think the com... ...ity by going into ...Kansas City was ...ign, and indulged ...th no effect, apparent... ...In fact, the ...missioners had had ...of St. Louis, he was ...ast they were very ...they asked. Finally, ...Mr. Kelly offered ...resolution: ...atives of the mer... ...Kansas City and St. ...named to the Joint ...tee that carload and ...articles, boots and ...caps, agricultural ...hardware and ...ade on the ...t the carload rate ...railroad rate be ...sufficient to cover ...the cost of billing ...and risk of ...ds that does ...not obtain in the shipment of straight carloads, and for any space lost in the car by reason of the freight being loaded in mixed carloads that would not be lost when shipments are loaded in straight car loads."

DISCUSSION AND ADJOURNMENT. ...There was considerable discussion as to ...whether a resolution could be introduced, ...and, on the suggestion of Chairman Pratt, the ...meeting adjourned to 3 o'clock. The St. Louis ...delegation will meet meantime, and decide on the ...adoption of the Kelly resolution, as representing ...their sentiments. The object now is to obtain an ...agreed basis on which to work before the Joint ...Western Classification Committee. It is not at all ...probable that the commissioners will take any ...action.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

Re-Election of Old Officers.—Resolutions Eulogistic of General Grant.

CHICAGO, September 10.—The society of the Army of the Tennessee held an adjourned meeting this forenoon, General Sherman presiding. The committee appointed recommended that the next meeting be held at Rock Island, September 15 and 16, 1886, which was concurred in. General A. L. Chetlain of Chicago was chosen as the orator, with Major-General Force of Cincinnati as alternate. Gen. Sherman and the other officers of the society were re-elected. The committee appointed to draft resolutions upon the death of Gen. Grant submitted the following, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, On July 23, 1885, Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, the first commander of the Army of the Tennessee, departed this life; and,

WHEREAS, The members of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, animated by their love of their old commander, who was a member of this society, desire to give expression to their feelings of admiration of his character and services and profound sorrow at his death; therefore

Resolved, That his achievements in the war of the rebellion gave him the unquestioned leadership of the mighty host of patriot men who fought for and saved the Union. In great emergencies in the crisis of battle he was so self-reliant, so self-possessed, filled with such unquailing courage and so fertile of resources, that he was the master spirit of that great struggle, and the army and the people learned to repose absolute confidence in his skill, his courage, his wisdom and his prudence. His equal triumph in arms was marked and crowned by a magnanimity to the vanquished unparalleled in the history of war. As President of the United States he met and dealt with the most difficult and baffling problems of government and statecraft, both domestic and foreign, and his wisdom, firmness and moderation caused their settlement in the interest of the honor, the peace and the repose of the country. He was a man of unfailing kindness of heart, of guileless friendship and of singular simplicity and purity of character.

Resolved, That in his death this nation lost its first and greatest citizen, and that the love and gratitude now felt for his great services will increase with coming years, upon the nation's pedestal the hearts of the people will sit forever in repose the forms of Washington, Lincoln and Grant.

Resolved, That the Society of the Army of the Tennessee extends to the widow and family of General Grant our heartfelt sympathy in this hour of their great bereavement.

A resolution was adopted requesting the Secretary of War to change the location of the statue of General Rawlins in the City of Washington to a more eligible location.

A committee was appointed to confer with the Secretary of War upon the subject.

Adjourned sine die.

THE ILLINOIS CAPITOL.

Bids for Completing the State House at Springfield.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., September 10.—A large crowd of contractors were attracted to the Capitol to-day to put in their bids for the various classes of work in completing the State House, and to witness the opening of the bids, which took place at 12 o'clock. As the time approached it was seen that all had not got their bids in, and the Commissioners moved the office clock back fifteen minutes, so that it was 12:15 ere the bids were all in, and the polls were closed. For the various styles of work there are about thirty-five bidders. Wm. Mason, of Chicago, the first bid opened, bids on all classes of work, excepting painting, and decorating, aggregating about $334,000. This, at least, will leave a large portion of the appropriation for furnishing the other work. The most of the afternoon will be consumed in considering the bids. The contracts will not be awarded until after the Supreme Court passes upon the validity of the contracts entered into by the former Board of Commissioners.

THE ROCK SPRINGS RIOT.

Trouble Feared on Account of the Return of Many Chinese.

ROCK SPRINGS, Wy. T., September 10.—This town has a very warlike appearance to-day and the strong feeling has been intensified by the arrival of 700 Cinnamen who were protected by four companies of troops. This increases the number of troops here to six companies. The new arrivals have been quartered in the freight sheds and a strong cordon of sentinels has been established. The feeling against the Union Pacific is very bitter, for the white miners claim that the railroad has broken its promise to allow Beswith, Quinn & Co. to employ no more Chinese. The intention now is to freeze out the white miners by employing none but Chinese and when the whites have left the troops will be withdrawn. In view of these circumstances it is feared that there will be serious trouble in very few days. Governor Warren left yesterday and at the depot was assailed with hoots and hisses and the soldiers in camp have been assailed by volleys of stones.

A dispatch from Cheyenne states that Lieutenant-Colonel Wyman has issued for reinforcements for the troops at Rock Springs, as he anticipates serious trouble. A dispatch from Seattle also states that a fight between Indians and white men attacked the Chinese hop pickers at that point, killing two and wounding four.

TOSSED ON THE WAVES.

Great Damage to Shipping on Lake Huron by the Recent Storms.

DETROIT, September 10.—Reports from Lake Huron indicate that the storm of Tuesday and yesterday was the heaviest that has been experienced for years. From Oscoda it is reported that the Susan Ward, the Keepsake and the barge Wyandotte were almost broken to pieces by the waves. All of them have broken from their moorings and have sunk in a few feet of water. The barge S. E. Marvin, valued at $36,000, dragged her anchors, and fears for her safety were entertained. Other vessels are on the lake, but their fate is unknown. A small schooner, Erie Wave, the steam barges R. Wallace and Garden City lost their tows, and are in Sand Beach Harbor. A large black schooner, with three spars and no top-masts, went ashore at Whitestone Point yesterday afternoon, and a heavy sea is breaking completely over her.

WINDBOUND VESSELS CLEARING. CHICAGO, September 10.—The fierce gale which for the past three days has constantly swept Lake Michigan has at last abated, and the vast fleet windbound at this point to-day began to clear.

SEDALIA'S EXPOSITION.

A Fine Day and Large Attendance—The Races This Afternoon.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SEDALIA, Mo., September 10.—The day is fine and the attendance at the Exposition very large. All incoming trains, with several specials, brought heavy loads of people from surrounding towns to the Exposition. The business houses of the city close this afternoon to give business men a chance to attend, and it is expected the crowd will be larger this afternoon than was ever in attendance at former Expositions. The races this afternoon will be a first-for-all heat, purse $500; a free-for-all pace, purse $320; four-year-old trot, purse $100; three quarter mile dash, purse $175.

SUBSTANTIAL CHARITY.

Arranging for the Relief of the Sufferers at Washington Court House.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, September 10.—The Chamber of Commerce has appointed a committee of Ten of which J. H. Stewart, general manager of the Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore Road, is treasurer, to collect funds for the relief of sufferers from the tornado at Washington Court House. The Adams and the Baltimore and Ohio Express, and the Midland and Little Miami roads offer to carry all goods free of charge. One business firm has telegraphed Mayor Earley to draw upon them for $500.

Death of Hon. Scott Lord.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., September 10.—Hon. Scott Lord, of New York, died at Morris Plains at 10:30 this morning.

THAT LITTLE ISLAND.

Bismarck's Plans for the Annexation of the Carolines.

Spain Warned in Time of the Increasing German Influence in the Pacific—The British Steamer Auckland Run Down by a German Gunboat—Lord Randolph Churchill's Break-Down—Foreign News.

MADRID, September 10.—A patriotic demonstration has been held at Malaga. Twelve thousand persons were present.

THE HOME GOVERNMENT WARNED. The Spanish Viceroy and officers at Manilla, the capital city of the island of Luzon, and all of the Philippine Islands, and at other places in the Pacific Ocean, have for many years called the attention of the home Government to the increasing German influence in the Pacific.

THE CABINET COUNCIL. It is expected that the Cabinet Council to-day will discuss and approve of a reply to Germany respecting the Carolines affair. General Lopez Dominguez urges all parties to forget their differences and unite in the defense of their country.

Senor Castelar counsels the Opposition party to exercise prudence, and advocates a union of the Latin races to counteract the daggers of Germany's colonial policy.

BISMARCK'S PLANS. LONDON, September 10.—Prince Bismarck, after a long discussion with the members of German houses having a large Pacific trade, prepared plans some months ago for the occupation by Germany of the principal islands of the Marshal, Pelew, Gilbert and Caroline groups.

NO REPLIES FROM SPAIN. BERLIN, September 10.—It is semi-officially announced that Spain has not yet replied to Germany's suggestion to refer the Caroline question to a friendly Power for arbitration. Nor has Spain replied to Germany's demand for reparation for the insult to the Germany Ambassy at Madrid on Saturday last.

England.

DECLINED TO STATE HIS INTENTIONS. LONDON, September 10.—Mr. Gladstone was called upon by a deputation of private citizens desiring to learn if he intended leading the Liberals in the coming electoral campaign. Mr. Gladstone declines to state his intentions.

MR. CROSS STARTS FOR AMERICA. Mr. John K. Cross, Member of Parliament for Bolton, started for the United States to inquire into industrial questions in connection with the present depression in Great Britain. He is accompanied by his son.

THE GRAND TRUNK. The Daily News says that in consequence of soreness over the absence of a dividend on the Grand Trunk guaranteed and preference stocks, efforts are being made to form a new board of directors.

MISS VAN ZANDT'S RUSSIAN ENGAGEMENT. Miss Van Zandt has been engaged to appear in opera at Moscow during the coming winter. She will receive $500 for each performance.

A FATAL ENMITY. The Daily News says the absence of a dividend on the Grand Trunk guaranteed and preference stocks is chiefly chargeable to the fatal enmity of Sir Henry Tyler, president of the Grand Trunk Railway, towards the Canadian Pacific Railway.

RAN DOWN A GERMAN GUNBOAT. A Copenhagen dispatch says the British steamer Auckland has collided with and sunk the German gunboat Hitz. The fate of the crew is not known.

THE AUCKLAND SUNK. A later dispatch from Copenhagen about the collision between the steamer Auckland and the German gunboat Hitz, states that it was the Auckland that was sunk, and not the Hitz, as was previously reported. Nothing is yet known as to the fate of the Auckland's crew.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL VERY ILL. The health of Lord Randolph Churchill, Secretary of State for India, has given away under the strain of his official duties and the part he has taken in the Parliamentary campaign. All of his Lordship's political engagements have been cancelled in accordance with the imperative demands of his physicians.

GLADSTONE SUFFERING. Mr. Gladstone is suffering from an attack of lumbago which has confined him to his house.

Ireland.

DEVELOPING IRELAND'S RESOURCES. BELFAST, September 10.—The Harbor Commissioners gave a banquet last evening to the Earl of Carnarvon. The Earl made a long speech, in the course of which he said it was time to reject sentiment and institute a close and searching inquiry into the relative merits of free trade and protection. He had been struck by the vast natural resources of the west of Ireland that remained undeveloped, owing to the absence of railways and markets. It was a question whether the Government should aid in the development of these resources, but the circumstances of Ireland were similar to those colonies where such aid had been given with advantage.

ARCHBISHOP WALSH'S PROTEST. DUBLIN, September 10.—Archbishop Walsh, speaking at Castle Knock, to-day protested against depriving Catholic children of state aid in their education.

CORNWALL REFUSED A PENSION. LONDON, September 10.—It is reported that the Government has refused a pension to Mr. Cornwall, ex-secretary of the General Post Office, Dublin, because he refuses to continue his aid in for libel against Mr. Wm. O'Brien, M. P., and editor of United Ireland.

AIDING THE BANK OF IRELAND. The Bank of Ireland has received another £500,000 from the Bank of England to enable it to meet any extra demand that may be made upon it.

South America.

TWO FELONS EXECUTED. VALPARAISO, September 10.—Two felons were executed in the suburbs of Concepcion yesterday in the presence of thousands of spectators. The ladies of Concepcion petitioned the President to commute the sentences, but he refused to interfere.

THE PRESIDENCY OF CHILI. SANTIAGO DE CHILI, September 10.—Via Galveston.—The Committee of Liberals from the Upper and Lower Houses have named Marcial Gonzales for President. It was also decided to invite committees from the Radical and National parties to unite with them in formulating the basis of a convention. Most of the members of the Radical-Liberal party advise the organization of a committee of all classes and opinions for the selection of a candidate for the Presidency of the Republic. The press applauds the proposal.

MOURNING FOR GRANT IN PERU. LIMA, September 10.—Official intelligence having been received of the death of Gen. Grant, the flags on the Government buildings were at half mast on Tuesday.

LEFT FOR NEW ORLEANS. Colonel Bairoma, special commissioner for the New Orleans Exhibition, left this city on Tuesday.

France.

THE PANAMA CANAL SHARES. PARIS, September 10.—M. De Lesseps is bringing the influence of powerful financial houses to obtain the authority from the Government for the issue of Panama Canal shares. Premier Brisson adheres to the proposition that no decision shall be given until after the elections.

SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED. HAVRE, September 10.—The new steamer of the General Trans-Atlantic Company's fleet was successfully launched to-day.

Germany.

THE INTERVIEW AT CARLSRUHE. BERLIN, September 10.—Emperor William and Crown Prince Frederick William have gone to Carlsruhe.

BATTENBERG'S RESIGNATION. The Military Gazette announces that Prince Henry of Battenberg has resigned from the army.

COMPELLED THE PRISONERS TO RETIRE. A number of French officers, who were trying to witness the maneuvers of the German Guards, were compelled to retire.

Egypt.

EXPOSING BRITISH VICE. CAIRO, September 10.—The Independence Egyptienne has pinpointed the walls of Cairo, inviting those who wish to study the purity of British morals to read the account of the Pall Mall Gazette's foul assertion on London vice.

Austro-Hungary.

A FATAL DUEL. VIENNA, September 10.—A special dispatch from Pesth says that Count Paul Festetics has killed M. Perczel, son of the ex-minister of the Hungarian Parliament. It was first reported that M. Perczel died of illness.

The Dominion.

DISCOVERY OF COPPER. PORT COMMON, ONT., September 10.—The steamer Erie Wave was obliged to put into this port on account of heavy weather. While the boat was lying here Captain Hanford, who was mooring on the wharf, and a young man named Strange, who was a passenger, were drowned. Captain Hanford and three of the crew hung to the wreck and were rescued by the steam barge Indiana.

THE SMALL-POX. MONTREAL, September 10.—The official statement of the Health Department to-day shows there were thirty-four new cases of small pox reported yesterday, of which 17 were authenticated. There were five deaths in the city.

The Cholera.

DEATHS AT TOULON. TOULON, September 10.—There were four deaths from cholera in this city last night.

IN FRANCE. PARIS, September 10.—There were two deaths from cholera at Solan yesterday, two at Nimes and three at Bellegarde.

COTTON AND SPRING WHEAT.

Report of the Department of Agriculture for September.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 10.—The September report of the Department of Agriculture shows the prevalence of hot and dry weather during August, except in Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida. Shedding of bolls and decrease of vitality have resulted quite generally. The drought has been serious in Texas and Arkansas and quite general in Western Tennessee, Southern Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas. The caterpillar has caused much damage in Southern Texas, Arkansas and in Central and Southern Alabama. Its prevalence is noted throughout Central and Southern Georgia with small effect as yet. The boll worm is causing much damage in the black belt of Alabama and in Arkansas and Texas. The condition has declined in every State. The average is 87, against 95½ in August. Last year it was 89 in September and 87 in August. The present average is two points above the September average of ten years.

The figures for the several States are as follows; Virginia, 88; North Carolina, 86; South Carolina, 88; Georgia, 91; Florida, 90; Alabama, 85; Mississippi, 89; Louisiana, 90; Texas, 82; Arkansas, 83; Tennessee, 87. Generally plants are vigorous and capable with favorable autumn weather of an ample growth and boll developed. In districts most infested with cotton worms, the loss is irreparable and still threatening.

CONDITION OF SPRING WHEAT. The condition of spring wheat has been impaired since the first of August, in the Northwest, the district of principal productions. Heavy rains were followed by extreme heat between the first and middle of August, just before harvest, shriveling the grain and causing rust. Heavy wind storms prostrated and injured large areas. In Nebraska there is some complaint of smut, and a little in Dakota. Chinch bugs have done some damage in Wisconsin and Minnesota. The damage was greater in August than in July. The averages are: For Wisconsin 77, a loss of 8 points; Minnesota 78, a loss of 5; Dakota 95, a loss of 4; Iowa 88, a loss of 7 points. Northern New England, Colorado and the Territories are nearly or quite up to 100. The general average for all spring wheat is 86½ against 95 in August. The crop of last year was 156,000,000 bushels. The returns of winter wheat are almost identical in results with those of July.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE. There is a slight advance in Michigan, Texas, Maryland and some other States, and a total of two decrease in several. The general average is 83.8, against 95 in July. Except as the result of the spring may change present expectations, the winter wheat area may be placed at 217,000,000 bushels, and the remaining area about 134,000,000. If injuries reported in the stock should prove to be greater than at present apparent, a few millions of reduction might still accrue. The condition of corn still continues high, ranging from 90 to 100 in State averages. The general average is 95, against 96 in August. It was 94 last year in September. Frosts have wrought very little injury, and will be capable of little if deferred ten days. The prospect is still favorable for a crop slightly above the average.

TARIFF REFORM.

Representative Mills' Tariff Bill to Be Introduced Next session.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 10.—Representative Mills, it is reported here, has been engaged during the entire summer in the preparation of a tariff bill which he purposes introducing soon after the convening of Congress. It is stated that the measure will provide for the reduction of the revenue to such a sum as is necessary to cover the economical expenses. It is proposed that this revenue shall be derived in the main from that class of taxable articles known as luxuries, and that the taxation on the necessities of life shall be reduced to the lowest possible sum.

Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 10.—The President to-day appointed Rensselaer Stone to Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Illinois in place of Joel D. Harvey, suspended.

Informal Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 10.—An informal meeting of the Cabinet was held at the White House to-day. Those present were Secretaries Bayard, Lamar and Manning.

BANKER BRAINERD.

The Vermonter in Hiding at Winnipeg, Manitoba—Arresting His Abductors.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, September 10.—It is understood here that Brainerd, the kidnaped Vermont banker who escaped, is in hiding here. He cannot be found. Great indignation is felt at the disclosure of the fact that he was picked up on the streets, a pistol put to his head, forced into a carriage and driven to Crookstone, Minn., in a close carriage, making 110 miles the first day. The arrest of two parties who helped in the kidnaping is expected this evening.

Pretty Slick Work.

ST. PAUL, MINN., September 10.—The escape of Brainerd, the defaulter from Boston, from detectives in the Minneapolis depot, is the sensation of the day here. The detectives from Boston now claim that Detectives O'Connor of St. Paul and Page of Chicago connived at the escape. The latter say they had a writ of habeas corpus but failed to find their man. The whole thing is a mystery, but is regarded as slick work.

SUFFERED LIKE GRANT.

Col. William Sirwell Dies of Cancer of the Throat.

PITTSBURG, PA., September 10.—Col. William Sirwell, who commanded the Seventy-eighth Pennsylvania Regiment during the late war, died last night at his residence in Kittanning, Pa., from cancer of the throat, his symptoms being an exact counterpart of those of General Grant. He was born in the Arsenal in this city in 1830.

DISCUSSED REPORTS.

To-Day's Meeting of the American Pharmaceutical Association.

PITTSBURG, September 10.—The entire session of the American Pharmaceutical Association meeting to-day was devoted to the reading and discussion of reports and scientific papers. This afternoon the delegates visited Davis' Island Dam, the Penitentiary and Braddock's Field. To-night a banquet will be tendered them of the Monongahela House.

Prohibition Convention.

WORCESTER, MASS., September 10.—The Prohibition Convention was called to order this forenoon by George Kempton, Chairman of the State Committee, and he was made temporary Chairman. Mr. Kempton in his address dwelt that the cause of prohibition had been checked in any section of the country, and claimed that great progress had been made. Organization was effected by electing Rev. J. W. Hamilton president.

LATHROP NOMINATED. The Prohibition State Convention nominated by acclamation Thomas J. Lathrop of Taunton for Governor.

A Fatal Drink.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Moses Froelich, 37 years old, of 200 Second avenue, walked into a police station early this morning and told the Sergeant that he had drank a small quantity of carbolicic acid from a cup which he supposed contained water, while at the factory in Canal street. Froelich died soon after his removal to the hospital.

Gold Has Wings.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

EAGLE TRACK, CO., September 10.—In the first race a mile and a quarter, gold dust, won by six lengths, Roger Bowman second and Clay William third. Time, 2:16.

Commodore Perry's Statue.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 10.—The statue of Commodore Perry was unveiled this afternoon with imposing ceremonies.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

In Re, Gannon the Lucky Man—Customs Horse Case—Notes.

For several days past it has been considered a fact that Mr. E. Gannon of Smithton had received the appointment of Inspector of the Internal Revenue, and aspiring politicians here who had worked hard and brought strong influence to bear in order to secure the position had already begun to look for another appointment. Mr. Gannon had never been considered an applicant for the position, and when the news that he had been appointed was given out, there was great disappointment in many quarters, and those who were thought to have been mainly influential in securing his appointment were condemned in unmeasured terms for ignoring the claims of applicants in this city and in Belleville. But, although there are many reasons for believing that Mr. Gannon will be selected, there is a strong probability that he has as yet received no definite promise that he will be appointed. It was ascertained that a few days ago W. R. Morrison called Mr. Gannon to his home in Waterloo and had a conference with him, the nature of which, of course, is not known. Many thought, however, that Gannon had received assurance that he would receive the appointment of Revenue Inspector, and he himself confirmed the general impression by declining a position on a Belleville paper, which he had only a few days before his conference with Mr. Morrison decided to accept. This was thought to be conclusive evidence that he had been appointed, and the numerous other applicants ceased to hope. Yesterday, however, a letter was received by a local politician from Morrison in reference to the matter, which shows that he has not yet committed himself to any one. Mr. Morrison says that the talk about Gannon having been appointed is decidedly too premature, and the inference which one would naturally take from the letter is that the appointment is not at all unlikely to be given to an East St. Louisan after all.

Alderman Sisen is greatly improved and is confident of being able to appear in court at Guion's preliminary examination on the 18th inst. He says that the talk about his not prosecuting is absurd, and that he intends to make the man who attempted to take his life suffer the penalty of the law. He was not able to appear in court yesterday. He expresses himself as determined, nevertheless, to appear on the 18th, and says that if he is not able to walk, he will be driven there rather than have people say that for certain reasons he will not dare to prosecute.

The case of Stoddard & Son of Fayette County vs. Theodore Schireck was tried this morning in the City Court and a judgment for one cent in favor of the plaintiffs rendered. The case is an interesting one. Sometime ago Stoddard & Son obtained judgment in Fayette County against a man named Anderson Hall for $16, but the latter skipped without making payment. Learning that Hall had taken two horses along with him, the Stoddards telegraphed to Constable Schireck of this city to get out a writ of attachment against Hall, and compel him to pay the $16, or else sell one of the horses to satisfy the claim. Schireck, acting under these instructions watched for Hall, and when the latter came to this city, the animals which he had had in his possession were attached by the Constable. Hall was unable to satisfy the claim of the Stoddards, and also that of the Constable to take possession of the horses. Constable Schireck took the horses and quartered them at Benner's livery stable, where they remained for over a month before they were sold, and when sold for $80. At a sale was made the Constable only received $80 for both of them. After paying the lawyers, the livery stable keeper and himself, he found that instead of being able to send the Stoddards $16, the amount of their claim against Hall, that they were in debt to him for $6, and he handed them the money accordingly. To say that the firm of Stoddard & Son was incensed would be putting it mild. They immediately sent down a representative and entered suit against the Constable, whom they felt had treated them shamefully. The case was decided by jury this morning with the result given above.

Chief of Police Duncan of Centralia, Ill., sent word to Chief Halloran last night that a black mare and top buggy had been stolen from a prominent resident there on Tuesday night. The thief is supposed to have come in this direction.

A motion for a new trial in the case of Bray vs. Ponsiby, in which judgment was rendered for the defendant, was overruled this morning in the City Court.

Eureka Lodge, Knights of Pythias, meets this evening.

Mr. W. D. Griswold says with reference to the threat to leave East St. Louis in darkness, that he is in sustance the East St. Louis Gas Company and the Gas Company. No eruption exists or seems immiuent between the company and the City Council; the managers of the company have not demanded their money because they know that it would avail them nothing. The company has not threatened to shut off the gas and leave the city in darkness; if the lamps are taken down it will be without threats. The assertion that Mayor Joyce is watching the lamps may be true, Mr. Griswold says, but he does not know it. Neither Mr. Joyce nor the citizens have made any complaint about the non-lighting of the lamps, which is done by a number of boys under special orders to do it promptly and well, and are paid for so doing and are discharged when they fail to do it. The want of police protection results in the breakage of many of the lamps, and the moon controls the hours of lighting the lamps. The contract with the city calls for prompt monthly payments, and these payments are now three months in arrears, and he has also four months' bills for lighting police stations and public buildings.

RENTS to good advantage when through ads they're whispered low.

LEGAL DOINGS.

Features of New Suits Entered To-Day for the October Term.

The Collector is bringing suits for the unpaid taxes of 1883. Thirteen suits were filed this afternoon by James Butler, who takes the place of R. Jonas as attorney for the Collector in this class of cases.

Eyre, Evans & Co. entered suit this afternoon against Thomas Rhodes to recover $27,000 on account of moneys loaned, etc.

George J. Barnett & Son filed suit this afternoon against J. D. MacAdaras to recover $2,983 65, the balance of an account for plans and specifications and services rendered in building, construction and alterations.

Almy & Co., through Charles Claflin Allen, filed suit this afternoon against Henry Duncker, Julius Senerck and Ed M. Kirtland, to recover $543, the balance of an account.

There was a hearing before the Master to-day in the matter of the car wheel company's claim against the Texas and St. Louis Railroad.

Suit on a mechanic's lien was filed this afternoon by Leopold Methudy and George Meyer against August Wiedenbroker and Chris. J. Dorn to recover 324 27 for building materials supplies.

Schulenburg & Boeckeler entered suit to-day against George Parker and Thos. Gunn to recover a balance due on notes.

Alexander Martin has entered suit against Julius Walsh, as executor of the late Marie Chambers to recover a fee for legal services rendered by the firm of Martin & Lackland.

BARbers, seeking mugs to mow, Advertise, and in they flow.

Amusement Notes.

The All-Stars Specialty Company is presenting an excellent variety programme at the Casino.

The sales of seats for the regular opening of the People's, with the Real Bigger Marion Combination, for "Muggy Landing" at Lope's and Paulina Markham at the Standard opened to-day.

The sale of seats for Nat. C. Goodwin's opening engagement at the Grand Opera House commenced this morning at 9 o'clock, at the box office of the Olympic. There were several people at the window before the hour for the sale began, but there was no rush for seats. The sale, however, was steady all day and was large enough to warrant the prediction of a big house on the opening night, next Monday. By noon about half of the parquette seats and the first two rows of the dress circle had been taken for Monday night, and a good many seats had been secured for other nights during the week. The management look for the rush to begin Monday morning. The theater has not yet been entirely finished, but readiness in every respect is promised by the hour for opening.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Marriage licenses were granted to-day as follows: Albert Burgess, 26 years, 710 N. Fourteenth street, and Mary Thomas, 25 years. Barry, 35, Alexander Smith, 28 years, 200 Morgan street, and Marie F. Repetto, 20 years, 617 N. Eighth street; John A. Dietz, 21 years, 1020 N. Sixteenth street, and Jessie Woods, 21 years, 1020 N. Sixteenth street; Oswald Frank, 39 years, 707 S. Second street, and Babette Rent, 30 years, 707 S. Second street; William H. Young, 26 years, Carondelet, Ill., and Jennie G. Weeks, 24 years, Carondelet, Ill.; Patrick Keefe, 35 years, 623 Gratiot street, and Ellen Kelly, 28 years, 623 Gratiot street; Charles E. Grund, 26 years, 620 Russell avenue, and Lena Rosemann, 20 years, 620 Russell avenue.

MAIL ROUTE ... Advertisers ... Choose this page to advertise on.

AFTER MORE FEES.

The Police Relief Association Desirous of Swelling its Relief Fund.

The Police Relief Association and the clerks of the Courts where members of the police department stand as witnesses are likely to come in collision at an early date through a demand which Secretary Donegan, of the association, intends to make for certain fees. Hitherto, when police officers have attended in any of the courts in an official capacity of the fees, when paid by the defendant in cases of conviction, have been placed to the credit of the Police Relief Association. It is understood that it is now the intention to make a demand upon the court clerks for the fees in cases where a conviction is not secured and the fees are paid by the city. The clerks will resist the demand, holding that the city already pays the officers for the time they spend in the court, and, hence, should not be obliged to pay them again for the same service, a view of the case which is likely to be taken by the courts, in the opinion of several minds who have given the problem attention.

Arrested on Description.

At about 1 o'clock this morning Mrs. Louis G. Leaman, who resides with her husband at 2710 Dickson street, was awakened by a noise in the next room, and, looking through an open door between the two rooms, she saw a man examining the premises by the light of matches he was burning. The noise she made scared the burglar away, when she went with her husband and hunted up Officer Meenan, whom she supplied with a description of the intruder, who was arrested shortly after by the officer, and proved to be Andrew C. Eider, who was lodged in jail to-day under a warrant.

Grain Litigation.

In Justice Ryan's Court the case of B. J. Switzer and P. B. McClaren against W. W. Caruthers & Co. was tried to-day. Switzer and McClaren bought a car of bran from Caruthers & Co. last winter, which turned out, on inspection, to be worthless. The plaintiffs demanded payment, which was refused, and they now sue him for damages to the full amount.

Excused From Jury Service.

The Jury Commissioner to day allowed the following claims for exemption from jury service: August Eisenhardt, over age; John W. Denning, over age; Maurice Hoffman, 717 Washington avenue, deaf; Jacob Buff, Swiss Consul; George Kyler, captain of the old volunteer fire brigade. William Dowling, publisher, claimed exemption on the ground that he is a missionary preacher, and it was allowed.

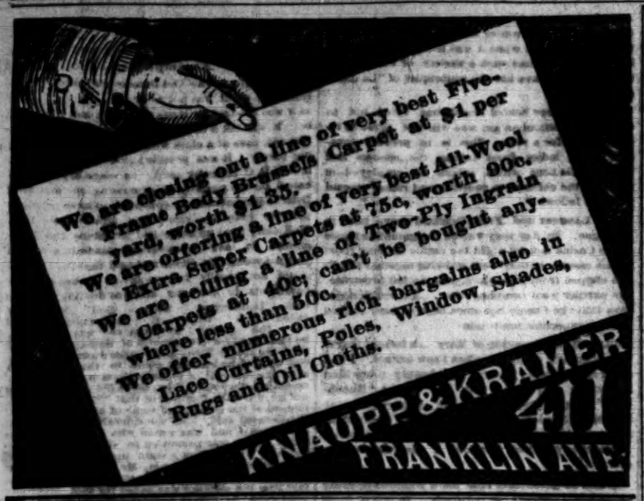
NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Capt. Harry W. Smith, local business manager of the United Order of Honor, resigned his position a few days ago.

Dr. Edward Borge of the North St. Louis Surgical Institute, Dr. A. C. Bernays and Dr. Louis Bauer of the St. Louis Eclectic College, Tenth and North Market streets, are in Evansville, Ind., in attendance at the Mississippi Valley Medical Association.

Mrs. Rosy McCarthy of East St. Louis reported to the police of the Third District that she lost a pocket-book containing $150. There were one twenty-dollar bills, and the balance in fives and tens. She thinks that she lost it as she got out of a wagon on Ninth street, between O'Fallon and Biddle streets.

The Social Turners have



IT DID OPEN!

THIS MORNING,

With the Biggest Rush Ever Known in the History of St. Louis. The

BANKRUPT STOCK

—OF THE—

ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE

Is being sold for a mere song, at the old stand. Call at once and have your choice of the finest.

L. & A. SCHARFF.

BELLEVILLE.

A Serious Affray Caused by Pigs—News and Notes.

John Mole, a miner who lives at Reeb's Station, was arrested this morning on complaint of Samuel March, who charges him with assault to kill and murder. The dwellings of the Moles and Marchs are close by each other, and heretofore the two families have been on amicable terms. The whole trouble grew out of some sociable pigs belonging to the Marchs. Last evening when Mole returned home from his work he discovered a number of the March porkers reclining in his flower garden, and the sight of the depredations they had made, set him into a paroxysm of rage. He procured a large fence stake and started to drive them off. Mr. March happened to step out of his residence while this was going on, and hurried to the rescue of his unfortunate pigs. He was highly indignant at Mole's action and some hot words ensued between them. Mole, also, was in a towering rage, and the men soon came to blows. Mole had still retained the fence picket, and when March rushed in on him, he succeeded in getting his right arm free long enough to bring down the stake with considerable force on March's head. The force of the blow felled March and Mole was about to depart when March's son and wife, who had witnessed what had takes place from a window, rushed out. Young March was in a frenzy when he saw the blood gushing from a wound in his father's head, and sprang at Mole like a madman. Mole was not unprepared, and caught the picket down on the young fellow's head with such force that the latter reeled and fell as if received a death blow. Mole then fled, and Mrs. March started to pursue with a hue and cry to attention of laborers who might be in adjoining fields, he hurled the murderous weapon at her striking her in the face and cut. The two injured men soon stun of the blows they had ne. Dr. Perryman was sent ds, which, though pain- younger March, are not officer was sent down e intelligence of the ceeded in arresting y trouble. He ive Chalmer took a charge of e the inability of is morning the Mole being re-

Fleischein and morning at St. ay the bridal n the northern w held. The ng among them Court House

Simon Meyer Sphaarm to Edward afternoon before

and a meeting this afternoon

rague and Miss Anna Stauder yesterday afternoon at St. Peter's ather Gerber officiating.

99 is never yelled at those Who in our "Wants" their wants disclose.

CASE OF SUICIDE.

of the Mysterious Case e Barracks.

al particulars to add to the ts finding of the dead near Jefferson Barras that of a white sandy hair and pper frock coat, shirt and He had on his of which was from the suicide. and pre- found his ch to kets and ose said for identified. Capt. Boyd that he e of suicide. A the body, but no indicate that the man manner other than by forty-eight hours before

CORRECTION COURT.

Disposed of by Judge Noonan To-Day.

nts and George Farrar were tried before oan to-day on a charge of assault and forced by Tom Murphy. The evidence Farrar was out riding with his girl e-Mile House, on Cass avenue, when he the buggy in which Mr. Murphy was fe for a drive. Mr. Murphy was nd he is hurt. Murphy ran and took Farrar's horse, in order to til the arrival of a police officer, and up to help him, but recognizing Farrar of the kind Murphy drew. While e ground the two men gave him a bad ey were fined $100 and costs each.

who gave the kicks?

an and John Boyd were tried on a ing a number of hides. The case was a pretty clear one, but the owner of the hides could not identify them and the prisoners were discharged. They made no claim upon the property, however, which was carried off by the man who could not identify it.

BLANDERED HIS EX-WIFE.

Joseph Zitka got divorced from his wife, Anna, about a year ago, and, finding that her condition of life was greatly improved by the separation, he sought to injure her by spreading abroad defamatory reports regarding her. Finally she had him arrested, but when he expressed penitence this morning Judge Noonan let him off with a fine of $1, conditioned upon his promising that he would not do it any more.

THE GENERAL MIX.

The following cases were also disposed of: Dick Jones, petty larceny, 4 months' Work House; Wm. Maher, alias Kid Maher, stealing 25 pairs of pants, held to answer in $300; Redmond O'Connell, petit larceny, 30 days in jail; Fred. Koenig, assault to kill upon John McCabe, held in $500; Thomas Maher, assault to kill, three months in the Work House; Eliza Page, assault to kill, nolle prosequi; Mary Hitter, keeping an improper house, continued generally; Mollie Robbins, lewd cohabitation, nolle prosequi; John Devanney, assault and battery, nolle prosequi.

THE DAILY BATCH.

Fourth-Class Postmasters Appointed by the Acting Postmaster-General.

Acting Postmaster-General Stevens to-day appointed the following named fourth-class postmasters:

PENNSYLVANIA—Glade Mills, Geo. Cooper; Franklin Forks, M. A. Blair; Orwell, James P. Cowles: Killinger, B. W. Holtzmann; Spruce Creek, Mrs. Esther Stebler; Glen Summit, Vincent R. Dana: Shade Gap; Wm. C. Swean; Cross Creek Village, Isaac M. Reed; Cameron, James Estes; Blacklick Station, John E. Kelly; Auburn, A. K. Balz; Pleasant Hill, Noah H. Kester; Bethel, Wm. D. Kline; Wernersville, James W. Deppen; Hamburg, Wm. Harris; Mt. Aetna, J. H. H. Bordner; Lock Crossroads, Wm. T. Kline; Utica, Edward Hughes; Beaver Springs, Isaac Weiser.

WEST VIRGINIA—Ellenborough, T. G. Strickler; Hazel, I. M. Martin; Vadisca, Eli Lovell; Higby, D. L. Casto.

DAKOTA—Walkerton, Jos. D. Manse.

MISSOURI—Mexico, Charleville Road, Windsor Mills, George H. Williams; Dellroy, Harvey Brown.

INDIANA—Orion, Wm. C. Chandler; Atkinson, Henry Rommel, jr.; Modoc, Geo. W. Hancock; Jacksonburgh, George A. Fagan.

ILLINOIS—Manhattan, Clare M. Baker; Elkhart, Thomas Brennan; Colfax, D. M. Mitchell; Prophetstown, John C. Paddock; Washburn, Christian Hoose; Gardner, G. G. Lover.

IOWA—Perry, T. J. Jones; Ayersville, P. H. Owens; Riceville, John J. Sloan; Elkader, D. H. Griffith; Laurel, F. A. Horton; Bromley, M. A. Edward.

CALIFORNIA—Cloverdale, John Field; Tekoma, L. H. Stratton; Nina Mills, Frank Lowe; Millville, Henry L. Martin.

OREGON—At North Yam Hill, John D. Edwards.

MISSOURI—Oregburg, Daniel W. Humphrey; Braman, Geo. W. Fullerton; Goshen, Marion Virden; Osceola, James Lisson.

NEBRASKA—Craig, James R. Davis; Phillips Station, Wm. Minnie Baker; Cedar Rapids, Landon W. Campbell; Chester, Stephen Foisdick; Plainview, Benjamin Steteon; Valley, J. W. Agee.

DAKOTA—Big Bottom, Thos. D. Fryer; Rockford, John W. Lapp; Cramer, Margaret Smith; Sterling, Jos. H. Cramm; Centennial Park, Mrs. Polly Travers.

White Must Go.

Judge McCormick of the United States District Court in Texas has been heard from at Chicago, and there will be no further delay in procuring a writ for the removal of Lucius White, the Brazilian-note counterfeiter, to Waco. He will leave in the custody of Jailor Siegmund at the close of the week.

CITY PERSONALS.

E. A. Smith, Commercial Agent of the Missouri Pacific, is in the city.

Mr. D. S. Jemison Ball left last night for Chicago. He will join the Bright Diamond Specialty Combination.

A. W. Gifford, of the Evening Light, of San Antonia, is in the city. He has just been all over Mexico.

ABOUT TOWN.

A WARRANT was issued to-day for the arrest of George Tandy, alias Chinaman, on a charge of stealing a $75 overcoat from Jesse Cornelius of 3630 Dickson street.

ROBT. M. WILSON, of this city, aged 39 years, a brother-in-law of Bishop Robertson, died yesterday at the residence of his father-in-law, James Robertson of Pawling, N. Y.

WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 8, O. M. P., will elect its representative to the Supreme Lodge on Monday evening. After the meeting there will be music and singing. All members are invited to attend.

Mrs. Frank S. Livingston was tendered a surprise party by the Pink Social Club, at Starkley's Garden, last evening. About twenty couples of the members were present, and the festivities were continued until an early hour.

All members of the order are invited to attend a meeting of Clinton Lodge, No. 82, O. M. P., at Starkley's this evening and Lafayette encampment, No. 1, Patriarchs Militant, have been asked for giving exemplification and a supper at the close of the meeting.

At a meeting held last evening the West End W. C. T. U. wrote to Secretary Johnson of the Exposition, desiring to use the space allotted to the organization for the distribution of temperance handbills and cards would say no whiskey in the building.

LOSTS and Founds, four insertions one dollar. All ads will show whether you are

KATIE'S CONTROL.

Hearing of the Bohleber Habeas Corpus Case This Afternoon.

The Katie Bohleber habeas corpus case came before Judge Dillon in chambers this afternoon. Messrs. Martin & Pendleton appeared for Mr. and Mrs. Wiesppert, who have possession of the little girl, and P. Lederer represented the father. A return or answer was filed, in behalf of the Weapperts to the effect that the girl is 14 years of age, and that she preferred to remain with them. They alleged that the girl was ill-treated at her own home by her stepmother and that her father was a man of depraved habits and was not fit to have the care of a young girl. The Weapperts denied that the girl was restrained of her liberty.

A denial of the return was entered by Mr. Lederer and the father was placed on the witness stand. He could not speak English and his testimony was interpreted. He could not remember the age of his daughter. He came from Germany in 1880.

SIT uations got each time Through an ad that costs dime.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

As John Ryan, single and about 33 years of age, was walking on the Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad track last night about 7 o'clock, he was struck and thrown a considerable distance from the track by a southern-bound freight train. He was found by Officer Collins near Koein avenue crossing in a state of insensibility. Collins telegraphed for an ambulance and had the injured man sent to the Dispensary, and from there to the City Hospital. A fracture of the skull and a badly contused leg were the effects of the bump.

The case of Andrew Lehr, Frank Behr and Conrad Meyer, for scattering dirt on public streets, was continued until Monday morning at 8 o'clock in the Police Court.

A surprise party was given to Miss Daisy Pike last night at Union Hall, Carondelet, under the directions of Mr. Joseph Kilpatrick. About 150 persons participated in the affair.

RENTS in their proper column shine. Just one nickle for a line.

New York, August 28, 1885.

TO HOLDERS OF STOCK AND BONDS OF THE TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANIES AND OF READJUSTMENT TRUSTEES' CASH DEPOSIT CERTIFICATES.

At the request of parties claiming to represent a majority in amount of the Stock and Bonds of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Texas, and of the Texas and St. Louis Railway Company in Missouri and Arkansas, the undersigned have become a committee to protect the interests of such holders of the Stock and Securities (other than Land Grant Bonds) of those Companies and of the Cash Deposit Certificates issued by W. W. Sherman and A. Wolff as Readjustment Trustees, under agreement dated November 4, 1885, as shall join the plan, of which copies may be had on application to the Secretary of the committee, Mr. A. MARCUS, No. 32 Exchange place, New York, to whom all communications should be addressed. Prompt action is desirable when the time of the Stock and Scrip held by the Readjustment Trustees the Certificates may be deposited which were issued there against by the Trustees.

A large amount of each class of Bonds and Stock and of the Cash Deposit Certificates have already joined the plan. All parties desiring to join may deposit their Bonds, Stock, and Certificates with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, subject to the order of the committee, up to September 28, 1885.

To obtain the two million five hundred thousand dollars cash mentioned in the plan, all parties thereto may offer any part of the sum on the terms stated in the plan. Such offers must be made not later than September 28, 1885, to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company for account of the committee, on blanks provided for the purpose, and must be accompanied by a check for 10 per cent. of the money offered, the balance being payable at the call of the committee on 15 days' notice after November 1, 1885: in case of non-payment of the balance when so called within the stated time, the 10 per cent. previously paid shall be forfeited to the committee, without prejudice to the right of the committee to enforce the payment of such balance.

The Trust Company will in all cases give negotiable receipts for Bonds, Shares and Certificates deposited, and for payments made.

The outlook for general prosperity in Texas and in Arkansas, due largely to the promise of the finest crop those States have ever seen, will, it is hoped, induce all interested to agree to the plan, so that by concerted action the present parties in interest may secure to themselves, as far as possible, all benefits accruing from a general improvement in the section where the properties are located.

The holders of Land Grant Bonds of the Texas Company will have an opportunity, we are informed, to join a Land Company which it is proposed to organize.

WILLIAM MERTENS,
GEO. COPPELL,
LEVI HOLT,
M. GERNSHEIM,
J. W. PARAMORE,
} Bondholders' Committee.

DIED.

QUAN—Funeral of Mrs. CECELIA QUAN will take place Fr day morning at 9 o'clock from family residence, 918 N. 19th st.

RUBBER BANDS,
CHEAPER THAN TWINE.
LEVISON & BLYTHE STATIONERY CO.,
213 and 215 N. Third Street.

MONEY.

New York, September 10.—11 A. M.—There was little change in opening quotations at the Stock Exchange this morning except a gain of one-eighth in Louisville and Nashville, which was down ⅝, and Erie, which was ⅛ lower. Lake Shore and St. Paul showed a loss of ¼ each and others were unchanged or fractionally lower. There were no advances except in Texas Pacific. In the early dealings the market was feverish and active, and later Erie, the Vanderbilts and Jersey Central developed considerable weakness, the latter declining 1⅝ per cent., a portion of which was subsequently recovered. There was a well-distributed business among the stocks belonging to the active list and lively trading until late in the first hour, when the market became comparatively steady and more quiet. At 11 o'clock the market is dull but firm.

New York, September 10.—NOON—Money on call is easy at 1 per cent. Bar silver 109¾. The stock market became weak immediately after 11 o'clock, and, accompanied with considerable activity, declined ⅝ to ⅞ per cent, the Vanderbilts being most prominent. The decline was checked in the first twenty minutes, and another rally followed, carrying prices up to, and in many cases a little above, 11 o'clock figures, but the Vanderbilts remained sluggish and failed to recover. The market then became steady, and at noon is dull and steady within small fractions of opening quotations. Threes, 103, 4s, 113¾; 4s, 120, Pacific 6s of '95, 126 bid.

New York, September 10, 3 P. M.—After 2:15 p. m. the stock market was quiet and somewhat irregular with a slight downward tendency for a majority of stock. The fluctuations, however, were generally within narrow limits. The market closed feverish, but generally not much above the lowest of the day.

Boston, September 10.—Mexican 7s 89¼; script 79; coin 86 @ 8.

New York Stock Quotations

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	9 A. M.	10 A. M.	11 A. M.	12 M.
Canada Southern	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Canadian Pacific	53	53	53	53
Central New Jersey	91	91	91	91
Central Pacific	31	31	31	31
Ches. & O.	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Chic., St. P., M. & O.	58	58	58	58
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾
Chic. & Alton	135	135	135	135
Chic. & N. W. com.	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
Del., Lack. & W.	135	135	135	135
Del. & Hud. Can.	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
Erie	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Ft. W. & Chic.	130	130	130	130
Illinois Central	120	120	120	120
Lake Shore & Mich. S.	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾
Louisville & Nashville	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Manhattan Elevated	78	78	78	78
Michigan Central	80	80	80	80
Missouri Pacific	93	93	93	93
Mobile & Ohio	10	10	10	10
New York Central	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
N. Y., Chic. & St. L. com.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
N. Y., Chic. & St. L. 1st pf.	75	75	75	75
N. Y., Chic. & St. L. 2d pf.	60	60	60	60
N. Y., Lake Erie & W.	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
N. Y., Lake Erie & W. 2d pf.	90	90	90	90
N. Y., Susq. & West.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
N. Y., Susq. & West. 1st pf.	50	50	50	50
N. Y., Susq. & West. 2d pf.	25	25	25	25
Northern Pacific	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Northern Pacific pf.	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Northwestern	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾
Northwestern pf.	138	138	138	138
Ohio & Mississippi	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Ohio & Western	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Oregon Transcontinental	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
Oregon Navigation	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
Pacific Mail	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Peoria, Dec. & Evans.	18	18	18	18
Pittsburg	130	130	130	130
Reading	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Rich. & W. P. T.	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Rich. & W. P. T. pf.	50	50	50	50
Rock Island	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾
St. Louis & San Fran.	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
St. Louis & San Fran. 1st pf.	70	70	70	70
St. Louis & San Fran. 2d pf.	50	50	50	50
St. Louis & Texas	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
St. Louis & Texas pf.	50	50	50	50
St. Paul	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
St. Paul pf.	110	110	110	110
Texas Pacific	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Union Pacific	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾
Wabash	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Wabash pf.	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Wells, Fargo & Co.	120	120	120	120
Western Union	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾

COMMERCE

HARD TO HOLD.

Wheat Weakens and Corn Declines—The Bears to the Front.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering-Gaff Co., Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

Chicago, September 10.—Wheat was weak and on wide irregular, and early the feeling was quite strong on the expectation that the Government report would show a large reduction in its estimate of the crop. Wet weather and smaller receipts also helped to give a firm tone to the market. The local crowd generally got into it yesterday and bid hard to advance the price to-day. Towards noon the Government report was received, giving a reduction of only 6,000,000 bushels in spring wheat making the total crop 351,000,000 bushels. This was a larger quantity than had been expected, and the market broke badly under heavy offerings of long wheat. Very little outside business was done, but the local dealings were on a large scale and the market was very active throughout the day. The market closed firmer on better news from the seaboard. Receipts at western points to-day are 500 cars, and only a small export business was done, the advance in ocean freights checking business almost altogether.

Corn was weak the strength of yesterday only got the local crowd long and with a prospect of warmer weather after the present storm clears away. There was a general desire to sell. Fleming and Boyden were the largest sellers and seemed to have an inexhaustible supply of year and November corn. Cash and September were fairly right demand and ruled weak all day. The market declined almost 1 cent lower than yesterday on long futures and ¾ cent on October, but closed firmer all around, partly in sympathy with wheat, and partly in fear of cold weather. The Government report makes the condition of the crop one point poorer than a month ago, but this had but little effect.

For to-morrow there are expected 90 cars wheat, 265 cars corn and 180 cars oats.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat unsettled, but generally weak, and closing at ⅛@⅜c below 1 o'clock. Corn dull and unchanged. Oats firm.

Wheat—September 83¾@75¼ b.; October 89¼ to 89⅝, closing 89¾ b.; November 90¼ to 91⅛@8¾, closing at 92¼ @¾ b.; December 94 and late 94¾ b.; May $1 04¾ to $1 04⅝@¾ b.

Corn—September 40¼ b., 42 a.; October 39¼ b., 39⅝ a.; November 37¾ b., 37 a.; year 34 b., 34¼ a.; January 33⅜ b., 33⅝ a.; May 30¼ b., 30⅝ a.

Oats—September 24 b.; October 24 b., 24¼ a.; November 24¼ b., 25 a.; year 24; May 29¼ to 29¾.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce.

	CHICAGO.			
	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT—				
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oct.	89¾	89¾@¾	89¾	89¾
Nov.	91¼@¾	92	90¾	90¾@¾
Dec.	94¾	95¼	94¼	94¼
May	92	93	91¾	92¾
CORN—				
Sept.	44¼	44¼	43¾	43¾
Oct.	43	43¼	43⅜	43⅜ b
Nov	40¾	40¾	40	40¼ b
Year	35¼	35¾	34¾	34¾ b
May	39¾	39¾	39	39¼ b
OATS—				
September	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼ a
October	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼ a
May	29¾@¾	29¾	29¼	29¼ a
PORK—				
October	8 82½	8 85	8 75	8 75
November	8 77½	8 80	8 72½	8 77½
January	9 52½	9 55	9 45	9 45
LARD—				
October	6.25	6.25	6.20	6.20
November	6.17½	6.17½	6.12½	6.12½ b
December	6.17½	6.17½	6.12½	6.12½ b
SHORT RIBS—				
October	5.02	5.77½	5.70	5.70 b

Toledo—Wheat—September ..... October ..... November 89 a.; December 90¾@January 90¾ a.; Corn—September 40½; October 39 b.; November 40½; December 40½. Oats—September 29½; October 29¾.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—October 89; November 91¾; December 93¾. Corn—September 46½; year 44¼@44¾.

DETROIT—Wheat—October 78½; November 81.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., September 10.—Petroleum is dull and heavy. Prices opened at $1 00¾, declined to 99¾, but rallied at noon to 99¾.

CLEVELAND, September 10.—Petroleum quiet: S. W. 110 @ 7½c.

WILMINGTON, September 10.—Turpentine quiet at 31.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	3,014,585	266,442	190,173	27,204	4,268
Yesterday	3,011,133	281,494	198,865	29,173	4,264
	No. 2	No. 2			
	Red.	Mixed.	No. 2.	No. 1.	
To-day	2,807,149	104,439	126,254	22,915	.....
Yesterday	2,806,923	126,014	185,151	25,887	.....

On Passage to Europe.

To the United Kingdom:

	Sept. 5, 1885.	Aug. 29, 1885.	Sept. 6, 1884.
Wheat, qrs	1,825,000	1,700,000	1,800,000
Corn, qrs	210,000	250,000	240,000
To the Continent:			
Wheat, qrs	120,000	160,000	560,000
Corn, qrs	80,000	85,000	35,000

Available Stock of Wheat and Corn.

	Wheat	Corn.
United States, east of the Rockies	42,121,000	7,758,000
On passage for U. K. and Continent	13,160,000	2,055,000
Total, September 5, 1885	52,281,800	9,758,000
Previous week	56,550,000	9,457,000
Total, September 6, 1884	37,460,900	6,748,000
Total, September 8, 1883	42,150,000	15,926,000
Total, September 8, 1882	35,740,000	9,815,000
Total, September 9, 1881	41,087,000	27,924,000

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—4 cars No. 2 red winter; 24 cars No. 3 do; 4 cars No. 4; 2 cars rejected; 1 car no grade; 3 cars No. 3 Mediterranean; 1 car No. 2 spring; total, 78 cars. Corn—98 cars No. 2 mixed; 7 cars rejected; total, 105 cars. Oats—11 cars No. 2; 6 cars rejected; total, 17 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2. Total in, 187 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—15 cars No. 2 red winter; 4 cars No. 3 do; 1 car rejected; 1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; total, 21 cars. Corn—17 cars No. 2 mixed; 5 cars rejected; 7 cars No. 2 white-mixed; total, 59 cars. Oats—8 cars No. 2. Rye—3 cars No. 2; 1 car rejected; total 4 cars. Total out, 93 cars, 8

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	44,055	81,350	9,603	29,152
Chicago	326,000	268,000	68,449	178,648
Milwaukee	10,650	960	1,018	.....
Baltimore	18,106	28,772	.....	.....
Toledo	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York	238,405	103,400	51,356	7,350
Kansas City	.....	.....	.....	.....

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—85 cars spring wheat, 11 cars winter wheat, 293 cars corn, 139 cars oats, 15 cars rye, 35 cars barley. By canal—49,900 bu corn.

Commercial Notes.

The amount of wheat on passage to Europe has decreased 1,720,000 bu and of corn is 500,000 bu smaller. The bulls continue to harp on the small receipts of wheat as compared with last year's, and even say that the small increase in the visible supply is a bull factor. They forget, or choose to do so, that the lack of demand this year more than offsets the falling off in receipts, and the increase in the visible supply for past few weeks was larger than for same time last year. A Chicago firm to-day to E. F. McCormick & Co., says: "195 cars of wheat inspected in Duluth and 204 cars still on track. The Cincinnati Price Current of to-day, figuring on wheat crops for past three years and giving exports, home consumption and seed, and placing this years, crop at 350,000,000, shows a surplus of 120,000,000 bushels to be carried over. There seems no advance except in Texas Pacific. In the early dealings the market was feverish and active, and later Erie, the Vanderbilts and Jersey Central developed considerable weakness, the latter declining 1⅝ per cent., a portion of which was subsequently recovered. There was a well-distributed business among the stocks belonging to the active list and lively trading until late in the first hour, when the market became comparatively steady and more quiet. At 11 o'clock the market is dull but firm.

New York, September 10.—NOON—Money on call is easy at 1 per cent. Bar silver 109¾. The stock market became weak immediately after 11 o'clock, and, accompanied with considerable activity, declined ⅝ to ⅞ per cent, the Vanderbilts being most prominent. The decline was checked in the first twenty minutes, and another rally followed, carrying prices up to, and in many cases a little above, 11 o'clock figures, but the Vanderbilts remained sluggish and failed to recover. The market then became steady, and at noon is dull and steady within small fractions of opening quotations. Threes, 103; 4s, 113¾; 4s, 120, Pacific 6s of '95, 126 bid.

New York, September 10, 3 P. M.—After 2:15 p. m. the stock market was quiet and somewhat irregular with a slight downward tendency for a majority of stock. The fluctuations, however, were generally within narrow limits. The market closed feverish, but generally not much above the lowest of the day.

Boston, September 10.—Mexican 7s 89¼; script 79; coin 86 @ 8.

Cotton.

The Agricultural Bureau report received this morning states that the cotton crop has declined in every State, the average being 78 against 86½ in August, last year, it was 82, September 80 and 87 in August. The report admits that the average for this month is two points above the September average for 10 years, and closes by saying that the general pick are vig orous and capable with favorable au tumn weather of an ample, or with good full development. This rather obscure report had quite a bullish effect upon values and the markets all advanced, spots at New York being quoted at 1-16c tender at 10 1-16, New Orleans 9¾, Memphis 9¾, Galveston 9¾, all up several points and closed higher than they opened. Liverpool reported free offerings of spots at unchanged prices. The bureau report not having been received the future markets was dull, yet a couple of points higher, the close being firm.

LOCAL STREET QUOTATIONS—Low to ordinary 7¾ ordinary 8¼; good ordinary 8¾; low middling 8¾; middling 9¼; good middling 9¾; middling fair 10¼; stained and tinged, 8¼@9¼.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day 7 bales, against 31 last year; since September, 1885, 721 bales, against 165 bales same time last year; net receipts to-day 0 bales, against 0 bales last year; since September 1, 1885, 721 bales, against 165 bales same time last year; since in compresses and warehouses to-day 1,567 bales, against 1,628 bales.

NEW RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS.—Net receipts at United States ports for 6 days 41,711 bales, against 24,222 last week and 62,136 the same time last year. Exports for the bales, against 13,144 same time last year; stock 144,737 bales, against 117,686 last year; net receipts since September 1, 1885, 41,711 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands 5 7-16d; Orleans 5⅝d; sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed firm. September and October 5 27-64d; October and November 5 29-64d; November and December 5 31-64d; December and January 5 33-64d; January and February 5 29-64d; February and March 5 29-64d; March and April 5 29-64d; April and May 5 29-64d.

NEW YORK, September 10, 12 M.—CLOSING FUTURES.

New York—Futures closed steady, September 9.71; October 9.88, November 9.83, December 9.95, January 9.95; February 9.95, March 9.97; April 9 93; May 10.04, June 10.18; July 10.28. Sales 67,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1 15 p. m., steady; September 9.08; October 9.17; November 9.14; December 9.17; January 9.27; February 9.35; March 9.52; April 9.65; May 9.78; June 9.90. Sales 13,900 bales.

Cotton-Region Bulletin.

For twenty-four hours ending September 9, 1885, 5 p. m. Central time.

War Department, Signal Service U. S. Army

DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE.		
NAMES—	Number of Stations.	Maximum Temp.	Minimum Temp.
1. Wilmington	11	91	69
2. Charleston	9	92	68
3. Augusta	13	93	72
4. Savannah	15	93	74
5. Atlanta	9	92	70
6. Montgomery	9	88	71
7. Mobile	9	90	72
8. New Orleans	8	92	74
9. Galveston	12	92	72
10. Vicksburg	5	86	70
11. Little Rock	10	86	64
12. Memphis	19	84	70
Mean	.....	88.2	69.9

Posted in St. Louis, Mo., at 9 a. m., September 10, 1885.
G. A. WEBER, Corp'l Signal Corps, U. S. A.

NOTE—The averages are made up from reports received from the number of stations as noted in the column "Number of Stations."

—Inappreciable.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Common and small 50@75c; fair to good shipping stock $1 25@1 50 and choice $1 60@1 75; fancy $2 00@2 25.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Common to good sun-dried 2@2½c, choice quarters 2½c; common to good evaporated 3@3½c, choice 3¾@4c. Peaches—Sun-dried, unpeeled, mixed 5@5½c, good to choice new bright halves 6@7c. Evaporated: Unpeeled—Prime to choice 6@6½c, fancy 7@7½c; peeled—Prime to choice, 8@10c, choice 11@12c, fancy 13@14c. Blackberries 6½@6½c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes sold from farmers' wagons at 20@30c per bu for home grown. Onions at 45@50c per bu and $1 50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Receipts 68,185 lbs. Quiet and demand fair for choice and fancy grades. Poor to good—Creamery 12@14c; dairy 10@12c. Choice to fancy—Creamery 15@18c; fair to prime 12@14c; low 9@11. Country stock packed at 8@9 for fair to choice.

CHEESE—Receipts 5,000 lbs. Quiet and steady at 6½@7c for full cream; 8@8½c for choice and fancy skims 4@5c; all else nominal.

EGGS—Receipts 629 pkgs. Better at 12@c for guaranteed fresh; 10@11c for packing stock.

POULTRY—Light demand at unchanged prices. We quote old chickens—Cocks $2 25@2 50; mixed $2 50@2 75; fryers $3 00@3 50 per pair; young roosters $3 50@4 00 and medium-sized at $3@3 50 to $4 50@5 00; choice large $5 00@6 00.

GAME—Venison, grouse and ducks in fair demand and about steady. We quote: Grouse $3 for young, and $1 50 for old. Venison saddles 13@18c; deer carcasses 9@10c. Ducks—Mallard $5; blue wing teal $2, wood $1 50. Woodcock $4 for plover $1; and pigeon 25c@ $1 per doz. Rabbits: live tame pugnose $1 50.

VEALS—Dull. Choice small fat 6½@7c; fair 5½@6c; heavies 5@5½c per pound.

Grass seeds—Timothy and clover both scarce, the former selling to the extent of supply, at an advance; 1 car at $2 1; 1 car at $2 75 to arrive to-morrow; and 20 sks. at $2 60. Clover firm with sales of 16 sks. at $6 10; 4 sks. $5 00; 23 sks. $5 05; 28 sks. red-top at 40c.

Flax seed—Receipts 27 sks and 2,000 lbs; Inspection 4 cars: 160 sks No. 1. The markets steady, with sales at $1 16. Castor Beans—Quiet at $1 70 for prime.

Wool, Hides, Etc.

WOOL—Receipts, 12,036 lbs. Firm, higher and in demand, but offerings light.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ARKANSAS, &c.

Tubwashed—Choice	31@32½
Fair	29@30
Low, dingy or coarse	27@28
Unwashed—Choice medium clothing and combing	29@30
Fair medium clothing and combing	27@28
Low or coarse	25@26
Fine—Choice, light	31½@32
Fine—Heavy	29@30
Hard burry, coated and chaffy	25@26
Fine burry	23@24

TEXAS, SOUTHWEST ARKANSAS, &c.

Spring Clips—Choice light fine, 12 months' growth	31½@32½
Choice light medium, 12 months' growth	30@31
Choice light medium, 6 to 8 months' growth	29@30
Choice light fine, 6 to 8 months' growth	27@28
Choice or fancy fine lots	25@26
Short and scaly Western	21@22
Carpet stock and low	23@24
Fine—Choice light	27@28

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POST-DISPATCH,
815 and 817 Market street.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

...Parlor Match.
...Richmond American Burlesque Co.
...Daniel Sully's Capital Prize.
...Specialty Company.
...Broadway & Trayser.
...Open from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
...of Fair Open from 8 a. m. to 11 p. m.
...Seventh and Pine—Munzer's Band.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.
...St. Louis vs. Chicago.
...Races: 2:30 p. m.

...MAN GLOVER declines to place ...attitude of an office broker. No ...for COCKRELL.

...missioners to-day listen to ...e freight grievances of St. ...e story is a long one to tell.

...ve cent illumination boom has ...is evidently a popular thing. ...names and your money to the ...

...Jefferson City the St. Louis ...uld do well to call the attention of ...ommissioners to the circumstance ...ge arbitrary" is a wrong to St. ...may not know this little fact.

...no end to the Kelley business? This ...e man is now engaged in an attempt ...ce politics into the annual meeting ...National Catholic Benevolent Union ...session in Brooklyn. Mr. KELLEY is ...kinds of a nuisance than any nuisance on ...

A SUBSCRIBER complains of the Franklin av-...e street railway line merely because it com-...him to walk a few hundred yards in the ...d to reach an extension car, which ought to ...be a through car. The only remedy for the im-...per extension service lies in an appeal to the ...Municipal Assembly.

BEAUTIFUL is the consistency of the British ...press which denounced the publication by the ...*Pall Mall Gazette* of its scandalous evidence ...and is now engaged in publishing in full the ...evidence on the trial of Editor STEAD. The ...doctrine that no man can serve God and Mam-...mon is subject to certain limitations when ap-...plied to modern newspaper morals.

EASTERN freight rates are wholly demorali-...d. They are so wholly demoralized that, ...while it costs twenty cents a hundred pounds ...they freight ...town in New York from St. ...Louis, ...are taking stuff at ten and ...twel... roads' losses from this ...source ... that they are obliged to ...charge ... $1 a hundredweight to ...intermediate points.

THE war feeling in Madrid, which could not ...be crushed out by any press censorship, was ...wholly dissipated yesterday by a publication in ...a Madrid newspaper showing that the German ...navy had twice the tonnage, four times the ...horse-power, twice the armor strength and ...twice the weight of guns of the Spanish navy. ...Upon learning this the Spanish mob resolved ...that it would let Germany severely alone.

THE State of Indiana is now engaged in ...testing the question as to whether it has any ...right to regulate telephone charges. Of course ...it has not. The telephone is as much above ...the law as its wires are above the heads of the ...people who make the law. All telephone com-...panies have a natural and inalienable right to ...use the streets without paying for them and to ...charge the public without restraint. All tele-...phone patents bear as their trade mark the ...motto, "the public be damned."

THERE is no use in talking of such a thing as ...abandoning the illumination. If the rich men ...of St. Louis will not pay for it the poor men ...will. If the money cannot be raised from those ...who will get their money back, it can be raised ...from those who have only an unselfish interest ...in that beautiful display. If it cannot be ...raised by the men who ride in carriages, it is ...secured by the liberality of the people ...on horse-cars or go on foot. It is ...safe to trust the people, to have con-...fidence in the people, to rely on the people, and ...the people. Our faith in the people ...firm as a rock.

...at the Exposition illus-...trating an art display in ...ows something about ...is general knowledge ...n of practical sense ...erstands that his ob-...ject, but to organ-...be no selected as ...to the greatest ...erstand the com-...which has been ...gement of Mr. ...it is worth while ...ize St. Louis has ...ances of having

art questions decided by connoisseurs whose ...formula is, "I don't know nothin' about art, ...but I can tell a good picture when I see it," ...with results which are painful to remember. ...It may be just as well to lay down the rule that ...in art matters there are two classes of people ...—those who know something about art and ...those who don't. It is to be hoped that the ...latter class will no longer have the monopoly ...of directing our local public art matters.

RAILROAD LAW.

Commenting on the POST-DISPATCH'S suggestion about testing what virtue there may be in that clause of the State Constitution which forbids the consolidation or joint management of parallel and competing roads, and expressly forbids any one person to be a director or officer of two such roads, the Lexington *Intelligencer* says:

> Some things the State can do, and other things it cannot. One of the things which we think it cannot do is to say what particular property a man shall or shall not invest his money in; and granting that a man has an incontestable right to own stock in any railroad that he pleases, so long as he can pay for it, the right follows to superintend the care of his property as a director or other officer.

This is equivalent to the proposition that no provision of our State Constitution is worth the paper it is written on if it is contrary to the will or interest of Mr. JAY GOULD. It puts the creature corporation above and beyond the power of the State that created it. But it is not railroad law, and no warrant for any such revolutionary doctrine can be found in any judicial decision that is recognized as authority—certainly no Democratic authority can be found for any such amazing proposition. The great jurist, Judge J. S. BLACK, delivering the unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in the case of the Erie and Northwestern Railroad Company vs. Casey in 1857, held that a railroad built by authority of the State for the general purposes of commerce is a public highway, and in no sense private property. No court of any standing has ever questioned that decision or its doctrine that the corporations having charge of railways are the agents of the State, and subject to State control as other State agents. In 1883 the same great Democratic jurist made his very last appearance in public in a powerful argument before the Judiciary Committee of the Pennsylvania Senate, in which he said:

> It will, I think, be admitted by all persons of average intelligence that the companies are not the owners of the railroads. The notion that they are is as silly as it is pernicious. Those who run the railroads and canals are always public agents. It is impossible to look at them in any other light, or to conceive how a different relation could exist, because a railroad which is not managed by public agents cannot be a public highway. None of these agents have the slightest proprietary right or title to the railroads themselves. To say that they had would be as preposterous as to assert that township roads are the private property of the supervisors.

The *Intelligencer's* proposition that the Constitution of the State is not binding on State agents, or that the State cannot in its fundamental law prescribe the qualifications of the agents to whom it entrusts the management of its highways, is denied by all eminent lawyers, both Democratic and Republican. In the recent discussion of a similar prohibition in the Constitution of Pennsylvania that provision was said to be inoperative because no statute had been enacted to enforce it. But Judge AGNEW, a Republican, formerly Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court, said:

> A provision of the new Constitution which is affirmative and creative in its nature requires a means to give it effect. A repeal which displaces a system of regulation, requiring a new one to take its place, needs new legislation to give it effect. But a provision simply prohibitory—a mere negative upon the exercise of a power, and which needs no legislation to give it effect, is operative at once, and must be recognized by the courts as the will of the people. * * * It was simply a prohibition upon railroad companies to exercise the power in the case of a parallel and competing line. Now, to say that when a company shall fly in the face of the denial of the power that the court will not use its accustomed powers already existing, and set aside the illegal act of the company, is simply absurd and injurious to the State. * * * In the South Penn case the Constitution forbids the corporation to do a certain act. If the corporation do it the act is void and will be so declared.

According to Judge AGNEW'S exposition of the law, any act of a corporation forbidden by the State Constitution is void, and the courts will not only so declare it, but can punish it as discretion in the absence of statutes prescribing penalties. Missouri has not said who may or may not own stock in her railroads, but every man who has bought such stock since 1875 has done so with full notice that the ownership of such stock will not entitle him to consolidate two parallel and competing roads or to elect the officials of one such road to official positions connected with the other road.

A man is free to build a railroad on his own land and use it as his private property, officering it as he pleases, and the State cannot interfere until his operations wrong or infringe the rights of others. But he cannot invest his money in such a road as the Missouri Pacific until the State grants the right of way by taking private property for public use as a highway, and charters a company to operate it for the State. Then he invests his money subject to State control over such agent, and subject to the police power regulating common carriers.

ENGLAND AND IRELAND.

If Mr. PARNELL has blundered, the effect of CHAMBERLAIN'S speech will soon make the blunder apparent. Both Whigs and Tories will, of course, feel bound to outbid the Radicals in pandering to the unanimous English sentiment of opposition to any such separation as may be almost equivalent to national independence for Ireland, and then Mr. PARNELL will have to look for ameliorations of the Irish situation to the very political element whose friendly support in the past he has repudiated, and whose recent friendly overtures he has repulsed in the hope of forming a more favorable alliance with the more aristocratic elements that have been the oppressors of his country for centuries.

Mr. CHAMBERLAIN is now the leader and exponent of that great body of Democratic sentiment which has always existed in England, and the slow but sturdy growth of which has gradually engrafted republican institutions upon her monarchic and aristocratic stocks. The sentiment of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S party was expressed to the letter when he said of Ireland: "God has made its neighbors, I would to Heaven our rulers had made its friends." The lapse of the coercion act was due to the opposition of the Radicals to its continuance, and no other Englishmen will go as far in giving local self-government and contentment to the Irish people.

It therefore seems like a great blunder to render even Radical co-operation impossible by putting the Irish members on a platform demanding what no English, Welsh or Scottish member will dare concede, and what Ireland cannot hope to acquire by her own strength or by any outside assistance, while the institutions and the political geography of Europe remain as they are. As well ask the 30,000,000 people of the United Kingdom to confer national independence on Ireland at once, as ask them for an Irish Parliament with power to enact and enforce "anti-English tariffs." We are afraid that Mr. PARNELL has not only been inveigled into a political *mesalliance* with the Tories, but has also been drawn into a blunder very similar to that which our Southern leaders committed when they sacrificed the party of State rights and local self-government by a secession movement which drove all Northern Democrats to the unconditional support of a Republican administration.

We shall soon see, however. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN'S bold and frank declaration in favor of domestic self-government for Ireland, but against the disintegration of the United Kingdom by granting Ireland more power than is reserved to the several States of the American Union, has broken the spell of silence on the Irish question, and seems likely to wedge asunder all the unnatural alliances that were supposed to be formed or forming.

BISMARCK and WILLIAM, the Empress and the Crown Prince, are all in communication with ALFONSO, and very uneasy on his account. Hence the proclamation of martial law and the wholesale suppression of newspapers in Spain. Hence, also, the prompt declaration that Germany will surrender the island in question if it shall appear that Spain had formerly claimed and occupied it. Not for a hundred such islands would BISMARCK do anything tending to republicanize the whole Latin section of Europe, or lose from the Spanish throne the nice little puppet whose subjects are now accusing him of selling their territory secretly to Germany. It requires delicate management to maintain a bourbon monarchy in Spain side by side with the Republic of France.

RAILROAD men meet our distinct charges that they discriminate against St. Louis by the general reply that freight rates are down very low. If they are low at other points, why are they not low at St. Louis? We do not say that rates are not low as a general thing, and too low in many cases. But this only aggravates the evils of the St. Louis situation. The inability of the railroads to control their own business, which leads to cuts all around us, prevents St. Louis from carrying on trade against this cutting. St. Louis does not ask low rates. It asks fair rates and it insists on legal rates, and it means to get them.

THE opening of the Exposition last night was the success of the year. The invariable custom of such enterprises elsewhere has been to have nothing ready on the opening day. St. Louis presented a complete contrast to this precedent by having everything ready and by giving all visitors satisfaction at every point. The two chief features of the opening of our Exposition were, first, that it was ready for visitors on the opening day, and, second, that the shrewd management attracted a tremendous crowd to see the opening. With such a beginning continued success is assured.

A Mistaken Idea.

From the New York World.

Mr. John Pender is reported in an English newspaper as expressing surprise that "in a country as intelligent as the United States and so greatly dependent for its progress and development on railroads and telegraph lines the press should so frequently be hostile to such enterprises."

Mr. Pender entirely misconceives the position of the American press. No portion of it, so far as we are aware, is opposed to railroads or telegraphs. A country of great distances like the United States could not exist, or at least could not grow and prosper, without them. But the most intelligent and independent newspapers in the country criticise the methods and management of such corporations, not heartlessly, but really in the interest of the corporations themselves as well as of the people.

If the railroads and telegraphs of the United States were all honestly constructed and honestly run—that is to say, if there had been no "rings" in the building, no stock-watering and no "rings" in the supplies—the cost of transportation, of travel and of telegraphing would be very greatly reduced, and, as a consequence, the business would be much larger than it is. Why should not this be the case? The railroads have become the public highways. The telegraph has in a measure taken the place of the postal service. Why should not the people enjoy them at the lowest rate consistent with a fair and even liberal profit on the investments? Why should not the law protect them in the right to do so?

The New York Central Railroad is known to have been enormously watered. If it stood now with a capital stock representing only its honest value would not travel and freight be lower than they are? Is not the same true of all the great trunk lines in the country?

Independent of all other watering, the Western Union Telegraph capital was sent up at one jump from $40,000,000 to $80,000,000 without the acquisition of a single needed additional facility. Does any one doubt that an honestly constructed telegraph plant duplicating that of the Western Union could do the public business with a liberal profit at far less than the prevailing rates?

The opposition of the American press is not to railroads and telegraphs, which they would gladly see multiplied to insure healthy competition, but to the thieves and corrupt management which, as a country, threaten the rest of their use to the people, and thus do a great public injustice.

What is the Remedy?

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

We are glad to notice that the POST-DISPATCH will no little zeal continues the investigation of railroad discrimination in freight rates in this State. In the face of a law fixing a maximum rate and a Board of Railroad Commissioners created and empowered by the State to see that the laws are enforced, the roads evidently pay but little attention to the law or Railroad Commissioners—the people naturally inquire why is this? The shortest answer that can be given is that the laws bearing on this question are ingeniously devised, and the Railroad Commissioners are completely hampered in their enforcement. Let us take our own city, California, situated on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, 150 miles west of St. Louis and 149 miles east of Kansas City—and there are but few points on the road between the two cities that receive or ship a larger quantity of freight and stock—the bulk of our merchandise is received from St. Louis, and our stock and grain is principally shipped to St. Louis. We pay 60 cents per hundred pounds for all first-class freight from St. Louis, which includes dry goods and all freight of a like character, an average of about $90 a car for stock to St. Louis and about the same rate per car for grain to St. Louis; on each side of us, Jefferson City, 25 miles east; Boonville, 25 miles west, and Sedalia, 40 miles west, in consequence of river and rail competition, special tariff rates are given, being much lower rates than we are compelled to pay, which works a great injustice to our county at large. Thousands of dollars would be saved annually to the citizens of Monitean County by a proper observance of the law which declares "that the railroads are public highways, and, further, that no greater charge shall be made for a shorter than a longer haul." The courts have sustained the law as constitutional and just. Then we would ask, where is the remedy? How are we to stand from under the influence of these powerful corporations. We would appeal to our own party to continue the cleaning out process We commenced it two years ago when we displaced John O'Day, a leading railroad attorney, as chairman of the State Central Committee for the Democratic party, but we didn't go far enough. We must continue to examine closely into the railroad influences that are being effectually exercised with not only many of our leading politicians, but we fear also with gentlemen high in official position Politicians who are tied up with the railroads are better known than they imagine, and they are sure to encounter a storm. The press of the State should take hold of this matter in earnest, and endeavor to check up this great injustice that is being heaped upon the people by the railroads in this State. The ownership of the roads is centered principally in the East, and they appear to have no interest in common with the citizens of Missouri further than to bleed them for every cent in sight.

Grant's Views in 1876.

From the Philadelphia Times.

In Mr. Childs' recollections of Gen. Grant, given over his own signature, he throws some new light on Grant's view of the Presidential contest in 1876. He recites a conversation between Gen. Grant and several leading Republicans, who declared that Hayes was elected, to which Grant answered—"Gentlemen, it looks to me as if Mr. Tilden was elected." This was on the morning of the momentous day," as Mr. Childs states it. To this Gen. Grant added—"I would sooner have Tilden than that the Republicans should have a President who could be stigmatized as a fraud." Mr. Childs might have given another conversation of Gen. Grant's on the subject in corroboration of the view he presents. Just before Grant started on his journey around the world, the writer hereof heard him discuss the same question in Mr. Childs' presence. Gen. Grant reviewed the contest for the creation of the Electoral Commission and the contest before and in the Commission very fully and with rare candor, and the chief significance of his view was in the fact, as he stated it, that he expected from the beginning until the final judgment, that the Electoral vote of Louisiana would be awarded to Tilden. He spoke of South Carolina and Oregon as justly belonging to Hayes; of Florida as reasonably doubtful, and of Louisiana as for Tilden.

The Land of the Free.

From the St. Paul Globe.

A very beautiful picture of Democratic simplicity was seen the other day when President Cleveland was jogging along for forty-two miles on a rough, hilly road in New York State, mounted on an old-fashioned buckboard. While all Europe is overwhelmed with pomp and pageantry because two or three monarchs are traveling around through the country, the United States presents a characteristic illustration of the superiority of our institutions in the person of its Chief Magistrate, whose only traveling companion and guard of honor is a friend of early days armed with a fishing rod. The Czar of Russia trembles for his life when he steps beyond the portals of his palace, and goes attended by armed legions. The President of the United States lies down alone by the lakeside, with stars for his canopy, and sleeps in safety, encircled with the love and respect of his people as his surest and safest shield.

St. Louis Awaking.

From the Scalia Basso.

It has taken much urging on the part of the POST-DISPATCH of St. Louis to get the merchants and manufacturing associations of that city to get to work in regard to the unjust discriminations made by the Missouri railroads against her in their illegal and exorbitant freight charges, but they have issued a circular in which is set forth the POST-DISPATCH'S ideas as given on the discriminations and its interpretation of the railroad laws of the State, as confirmed by the Railroad Commissioners. St. Louis may be patient, and hard to arouse to wrongs done her, but when she has born enough, she knows it, and will assert her rights in a manner that will show her to be solemnly and unalterably in earnest.

Charles Dickens and Fanny Ternan.

From the New York World.

Miss Fanny Ternan, with whose first name Mr. Siddons does not seem to be familiar, went to Italy to study singing, and in the beginning of her career was helped by Dickens. She achieved success as a singer and was married many years ago to Thomas Adolphus Trollope. The "three children" are absolute myths. Mr. Dickens' will has been published over and over again and is familiar to a million or more readers. He did not leave a shilling to Fanny Ternan, but gave $1,000 to her younger sister, Ellen Lawless Ternan, who soon after Dickens' death married a young English clergyman to whom she had been long engaged. As Mr. Siddons remarks, "Nothing more need be said."

The Czar of the Southwest.

From the Carthage Patriot.

While the trade of Carthage is good, her commercial interest and prosperity will soon succumb under such oppressive freights. Capt. Rogers is the general manager of the 'Frisco Railroad. He is the Czar of the Southwest. The people are his slaves, or at least he thinks so, and treats them accordingly. He gave the order last year and levied a tax on the people of Jasper County of about $648,000, which was paid, and more readily paid than the State or county tax. The levy was made by freight charges on the 'Frisco Railroad. By that order he collected $291,000 more than was right.

St. Louis and Her Newspapers.

From the Fredericktown Democratic Standard.

The merchants of St. Louis should support the POST-DISPATCH to their utmost ability. That paper has done and is doing more for St. Louis than all papers put together. When a great journal will publicly and continuedly denounce steals and discrimination of any and all classes against the best interest of the city it should be assisted. If the backing is not given for the good work done, St. Louis ought to suffer and let Chicago get away with her, and she need not fear Chicago, but the railroads are together Kansas City against her, and if the downtrack class of merchants in St. Louis don't wake up their doze is sealed.

Low Pastor to Beyond.

From the La Grange Reporter.

A St. Louis paper mentions the escape of a three-legged Democrat from an office-seeking army at Washington. The other had two legs to walk upon and the third to kick for not having received an appointment. We know some extravagant individuals who have borrowed all the legs in the neighborhood to use in demurring against the leftness to which the administration subjected them, and still they mourned that their kicking capacity was not what they desired.

From Every Part of the State.

From the Marshall (Mo.) Democrat.

The most important question before the people of Missouri to-day is that of railroad freight rates. From every part of the State comes complaint of excessive charges and unjust discriminations.

MEN OF MARK.

VANDERBILT is a small eater, but the pie has to be prompt.

Mr. ROSCOE CONKLING, at Carlsbad Springs, has reduced his avoirdupois to 194.

SECRETARY LAMAR laughs at the idea of his health being impaired by close attention to business.

A NEW YORK lawyer says he would have no trouble in getting 1,000 men in that city to swear falsely in a case.

RIEL says he shall die game if called upon to swing, and in the next breath pleads the baby act to escape it.

TOM CORWIN, the great Ohio statesman, called the late Edgar Cowan the finest talker from the rostrum in the Union.

THE sword which Blucher wore and wielded at Waterloo was sold at auction in Berlin the other day for less than $20.

THERE being no other entries for this race the filly had a walk-over, only one-half of the purse going to her under the rules.

SAM JONES admits that he likes to see a pretty woman, and has always sighed for a fast horse. The average man is no worse.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR, the first, got his start in life by borrowing money of his brother, and it is not on record that he ever returned one of those loans.

THE centennial anniversary of De Quincey's birth occurred a few days ago; but it was almost unnoticed. His grave is obscure, neglected and seldom visited.

EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR attracts attention at Newport solely as a dandy. He changes coats four times per day, and his pantaloons never show a wrinkle.

PUGILIST DOMINICK MCCAFFREY was educated for the priesthood, but disgraced the cloth, left the seminary and was engaged as instructor of athletics at Swarthmore College.

WALT WHITMAN writes to his London friends as follows: "Fortunately I have a good, faithful young Jersey woman and friend, Mary Davis, who cooks for me and vigilantly sees to me."

JAMES GORDON BENNETT has eight owls over his Newport gate. It takes a good many emblems to properly convey to the public an idea of all the wisdom of a New York newspaper.

THE gamblers of Omaha have made a proposition to the city that if they are not interfered with for one year they will pay for all street improvements and keep up the Water Works.

BARNUM is said to have been the angriest in his life when he found that the big man engaged to introduce Tom Thumb to the spectators had swapped jobs with the small one who had been selected to exhibit Col. Goshen.

DIO LEWIS has been heard of once again after a lapse of five years. He now announces that he can not and will not believe in shoulder braces. The effect of this declaration on the country just at this time cannot but be very disastrous.

MR. THOMAS BUTLER, of Utah, where he owns a stock farm, is now preaching polygamy in Maine where he hopes to make Mormon converts, and though a pronounced polygamist he is a bachelor, 37 years old, preaching from principle, he says, not practice.

WITH regard to the much-mentioned Rev. Mr Downs, of Boston, the cautious Courier of that city will not venture upon an opinion as to his guilt or innocence, but unhesitatingly says: "Of his intolerable vulgarity and execrable taste there can be no question. He may be a maligned saint, but he is an uncommonly noisy and disgusting one."

AN American actor now in Germany advertises that he has with great difficulty secured leave of absence from President Cleveland to play in Austria a month. An American tourist added to the bill a foot-note saying that while the President reluctantly granted the permission to go, he peremptorily refused to give permission for him to come back.

A VISITOR to John McCullough in the Asylum says that his likeness to his Virginius in the mad scene is startling and pitiful. He imagines that he is again acting the part of the deranged Roman. This is shown by his assumption of the poses which he employed on the stage, and his reproduction of the gait, facial expression, and even snatches of the language of the familiar prison scene.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

A BUFFALO editor delicately says that Mary Anderson is a Histrionic Icicle rather than a Dramatic Cocktail.

CHARLOTTE M. YONGE is now old and past sixty-three, but since 1854 she has written 120 books of various sizes.

AT a soiree or calling a French lady never carries her handkerchief in her hand; it occupies its right place in the pocket.

THE Boston Globe suggests that Mrs. Livermore should deliver the address at the celebration of the Louisville tobacco trade.

A TRAMP went into a house in Missouri and spit on the parlor carpet. The woman was sick in bed, but she got up an broke his collar-bone and ran him to the woods.

MRS. LANGTRY'S present engagement is in the Standard Theatre, Shoreditch, which is a dramatic drop for this alleged actress to what theatrically is the last ditch.

THE Princess Victoria of Teck, eldest daughter of the Princess Mary of Cambridge, Duchess of Teck, is called the prettiest royal maiden of a marriageable age now to be found in Europe.

CLARA HARRISON, of the Peace Society says that if we are to do away with wars the children must not be allowed to play with the soldiers. The Peace Society should go in strong against toy drums.

MARY ALLEN CARLYLE, the niece of the late great Thomas, has liberally contributed to a fresh volume of letters by Carlyle, showing him in a more lovable light than the collection made by Froude.

A COLORED woman named Mollie Williams, now in Memphis, claims to be an escaped slave from Cuba, and says she made her escape by swimming from Cuba to Hayti, in which trial she was supported by the mermaids.

IN an English town an infant fell from an upper story and landed upon the bustle of a lady's dress. A gentleman who was walking behind caught the little creature before it had time to roll off. The child was unharmed.

IN one year 602 colored women in Alabama applied for widows' war pensions, although their husbands were living and had never been in the army. It was the work of a pension agent who got his $5 from each one.

A WEALTHY New York lady's will provides that her numerous dogs, cats and birds shall be cremated and that their ashes shall be scattered upon her grave. The undertakers are eager for the provisions of the will to be carried out at once.

WYOMING grants the right of suffrage to women, and Mollie Hopkins has shown the people what a woman can do when she has her full rights. Mollie is only 22, and has seven husbands living, some of them divorced, though one was regularly married each time by a parson or justice of the peace.

IN Paris the display of handkerchiefs made by American women has oft been commented on by the French. Last winter an American lady toyed with hers so much when it was not on exhibition on her carriage, she had such a variety of them, that the gentleman gave her the soubriquet of "La dame au mouchoir."

A CONNECTICUT School Board has voted not to employ any schoolma'am who will not agree to remain single for a year. This is to prevent love-sick young ladies from taking the schools and devoting the time which should be employed in teaching the children to courting and riding around with the fellows."

MRS. LANGTRY and Fred Gebhard have been in Boulogne. By day they visited the rambling tables of the Casino and by night the public dancing room of this resort. As they were waltzing together Fred's foot slipped from under him, and he fell prostrate. His partner went tumbling after. A correspondent says that the Casino has since been densely packed with an expectant multitude.

MISS. RAMA, speaking of Mary Anderson, says: "I was greatly surprised when I saw her act. I had often heard people praising her beauty more than her acting, and when I saw her in the "Hunchback" it was a revelation to me. I thought that heaven had endowed her with all the qualities an artist could wish for. Her voice is wonderful. America is proud of her and I can well understand it."

A NEW of stores have rear show windows opening on as hotel veranda at Saratoga. In one of these the central object is a chemise. It is a delicate and intricate production of loom and needle work. It is part of a trousseau of a forthcoming bride, who is so generally identified as the prospective wearer of the admired garment that her name is commonly mentioned in connection with it.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 10.—The WORLD says: "Mr. Sherman's trial is an arraignment of the Republican party, which has been charged with the enforcement of the laws for the past twenty-four years, and is a proof that, either from incapacity, indifference or corruption, they are unfit to govern. How could restoring the Republicans to power correct the evil practices which Mr. Sherman alleges, when, according to his own statement, they have existed and been successfully carried out under long years of Republican rule?"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The suppression of $1 and $2 notes is useless for every purpose but that of making trouble. If it succeeds in provoking legislation at all, it will be legislation requiring treasury officials to issue just as many notes as are demanded by the people and taking away from them their present discretion in the matter. To imagine that so great a question as that of the encloe between the gold standard and the silver standard is to be decided by putting a few ounces of metal more or less into the people's pockets is supremely silly."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It is extremely probable that Morris A. Thomas, a man whose removal from the office of Indian Inspector is urged by citizens of his State acquainted with his discreditable record, will be restored to private life as soon as the charges against him have been investigated. That summary method of correcting errors in appointments should be applied in every similar case. It seems to us that the remedy is a very simple one and easy of application. We believe Secretary LAMAR will be of that opinion after a few trials of it, though he informed the delegation of Baltimore gentlemen who waited on him yesterday and laid before him some chapters in the personal history of Inspector Thomas that it is harder to undo an appointment than to make one. If that is really the case in the Interior Department, the machinery of removal should be oiled at once."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "As an investment, Higgins has paid Senator Gorman well. His position as appointment clerk has been used to the utmost in his patron's behalf, and other departments have apparently been so influenced by him that Gorman men have been distributed officially all over Maryland. No wonder Senator Gorman looks approvingly on Higgins and congratulates himself that his own return to the United States Senate is assured. Yet we can hardly consider this as a triumph in behalf of civil service reform."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Standing Complaint.

ST. LOUIS, September 9, 1885.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH:

Now comes "the winter of our discontent."

Demonstrances against the old fogy manner in which the Franklin avenue street cars are operated between Fourth street and Taylor avenue seem to be systematically ignored; probably because the company owning the line are actuated by the "public be d—d" policy. However, it is but just that the company should learn that there is a strong and justifiable dissatisfaction concerning the disregard which they exhibit towards their dividend suppliers. They treat their patrons who reside west of their stables like so many cattle, by compelling them to walk through the rain or mud at that point in order to change cars. This is wholly unnecessary and should be prevented. After the change is made they test their endurance by a long wait, so that "curses not loud but deep" are freely bestowed on the management and the line. If that company showed any disposition to make their line comfortable and quicken the speed of their cars, their customers would not now be hoping and praying for the advent of the cable cars. There is no good reason why the changing of passengers and the delay at the stables should not be stopped at once. There is no good reason why through cars should not be put on between Fourth street and Taylor avenue.

There is no good reason why the trip between Fourth street and Taylor avenue should not be made in ten minutes' time.

There is no good reason why the run between the stables and Taylor avenue cannot be made in one half the time that is now used. I appreciate this complaint will be met with the same indifference that other complaints have experienced. The writer has good reason to believe that he reflects the sentiment of the people living on that line, west of Grand avenue, when he states that its patrons dread the coming winter in view of the inadequate and insufficient accommodations they now have from the Franklin avenue street car line.

A PATRON.

Streets Badly Sprinkled.

ST. LOUIS, September 10, 1885.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH:

How long must the users of our streets be subjected to the curse of these ill-managed sprinkling carts? Will it never occur that a person can drive down town without covering his carriage with mud? The streets, both granite and asphalt, are sprinkled repeatedly during the day, when only one or two applications of water would be sufficient. This makes Olive street a sloppy, slippery street all day, from which mud is thrown over the occupants of carriages. The granite in front of the Post Office, which is sprinkled but once a day, is just as free from dust as the others, and has no mud. It seems that these sprinkling carts throw just as much water on the streets these cool days as though it was real hot weather. The asphalt on both Pine and Locust streets west of Jefferson avenue is sprinkled so much that it is quite unsafe to drive a horse down any of their inclines faster than a slow trot for fear of his slipping. The other night I saw a horse slip on the wet asphalt and almost crush the rider. Again, such ignorant sprinkling makes it impossible to check up a rapidly-moving team, on the slippery surface, and collisions are thus made doubly easy. Must a good thing be abused till it becomes a curse?

CITIZEN.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

E. HOLBOYD—The name Parnell is pronounced with the same emphasis on each syllable.

CHESTNUT BURRS (Lebanon Mo.)—Funk & Wagnalls, New York, are the publishers of Miss Cleveland's book.

JOHN SCHAEFER—You can get the information you want on the questions only by looking over the statutes of the State.

CONSTANT—The following are the remaining fairs in Illinois: Aledo, September 8 to 11; Camp Point, September 10 to 12; Hillsboro, September 10 to 12; Centralia, September 14 to 18; Charleston, September 8 to 12; Carbondale, October 12 to 16; Fairfield, September 21 to 25; Ewing Colony, September 15 to 18; Benton, September 15 to 18; Carrollton, September 15 to 18; Chester, October 6 to 9; Carlinville, September 15 to 18; Clinton, September 15 to 18; Carmi, September 15 to 18; Canton, September 8 to 11; Aledo, September 15 to 18; Carlinville, September 15 to 18; Clinton, September 15 to 18; Carmi, September 15 to 18; Canton, September 15 to 18; Chester, October 13 to 16; Jonesboro, September 15 to 18; Wenona, September 22 to October 2; Rockford, September 7 to 11; Marion, September 29 to October 2; Mattoonia, September 8 to 11.

THE OLD DEMOCRATS.

No Purpose to Their Meeting and Nothing Accomplished.

The meeting of the "Old Democrats" at the Lindell Hotel last night was not as prolific of good results as it was thought by those who went into it it would be. It was not a large meeting, nor a representative one, save of a class which is an office-hunting one purely. It was presided over by A. W. Alexander, D. C. Hornsby acting as secretary. While called for the purpose of discussing the matter of federal appointments it appeared to have no other purpose than to discuss city affairs until Gen. McKinstry fired up and called Mr. Stone, the Councilman, to task for assertions made in a speech just delivered. Mr. Stone had said that the Council could not legally remove any of the heads of departments in the city and was dilating upon his own Democracy when Gen. McKinstry asked him why, if the Council had not the power to remove city officers, he had voted for the removal of Superintendent of the Poor House Kirby and Police Justice Denison, and why, if he had only come to this conclusion after the removal of these gentlemen, he had not rescinded his vote. Why, he asked again, did he not go in for the removal of that "little fyce" Mott, instead of the removal of some of his clerks? Mott, the General said, had considerable patronage at his disposal, and was a man who had abused his office, yet he was permitted to stay while George Denison, who had not a stain upon his character, was removed. After frying Mr. Stone in this way for some time the General called attention to the fact that the meeting was called for some other purpose than to discuss small municipal affairs, and he then proceeded to "do up" those present who were loud among themselves, on corners and in hotels, against the character of a man who was a candidate for a federal position, and who yet failed to come forward and hold up the hands of their young representative, who had boldly and courageously drawn up charges against the candidate and filed them at Washington over his own signature. This was a manly act, and the young man, Mr. Glover, should be backed up by all those who, repeating the charges in private, had failed as yet to come forward. He was not averse to naming the candidate; it was R. D. Lancaster. Other speeches were made, but, there were so many conflicting elements in the meeting, and so little purpose in what they did, that the meeting adjourned without accomplishing anything, and it is not likely that another one will be called for some time to come.

A BRIGHT PROSPECT.

A Number of Visitors Attracted to the City by the Exposition Opening.

The opening of the Exposition has brought the usual rush of strangers to the city and the hotels are feeling the boom strongly. Every one of them was filled up last night, and some had to turn people away, as no Fair week preparations had been made to entertain guests. If the throng of visitors keeps up through the Exposition, this will be the greatest business season ever experienced in St. Louis. The hotel men, who are in the best position to judge of the prospect, were happy over the opening this morning. There was a throng around every hotel desk after the arrival of the trains and the clerks had all they could do attending to the wants of guests.

Mr. Willard of the Southern took time to say that the prospect was bright. "We are doing a fine business and the house is full."

"How does the opening compare with last year?" Beach it. There are more people in the city."

Mr. Henper of the Lindell said that his house had filled up last evening and the rush of visitors far exceeded that of last year. He said they looked for a big business straight through.

Mr. Prichard of the Laclede said they were compelled to send people away last night and the prospect was unusually bright. The same condition of things was found at the Planters', Hurst's and the other hotels. Most of the guests are country people and country merchants who have come to the city both for business and pleasure. While they will take in the Exposition, they will also attend to business. Many of them have their families with them.

MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

The Examination for Admission There to Take Place To-Morrow.

The examination for admission to the Manual Training School will be held to-morrow (Friday). Undoubtedly there will be a large attendance. Some twenty more or less free scholarships are to be competed for, and the contest is likely to be interesting. It has always been the policy of the school to admit a fair proportion of boys who had brains rather than money. Not that poverty is held to be a recommendation, but that where the boy is bright and ambitious it shall be no serious hindrance. Of course no boy, whatever may be his attainments, is expected to ask for a scholarship unless he really needs it. The standard admission is about the same as to enter the high school, and it is generally understood that those boys who have passed the examination for the latter are readily admitted to the former. The peculiar character and excellence of the Manual Training School is now pretty well known, though a few people are met with [illegible] who still think it is a "trade" school. The course of instruction is [illegible] giving all necessary particulars and application to C. M. [illegible] school.

THE C[illegible]

General Com[illegible] Orde[illegible]

LEAVENWORTH has returned [illegible] Indian Territo[illegible] Arapahoe and [illegible] will all be out this date. T[illegible] an officer at eac[illegible] to protect the c[illegible] to the sorting ou[illegible] which may have t[illegible] precludes the possi[illegible] Indians and cattle[illegible] Miles says, "have had [illegible] for there have been unusua[illegible] Territory, and what few bridge[illegible] the streams have been washed aw[illegible] has been so high they were com[illegible] slowly."

GERMAN METHOD[illegible]

Second Session of the St. Louis [illegible] Held To-Day.

The St. Louis German Conferenc[illegible] dist Episcopal Church form[illegible] morning, Bishop Cyrus D[illegible] presiding. The following [illegible] Secretary, Wm. Koenke[illegible] cording secretary, E[illegible] Iowa; secretary of mi[illegible] City, Iowa. The [illegible] pointed and then th[illegible] sented to the le[illegible] afternoon were [illegible] mittees and fr[illegible] evening a mis[illegible] Chaplain C. [illegible] preach. La[illegible] preached.

As a[illegible]

By [illegible]

L[illegible]

this mor[illegible] house, corner [illegible] to

A FAMILY QUARREL.

The Bitter Controversy Between the English and French-Canadians.

Violent Articles in the French Papers Repudiating the Charge That the French-Canadians Are Responsible for the Small-Pox Epidemic—A War of Boycotting Declared On Both Sides.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MONTREAL, September 10.—A few days ago a letter appeared in one of the English papers advising employers to discharge the French-Canadians as it was strictly due to their unclean lives and refusal to take precautions that the small-pox had spread to such an extent. Le Questendard, the Roman Catholic bishop's paper, repudiates the charge in a violent article yesterday morning, and says: "As contagion is feared from the bank bills handled by the inferior race, and their gold may be dimmed by the fever which never lea ves them, it were better to deliver the proud and fastidious Englishmen from any chance of taking the virus by never going near an English shop, an English office or an English warehouse. Let the French voluntarily exile themselves from their too susceptible neighbors, and give a chance to poor Canadians to make the money that English houses now make out of the pockets of the filthy Canadians. Just imagine," the paper continues, "English eyes, English ears, and, worse than all, English noses, to have unceasingly to see, to hear and to scent French-Canadians. It is really shocking. Ah! we are very culpable. Not only do we prostate in the streets at the risk of profaning the ground that our masters alone should tread, since they valiantly conquered it at the point of their valiant swords in the fights of Montmorency and Carillon; we even breathe the air that their superiority should insure them the right of breathing before us. And this the air that the cession made exclusively British. And in spite of all this, English though they are, they sometimes have to breathe second-hand air. Just fancy pure blooded Saxons having to breathe an air that has already been vitiated by French lungs! Shocking! Shocking! Alas, yes, we who never wash; whose epidermis shrinks from soap and water, as much as a good son of Luther from holy water; we, shaking with fever, perspiring cholera, covered with the hideous pustules of the small-pox, we throng around the counters of English gentlemen, we buy their goods, for which we pay cash. The English say 'boycott.' Well, let us, too, 'boycott.' Let never our hands, that know not scented soap and Eau de Cologne, dare to touch the luxurious fabrics the British lay in their spacious stores. Silk, lace and satin must be tarnished by good confessors of the small-pox. In this fashion will they be

DELIVERED FROM THE TYRRONS

our presence in-pires." La Patrie, the Mayor's paper, instead of attempting to reply to the charges made against the French-Canadians, contents itself with vilifying the English and hinting at rebellion. The following is from the pen of the principal writer, supposed to be Dr. Frechette, the poet laureate: "Fanatics, without credit or honor, are endeavoring once again to crush our valiant French-Canadian population. They are not able to accomplish it by legal means. They attempt it by falsehood. A band of scoundrels and bandits of the pen have made a idol of the misfortune existing among us to discharge the hatred which they have amassed on our account. Bandits, too cowardly to attack us in the face, they wait until a number of us are down before they fall upon us. The lies, the falsifications in the figures, all the foulness that their abominable fury can dream of to lower us, have not sufficed. They hoped to put us in quarantine and to annihilate as well. None of this has succeeded. The truth is told, and we know to-day that the English newspapers have lied. They have lied knowingly and in order to do injury. We know now that small-pox is not in an epidemic state in the city, and that the average mortality relatively to the population of the city is, as regards small-pox, less than that of London. Seeing their plans unmasked our enemies are unceasing in their desperation. 'Ruin them all,' such is their cry. They desire now to attack us by famine. 'No more French-Canadians in the factories,' this is their watchword. Here, again, they are unmasked. See now what they desire. They wish to see those who have made their fortunes for them die of starvation. The dream of the Herald's correspondent is to see laid out dead from misery and hunger our valiant French people. But stop there; we will not allow it to be done. Lower arms; or if not, look out, gentlemen of fanatics. The French, our fathers, one day said to your ancestors on the plains of Fontenoy, 'Fire first;' as for us, we will be more practical. You may be sure that we will not rise you if you force us to the end, and if you force us at once this ignoble fight where good and bad faith are your only arms."

There were twenty-three deaths from small-pox in the city yesterday, ten in St. Jean Baptiste village, two in St. Cunnegonde and three in St. Henrie, and Malson Neuve. Two women, accompanied by two children, were passengers by the train last night for Chicago. At Cote St. Luc, the Ontario Health inspector boarded the train and discovered that one of the children was suffering from small-pox. As soon as the fact became known a perfect stampede took place, and in an incredibly short time the car was in possession of the woman and children. The doors were locked and the car shunted to a siding and this morning it was coupled to the special Express. The case was reported to the Health Department and the child was taken to the Small-Pox Hospital. About 300 French-Canadian operatives employed by the Adams Tobacco Company, who struck rather than be vaccinated, have been ordered to return to work. One of the employes had his arm greatly swollen by rubbing it with tobacco juice to prevent the vaccine taking.

Crash in Green Coffees.

10 pounds good Rio $1.
9 pounds fine Santos $1.
8 pounds choice Mexican $1.
7 pounds good Guatemala $1.
4 pounds best Arabian Mocha $1.
Grand Atlantic Tea Co., 720 N. 5th street.

RACE SADDLES, 3½ pounds and upward. J. B. Sickles Saddlery Company, 1109 Washington ave.

LOST IN A GALE.

The Schooner Milton Lost—Wind-Bound Vessels Beginning to Clear.

CHICAGO, September 10.—The easterly gale which swept the lake Tuesday and yesterday was more severe and greater in area than any other gale of the season. The returns thus far show that the damage to the shipping exposed to the wind was quite general. The lake on the west shore between Chicago and Milwaukee is filled with floating lumber, shingles and lath, and in various places small pieces of wreckage have been seen. The weather has been so thick and foggy, however, that it is impossible for steamers passing up the shore to distinguish objects on the land. A number of vessels are long overdue here, and their coming is anxiously awaited. An unknown vessel was wrecked at Two Rivers, Wisconsin, yesterday. The shore is strewn with sails and rigging, cabin furniture, portions of cabin, cordwood and cedar posts. The main part of the hull, which looks to be twenty-five or thirty tons burden, is about five miles north of the harbor piers. Nothing was found to indicate the name of the vessel except a piece of monkey rail painted white with black letters five and one-half inches long, spelling "Milton." No bodies have been discovered on shore, and unless the crew abandoned the vessel or vessels wrecked, and sought safety in some other craft, they must have perished. Reports are still coming from all along the lakes of vessels driven ashore and wrecked, and others seen on the lake apparently in distress, who could not be reached during the storm. Several towing steamers were obliged to drop their tow lines to save themselves, and numbers of vessels thus abandoned have not yet been heard from. It is feared that the loss of life and property is very great.

VISITORS should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc, attached.

FREE BOOKS.

Mr. Brady's Scheme to Furnish Books to the Pupils in the Schools.

The following resolution was introduced in the School Board Tuesday night by Mr. Brady of the Fourth Ward:

Whereas, The pupils of the Normal School are furnished by the Board necessary books to pursue their studies in said school free of charge, and in order to grant like privileges and advantages to all children going to our schools;

Therefore, be it Resolved by the Board of President and Directors of the St. Louis Public Schools:

That all pupils attending the Public Schools of the city be furnished free of charge such necessary books as they may require in pursuing their studies, provided, however, that if such pupils injure, destroy, deface, or make away with such books so furnished them, their parents or guardians shall be required to pay for the same, or said pupils so injuring, destroying, defacing, or making away with said book or books shall be expelled from the school.

Resolved, That whenever a pupil leaves school they shall return said book or books so furnished him, or the price of the same, to the principal or teacher of the school.

Mr. Brady was seen to-day, and says that his resolution aims chiefly at doing away with the idea of pauperism and humiliating poverty that now attends the application for free books. He points out that the books are provided by what is called the "indigent" fund, which has an implication in its very name that grates on a person's sensibilities. His point is briefly that all books should be free, and that the cost is entirely within the revenues of the city.

THE COST

of carrying out the intentions of such a scheme would not be as great as is supposed. Putting the total number of pupils in the public schools at 39,000 and the cost for books per pupil at 85 cents, a reasonable figure, the city would have to pay out $33,150. This is the estimate given by the Supply Department of the Schools. But already there is the sum of $6,000 appropriated for the "indigent" fund for the purchase of books for the poor which, subtracted from the $33,150, would leave $27,150 as the actual amount to be added by the city to its appropriations for schools, which for 1885-6 amount to $942,550, of which $30,000 is for teachers' salaries.

BOYS' CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

We are making Boys' clothing to order at very reasonable prices. Those who have patronized our BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT appreciate our efforts in this direction. WE SOLICIT THE PATRONAGE OF ALL PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

A GIANT SKELETON.

Firebugs Destroy a Church—Abductors Foiled—Missouri Matters.

SPRINGFIELD, September 10.—The skeleton of a giant nine feet in height has been discovered in a cave nine miles from Thayer.

MEXICO, September 10.—The new church erected by the Holiness people was destroyed by fire yesterday. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

KANSAS CITY, September 10.—An attempt was made to abduct the 4-year-old child of B. F. Chase, the examiner of pensions. She was found in the possession of a man named E. F. Brewster.

ST. JOSEPH, September 10.—Another fire was discovered last evening at the residence of C. H. Foote. It was the eleventh attempt of the hired girl, who said she had been commissioned by an unseen power to burn the place.

LAMAR, September 10.—The heavy rains washed away the railroad bridges and traffic is temporarily suspended. The trial of Robert Chadwick for the murder of Samuel Goodman is in progress here. The court room is crowded.

STERLVILLE, September 10.—Thomas Bowyer shot and killed Lewis King last night. King had married a woman of loose reputation and Bowyer frequented her house. A quarrel ensued through jealousy.

HERMANN, September 10.—Burglars entered the residence of George Krsetly and took away a large amount of property.

WARRENSBURG, September 10.—John Lowe's lumber yard and Wm. Miller's paintshop and residence were destroyed by fire last evening.

TERRIBLE LAKE STORMS.

Divorced and Married in Half Hour—A Missing Youth—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, September 10.—The storm on the lake caused considerable damage to the shipping. The schooner Advance was water-logged and sunk south of Sheboygan.

CHESTER, September 10.—Johnson R. Scheil was granted a divorce last evening, and half an hour later he married Mrs. Sarah J. Guymas. He had been prosecuted for bigamy.

MT. CARMEL, September 10.—Mrs. Laura Gray and Walter Darling were arrested last evening for lewd cohabitation. Both parties are married and have large families. Emanuel Vasquez, a boy of 17, has disappeared mysteriously.

PEORIA, September 10.—The strike ing miners have adjusted their differences with the operators, and work is resumed.

DECATUR, September 10.—The Good Templars decided to hold the next meeting at Danville.

CENTRALIA, September 10.—There was a very large attendance at the Veterans' Reunion. Ex-Governor Hamilton delivered an address at the Fair Grounds.

$5 Per Set of Six

Solid silver teaspoons, the greatest value ever offered. Initials engraved free.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Magnificent line of solid silverware for bridal gifts.

MURDEROUS PROHIBITIONISTS.

Dastardly Attempt to Blow Up a Saloon and Dwelling With Dynamite.

LIMA, OHIO, September 10.—On Tuesday night an attempt was made to blow up with dynamite the hotel, saloon and residence of Neal & Bidwell, in the village of Westminster, not far from here. The saloon had recently been opened, and its presence was hotly opposed by some of the inhibitants. This opposition is credited with inspiring the effort. The whole front of the first story was blown away, and the interior wrecked. Neal and family, occupying an upper room, were thrown from their beds and bruised.

In the swampy districts and the low-lying lands of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama, where chills and fevers do most abound, there is no medicine which stands so high as Collins' Ague Cure. It is used by young and old of all classes and they will tell you that it never fails.

Murdered by Apaches.

EL PASO, September 10.—Two Mexican soldiers were killed by the Apaches near Sierra Blanca.

FORT WORTH, September 10.—The Prohibitionists were defeated by a majority vote of 1,627, in spite of organized effort on the part of the ladies.

Silk ($3 to $15) Umbrellas.

The most elegant stock ever shown (200 styles) for ladies and gentlemen. *Silver plate and name engraved free on each umbrella.*

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.

Elegant and desirable for presents.

Hotel Arrivals.

J. Buxbaum and wife, Memphis, Tenn., are at the Lindell.

Judge David Baker of the Illinois Supreme Court is at Hurst's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bowman, Boston, are guests at the Southern.

Wm. Barris and wife, Williamsburg, are stopping at the St. James.

D. S. Taylor and wife and Henry Green, Chicago, are at the Lindell.

Mrs. J. A. Miller and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Miller, Jr., are at the Planters'.

J. H. Palmer, Columbia, and T. F. Walsh, Montgomery, are at the St. James.

Mrs. J. L. Duckell and Mrs. L. Carver, Austin, Texas, are staying at the Planters'.

Mrs. J. T. Gunlis, Misses Eula and Maggie Gunlis, Sherman, Tex., are at the Southern.

G. W. Seibert, Cincinnati, and Col. Henry J. Deal, Charleston, Mo., are at Hurst's.

H. C. Taylor, Roanoke, Mo.; Judge W. F. Geiger, Springfield, Mo., and M. S. Cowles, Rich Hill, are at the Laclede.

G. C. Haynes and wife, Clinton, Mo.; D. L. Conner, Paris, Mo., and Henry Straiber, Marshall, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

J. E. Lapp, Moberly, Mo.; F. L. Lawrence and wife, Detroit, Mich.; D. G. Barron, Topeka, Kan., and R. J. C. Dyer and wife, Tamaroa, are at the Everett.

Lieut. J. J. Shaw, U. S. A., Fort Douglas, Utah; H. H. Goddard, Olney, Ill.; G. B. Allen, Greenfield, Ill., and A. J. Gantwood, Wellington, Kan., are at Hotel Brunt.

Ladies' Fine Rubber Garments, warranted. Day Rubber Co., 615 N. 4th st.

FINE coach and coupe harness. J. B. Sickles Saddlery Company, 1109 Washington avenue.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Creditors of a Soda Water Concern Seek to Restrain a Sale.

Twenty Thousand Dollars' Damages Claimed for Injuries to a Young Girl—Additions to the Divorce Docket—Delinquent Saloon-Keepers—Probate Matters.

The Mississippi Glass Company entered suit today against Charles Hannemann, George Deuber, Lena Hannemann and Fred Beisser. The Glass Company obtained judgment some time since against the firm of Hannemann & Deuber, white beer and soda-water manufacturers in the North end. The suit was on account of supplies and the judgment was for $1,874 61, but it was never satisfied. On the 23d of January, 1883, George Deuber gave a chattel mortgage to Mrs. Lena Hannemann covering the following property: One soda generator, two fountains, one force pump, two bottling machines, one stationary engine and boiler, one galvanized iron cooler, one bottle trough, one ice box, one pool table, four wagons, one buggy and five horses. The mortgage was executed as security for a note for $2,400, and Frederick Beisser was named as trustee.

It is alleged by the Mississippi Glass Company that the conveyance was without consideration, and was a fraud upon the creditors of the concern. A sale of the property under the deed is announced to take place in a few days, and the court is asked to set aside the deed, restrain the sale and appoint a receiver.

A Dangerous Hole.

Damage suits for $20,000 were filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Joseph A. Chouquette against Thomas O'Reilly. It is alleged that on the 11th of March Miss Aurelia Chouquette, a girl of 14, was walking along the sidewalk on South Seventh street and fell into a deep hole, receiving injuries which confined her to her room for upwards of three months. The excavation, it is alleged, was made by the defendant, and it was not guarded in any way.

Judgment is asked in the sum of $10,000 for the injuries sustained by the girl, and the further sum of $10,000 is asked by Joseph Chouquette for the loss of her services.

Delinquent Saloonkeepers.

Collector Saxton is stirring up the delinquent saloonkeepers. There are about 150 delinquents in respect of the half year's license, $350, due to the city, and $29 50 to the State. Yesterday the names of fifty delinquents were handed to the City Attorney for prosecution in the Police Court, and others will be placed on the list to-morrow.

After Ten Years.

Mrs. Katherine Howe has filed a petition in the Circuit Court seeking a decree of divorce from Sidney F. Howe. The marriage took place at Rochester, N. Y., June 16, 1873, and the separation occurred ten years later. Mrs. Howe alleges that she was a good, true and dutiful wife, and did everything in her power to make her husband comfortable and happy. She states, however, that he absented himself from home for no cause whatever, and remained absent. He failed to provide in any way for her support, and, having waited a reasonable time for him to return, Mrs. Howe appeals to the Court for relief. She asks for the restoration of her maiden name, Katherine Berry.

Appeal of a Convict's Wife.

Mrs. Mary Wiseman wants a decree of divorce from Thomas Wiseman. They were married September 21, 1881. Mrs. Wiseman alleges that when she was betrothed she had no knowledge of her husband's bad record and it was not until after her marriage that she discovered his true character. She was shocked beyond measure to hear that he had served a term in the Penitentiary for grand larceny, and not many months elapsed before he got into trouble again, was tried and convicted and is now serving a term at Jefferson City. Under the circumstances Mrs. Wiseman thinks that she is entitled to a divorce.

Matters in Probate.

The will of Elizabeth Feilmoser, bearing date July 20, 1885, was admitted to probate to-day. It is a brief document, covering but four lines of letter paper. Mary Ann Kraup is the sole legatee.

Letters of administration have been granted to Peter Bobe, executor of Ursula Bobe. The estate is valued at $1,500.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Ellen D. Lee, administratrix of Francis D. Lee. The estate is valued at $7,000.

Want the Furniture Back.

The Staley House Furnishing Company entered suit to-day against Mrs. R. M. Johnson to recover possession of some furniture at 3022 Thomas street, valued at $75. Judgment is also asked for $15 damages for detention.

PLAYING FOR THE MAD MONARCH.

Mme. Charlotte Wolter's Experience With the King of Bavaria.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, September 10. — Mme. Charlotte Wolter, the celebrated Viennese actress, recently performed before King Ludwig of Bavaria, and her own account of her experience on that occasion is told by Albert Wolff in the Paris Figaro: King Ludwig, it appears, has had Theodora," mounted at the Munich Theater with even greater luxury than at the Porte St. Martin, for his own, sole behoof and delectation, not even suffering that the scenery and dresses used for his private performance should be desecrated by exhibition to the vulgar herd when the play is publicly produced next winter. He at first wished Mme. Wolter to play Theodora, but as she had not yet studied the part—which she is soon to perform at Vienna, by the way—she was forced to decline. It was determined that Mme. De Pompadour in Brachvogel's "Narcisse," should be the part in which Mme. Walter should make her appearance before the Hermit King. The performance was to commence at midnight. At 11:30 the actors were all gathered on the stage, where they waited in dead silence the royal command to begin. At 12 precisely an electric bell announced that the King had left the palace and was on his way to the theater by his private passage. A second signal soon made known that his Majesty was in his box, and instantly the curtain rose, as to have kept the King waiting one single moment would have entailed the gravest consequences for the management. There were no lights in the house, but the light from the stage, of course, penetrated it dimly. The single spectator in the royal box was totally invisible and remained absolutely silent from the beginning to end of the performance. When the curtain at last fell between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning, the actors were ordered to remain silent on the stage lest any noise should disturb the reverie in which it was the King's habit to remain plunged for some time after the performance was over. At last a bell announced that he had taken his departure and

THE STATUES WERE RELEASED.

An old chamberlain at once waited upon Mme. Wolter in her dressing-room and conveyed to her an enormous bouquet and a piece of jewelry with the compliments of the King.

"I begged the old chamberlain," the actress continued, "to have the kindness to convey to his Majesty the expression of my gratitude, but he informed me that, according to etiquette, the artist must thank the King in writing. I was dropping with fatigue, and told the functionary I would have the honor of writing to his Majesty the following day. The old gentleman replied that the King could not be kept waiting. He was expecting my answer then, and that he (the chamberlain) would have the honor of taking and there dictating it to me in the form imposed by the Court. I had to submit, and it was not till 3 in the morning that I was free to return home. I did not see the King," added Mme. Wolter, "either before, during or after the performances. He had traversed my artistic life like an invisible spirit. At this moment I cannot quite assure myself that the whole thing was a reality and not a dream. I do not say," she concluded, "that I should like always to play under such circumstances, but I am delighted to have gone through this experience, which has given me a new sensation in my art."

TURF goods and English riding equipments. J. B. Sickles Saddlery Company, 1109 Washington ave.

HE MAKES NO THREATS.

Now Something Awful May Happen if the Southeast is Not Recognized.

Among the last stragglers who have been left from the political pie feres held by Senator Cockrell are State Senator Oliver of Cape Girardeau and Mr. Watkins of Bay County. Senator Oliver came up to champion the cause of Mr. Byrd, the Southeast Missouri candidate for the Collectorship. He appeared to be in excellent spirits this morning, and said:

"I think good results came from that conference. Senator Cockrell, as the representative of the entire commonwealth, did just right to inform himself on the matter of the offices, but he was very prudent."

"Not many promises were given?"

"No, I think not; but I see no reason for discouragement in the case of Mr. Byrd."

"No reason for discouragement? Most of them are in the same fix, are they not?"

"I think I can say more than that. I have reason to be encouraged. The strength of the Democracy of the State lies in the Southeast, and it ought to be recognized. If it is persistently not recognized I am inclined to think that I should favor making it a closely contested portion of the State."

"In other words, if the Southeast should not be recognized the next Senatorial election might be seriously affected?"

"I said the State. I never believe in revenge, and make no such threats. I have nothing to say against Green, Barnum or Anderson, but Byrd is the man."

$1 50—Read This.

The use of an elegantly engraved card imparts tone and character to the visitor. Every lady and gentleman should at once avail themselves of the offer of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust streets, to furnish finely engraved copper-plate and 100 cards printed from it for the extraordinary low price of $1 50. Place your orders at once.

Wedding invitations elegantly engraved and printed at very reasonable rates.

SUBURBAN SIFTINGS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Neighboring Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JACKSONVILLE, ILL., September 9.—The Morgan Cadets held their annual election of officers September 7.——The Conference of the M. E. Church meets at Rushville on Thursday of next week.——The public schools open next Monday. The Illinois Female College and the Jacksonville Female Academy open to-day.——The institutions for the blind and deaf and dumb open September 16.——Mrs. John Davis returned from St. Louis Monday night.——The annual reunion of Old Settlers takes place to-morrow at the Fair Grounds.

COLLINSVILLE, ILL., September 9.—Mr. W. Birch was a visitor at Mr. Ben Savitz' this week.——Miss Florence Hookleroad returned from Belleville Monday.——George Gerding and C. A. Ambrosius went over to Terre Haute Friday.——Dr. Merrill paid St. Louis a visit Thursday.——Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevens have returned from a visit to St. Paul.——Mr. W. R. McAfee returned from Chicago Sunday morning.——Mrs. J. L. R. Wadsworth and J. R. Wickliffe paid a visit to St. Louis Tuesday. ——Miss Hattie Scheil of Hamilton, Ohio; Misses May and Nellie Surard of St. Louis, were entertained by Misses Mamie and Margaret Reed, Tuesday.——Mrs. Mary Wilsmeyer, Hamilton, Ohio, was a guest of John Schoettles this week.

WARRENSBURG, Mo., September 8.—The spell of fast and long continued rains ended to-day by a glorious sunset. On Monday, the day of fastest rain, the rainfall was 2½ inches, the heaviest here for several years.——The war against freight discrimination by the POST-DISPATCH is doing good here, the people anticipating with pleasure and relief the building of the Missouri Central, the proposed road from St. Louis to Kansas City. It is rumored that the Missouri Pacific will soon erect a fine stone depot in this city. It is high time.——The Normal School begins the school year with a larger number of new scholars at this term than in any previous year.——To-day your correspondent met Senator Cockrell on the streets, and greeted him with the remark that he was pleased to see him (the Senator) at home again and alive and hearty. The Senator laughingly replied "that he was glad to be home, but that he really enjoyed his stay in St. Louis; that he found things in good shape and harmonious, and that he went to the city for the purpose of a conference with those who were there."

JOPLIN, JASPER COUNTY, MO., September 8.—Mrs. James Broadley and her daughter have returned home from visiting relatives at Neosho.——Mrs. William Picher and daughter are spending a few days with Mrs. E. W. Harper at Carthage.——Judge O. H. Picher and Col. D. U. Preston have left for New York and Boston.——Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Pruisman of Lehigh were visiting friends last week.——Mrs. L. C. McCarty entertained a party of friends at her rooms in the Joplin Hotel a few evenings since.——Mrs. T. E. Gray has returned to Carthage from her visit to Mrs. G. A. Case and other relatives here.——Mrs. Hedrick of Granby has left for home, after visiting Mrs. Huddiestone of East Joplin.——Miss Cora and Miss Eliza Nevins have returned from a visit of several weeks with relatives at Sarcoxie.——Miss Belle Stafford, after a two weeks' visit with friends at Springfield, Mo., has returned.——Miss Annie Irwin has left for Sarcoxie for a prolonged stay with friends.——Mrs. C. Livingston is visiting her daughter, Mrs. S. A. Kaseltine, near Springfield, Mo.——The Convent of Our Lady of Mercy, opened yesterday with a number of pupils.——The West Joplin Public schools also began their fall and winter term on Monday, with many hundred scholars, and a talented corps of lady teachers, under the supervision of Professors Mason, Underwood and County Commissioner Arnold of this city.——Miss Florence Fillmore's surprise party last week, on her return from St. Louis and Chicago, was a very delightful entertainment to all parties.——The marriages of Miss Elizabeth Queener and Mr. T. Rentfro, of Newton County, and of Miss Mary Cox and Mr. John Black, of Jasper County, by Probate Judge Hilgore, of Carthage, also the union of Miss Siletta Bayless and Mr. John McHennie at Joplin, by Squire Orear, of this city, were among last week's most pleasant events in Jasper County.

CENTRALIA, MO., September 9.—Dr. J. D. Hulen and wife are visiting relatives in Moberly.——Miss Jennie Kames of this place has taken control of a school fifteen miles south of Centralia.——Miss Daisy Cash, of Centralia, has gone to Fayette to attend school.——Miss Laura Laws, of Shelbyville, is visiting the family of W. H. Gooch.——Miss Fanny Elliott, of Everett, has been visiting her Centralia friends.——Judge J. M. Angell of near Centralia was recently severely kicked on the elbow of the right arm by a vicious horse. The injuries are quite painful though not serious.——Miss Lucy Berry, of Hallsville, is a guest of Miss Surbie Summers.——Miss Nettie Summers has a position as teacher in the Columbia public schools.——The Sunday School State Board of the Christian Church met at Eld. J. W. Monser's in Centralia September 8. The following from a distance were present: John Burns of St. Louis, J. H. Hardin of Hannibal, J. W. Higbee of Mexico, R. M. Giddens of Macon City and J. W. Mountjoy of Columbia.——Mrs. H. S. Williams has returned from an extended visit to her mother in Maryville, Mo.——Eld. R. M. Giddens of Macon City delivered an able sermon in the Christian Church here the evening of September 8.——Miss Lou Roberts, of Kentucky, is a guest of J. A. Chance and family.

COLLINS' AGUE CURE has become a household word throughout the malarial regions of the country as the most certain of all remedies in chills and fever and all other forms of malaria and bilious complaints. All druggists and country merchants sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

MISSES' and Boys' Rubber Garments. Day Rubber Co., 615 N. 4th st.

The Result of Overwork.

WORCESTER, MASS., September 10.—Rev. Albert S. Hudson, Congregational clergyman of Ayer, was sent to the Insane Asylum yesterday. The cause is overwork, he being engaged in addition to his pastoral labors in writing the history of the town of Sudburg.

COLLINS' AGUE CURE absolutely removes from the system the cause of chills and fever by a few days' use, radically correcting all deranged action of the liver, and is, in short, the grandest restorative in the world. All druggists sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

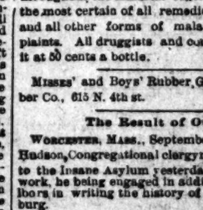
At Less Than Cost.

Fire-proof, Fire and Burglar-Proof, and Bankers'

SAFES.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

BEARD & BRO.'S SAFE AND LOCK CO.
Manufacturers, 918, 920, 922 N. Second St.

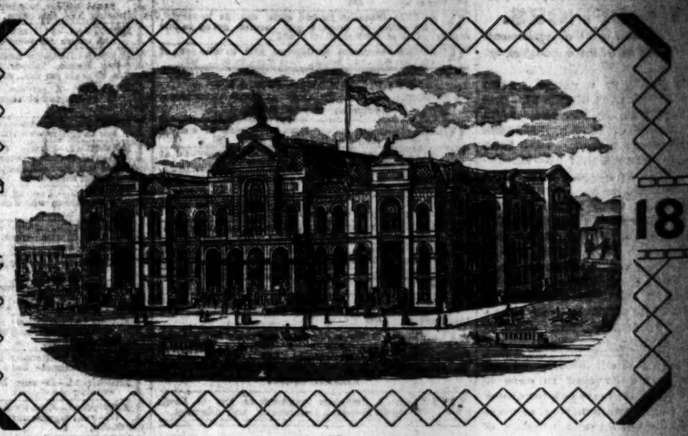


Among medicinal means of arresting disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stands pre-eminent. It checks the further progress of all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, revives the vital stamina, prevents and remedies chills and fever, increases the activity of the kidneys, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism, and is a gentle stay and safeguard against infirmity and nervous pains. The article whereever used, derived from the purest and most reliable sources. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS!

ST. LOUIS

EXPOSITION



Open Daily, Sundays Excepted, 8 a. m. to 10:30

Music Afternoon and Even

Admission: Adults, 25c; Children, 15c.

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION

FAIR GROUND RACE

TO-MORROW AND SATURDAY.

FIVE RACES EACH DAY.

Hotel Stakes and Four Purse Races
TO-MORROW.

Merchant and Brewers' Stakes
And Three Purse Races
SATURDAY.

Commencing at 2:30 P. M., Sharp.

Admission to Grounds, including seat in Grand Stand and Privileges of the Betting Stand, $1; Private Box, seating six persons, one day, $10. A rebate of one half the box charges to Club Members.

PARLOR DESKS. | PATENT CHAIRS. | LADIES' WORK TABLES. | FANCY TABLES.

Continually on hand at lower prices and more beautiful designs than ever known before. We have the most skilled workmen that can be found East or West.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 304, 306, 308 LOCUST, BETWEEN 3d AND 4th.

AMUSEMENTS.

PANORAMA—SIEGE OF PARIS,
Battle of Chatillon.
Also Assassination of the Archbishop of Paris. Washington av. and 18th st. Open 8 a. m. to 11 p. m. Sundays excepted.

Radiant Home
Base Burner Stoves.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
508 N. Fourth St.

Marriage and death notices will be charged at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

DIED.

HASSEBROCK—My beloved wife, MINNIE K. HASSEBROCK, nee Cramer, Wednesday, September 9, at 2:30 a. m., aged 23 years, 2 months and 7 days.

Funeral from 1215 Wash street Friday, September 11, at 1 o'clock p. m., to church, corner Thirteenth and Tyler streets, thence to St. Peter's Cemetery. Friends are cordially invited. H. F. HASSEBROCK.

MCCARTHY—September 9, at 3 o'clock, MICHAEL MCCARTHY, aged 57.

Funeral from family residence, 1825 Poplar street, Friday, September 11, 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family requested to attend.

MERRELL—At Denver, Col., at 5:30 o'clock, 10th inst., JACOB S. MERRELL, in the 69th year of his age.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

MCALLISTER—CHARLES MCALLISTER, at Chicago at 57 years.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at 2 o'clock, September 10, 1885, from the residence of John McAllister, Lay avenue (Kennedy Carolina) north of Baden ave.

MERRITT—ELIZABETH, beloved wife of John F. Merritt, after a short severe illness, aged 39 years and 2 months.

Funeral from her late residence, 2310 Howard street, Saturday, September 12, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.

THE COMEDIANS
EVANS AND HOEY,
—IN A—
PARLOR MATCH.
TO-NIGHT.
Fun, Funniest, Fun. Laugh, Laughing, Laugh
Sunday, Sept. 13, Harry Lacy's Comedy Company in Satan's Diary.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Commencing MONDAY, SEPT. 14, one week only.
Nat C. Goodwin's Comedy Comp'y
In the latest success.
The Skating Rink
Sale of seats for Mr. Goodwin's Engagement opens this morning at the Box Office of the Olympic at 9 o'clock.

POPE'S

Matinee Saturday at 2 p.m. To-Night at 8, and all the week.
Adah Richmond American Burlesque Co.
IN
A SLEEPING BEAUTY.
Our Incandescent Lights are Pure, Cool and Brilliant. Sunday, September 13—Frances Bishop and Alfred McDowell in "Nugg's Landing."

STANDARD THEATER

DAN'L SULLY'S CAPITAL PRIZE
TO-NIGHT.
Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and next Sunday.
Next Sunday night—Pauline Markham's Musical Comedy, "Dolly's Luck."

CASINO.

OUR ALL-STAR SPECIALTY COMPANY.
Everything new. Annie Hart's Company next week.
No Matinee Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE-BALL.
UNION GROUNDS.
St. Louis vs. Chicago
TO-MORROW.
Admission 25 cents.

BROADWAY & TREISBET'S
Palace Museum
North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.
JAMES A. BARNES, Sole Lessee and Manager.
Every Day from 1 to 10 P. M.
ROSE—The Wild Girl.
IRISH GIANT, WIFE AND BABY.
PHANTOM LADY.
HUMAN BILLIARD BALL.
EDUCATED DOG.
PUNCH AND JUDY.
ELEGANT STAGE SHOW.
ADMISSION TO ALL.

ST. LOUIS NATATORIUM
Nineteenth and
TO-NIGHT, F
MANAGER
A splendid pro
Events.
Ladies and Gentlemen
throughout by steam.

FAIR
Open
Races Saturd
Adults, 25c;
Special music

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation—By first-class cook; can do all kinds of fine-class cooking; best city ref. Ad. G 54, this office. a29

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation—By a girl 14 years old; wishes a place to nurse or do light housework. 1203 E. 7th st., old number. a30

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two girls wish situation to do general housework. G 53, this office. a32

WANTED—A lady wants copying to do at home. Ad. D 50, this office. a32

WANTED—By a girl who has had experience at the Exposition, a position. 2581 Thomas st. a32

WANTED—Situations by a cook and house girl, sister by fine German general housework girls. Call at 1921 Geyer av. a32

WANTED—Situation by two girls, one as housegirl, the other as kitchen girl; prefer going in one family. Call at 108 Russell av. a32

WANTED—Situation by German girl to take care of and work around house. 1415 Morgan st. w46

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

general housework.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 1917 Oregon av. f26

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework at 2539 Eiliot av. a26

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 1913 N. 6th st. f26

WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family. Apply at 4001 Cook av. f26

WANTED—Girl for general housework for family of 3. New house, 1114 Leonard av. a29

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in family of three. 3729 California av. a26

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 1013 Monroe st. a26

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family, one who can speak German preferred. Ad. 1044 Park av. a26

WANTED—At Once—German woman for general housework; must be a first-class laundress; family of two. Ad. 1008 Pine st. a26

Laundresses.

WANTED—A first-class laundress at the St. Louis Children's Hospital, Jefferson av. and Adams st.

Cooks.

WANTED—Meat and pastry cook. Apply 2069 Easton av. a26

WANTED—A good cook at 4010 Old Manchester Road; good wages. a26

WANTED—A cook at 829 N. Broadway. a26

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Ten sewing machine operators, overall or jumper makers preferred; good pay and steady work for competent hands. Missouri Tent and Awning Co., 219 and 220 Chestnut st. a29

Nurses.

WANTED—An experienced nurse girl to take care of children; ref. req. 3645 Olive st. a20

WANTED—Experienced nurse girl at 2123 Dayton st. a20

WANTED—A nurse girl at 1213 Olive st. a20

WANTED—A good German girl to nurse and to assist in housework. Ap. 1309 Madison st. f20

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good dining-room girl, with refs. Inquire at Mellen's Hotel, 410 Market st., up-stairs.

WANTED—Girl for upstairs work at Weaver's Restaurant, 110 N. 9th st. a21

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. M. M. LADD, MODISTE, will be pleased to see her patrons at her new place of business, 2223 Washington av. s22

AGENTS WANTED.

MARSH ELECTRIC LAMP, 809 Pine street. Get Cuts and Prices. f3

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Two ladies, variety specialties. Call before 9 o'clock this evening. St. Louis Dramatic Agency, People's Theater.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. PITZPORTER—Office No. 206 S. 14th st. Female and Chronic diseases specialties. 24

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By two quiet young gents, a nicely furnished room, with breakfast, supper and sunday dinner; terms not to exceed $30 per month. Ad. O 54, this office. a29

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms, in West End, with board, for a family of 7; no children; respectable parties. B 52, this office. f20

HOUSES. ROOMS. ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A furnished room for light housekeeping by man and wife. Address stating price, W 54, this office. a21

FOR RENT—Second-story front room in private family in the West End. Ad. K 54, this office. a31

WANTED—A good location for a barber southwestern part of the city. Ad. F 54, this office. a31

WANTED—By a young gentleman, a room in nice neighborhood for transient use. Ad. A 54, this office. a21

WANTED—A nice, quiet room, fur., for 1 month from the 15th, by quiet gentleman; no ref. asked. O 53, this office. f21

WANTED—Everybody to save money by getting their rooms and houses furnished 10 per cent cheaper than cash prices. Geo. W. Jones & Co., House Furnishers, 22 and 24 S. 14th st. f1

WANTED—By a couple without children, three unfurnished 2d-story rooms with bath, or would join a couple in renting a house; best of references given and required. C 53, this office. f21

WANTED—Four rooms in private family without children for housekeeping; must be first-class, write location and full particulars. Ad. H 53, this office. a21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—A place for small dairy; year or two lease. Ad. 1106 N. 18th st. a32

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner, with $200, in grocery store. For particulars call on H. Lipper, 1104 Franklin av. s26

WANTED—A partner in the jewelry business, with about $5,000 to invest in a live town of 3,000 inhabitants; must be a good workman and be competent to take charge of the business; a good chance for the right man. Address with reference K 43, this office. 29

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Respectable widow wishes one or more children to board and care for; terms reasonable; no objection to an infant. Ad. K 50, this office. 26

WANTED—A 50-inch bicycle. Address, stating terms, E 54, this office. a29

WANTED—People! Your photos electrographed into tile pillows [cabinets], $1 each. Central Supply, 607½ N. 20th st. a26

WANTED—100 doz. pigeons at $2 per dozen. L 55, this office. a26

ALL wishing to build send 25 cents for "A Home for Everybody," containing forty-six designs for city and country residences, schools and court houses, just stor es, published by J. B. Legg, architect. southeast cor. Olive and 5th sts., St. Louis. 26

A VACANT LOT is not a profitable piece of property. Have a house built on monthly payments, and let the rent pay for it. P. H. GOSS, 1094 N. 6th st. 26

WRINGERS repaired; cheapest work in city; new wringers $2 50; warranted 2 years; called for and delivered free; drop postal. Wm. G. Willard, 3184 S. 7th.

CLOTHES wringers repaired at half the old price. Erie Wringer Co., 1509 Franklin av. 22

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Watch and Chain—On Fifth or Olive st., September 9, lady's small nickel watch and chatelaine; the finder will be properly rewarded by leaving same at Tyler Desk Co., 5.5 N. 4th st. f20

LOST—One chain bracelet, 5-pearl setting, between 1st Barr's and Gumarsall's; reward given on return to 611 N. 18th st. a30

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—Some good dwelling houses for a stock of goods. Will Firth, Moberly, Mo. f26

BOOKS.

AUDUBON'S Birds and Quadrupeds in folio; most rare edition. Dan Linahan, 4th and Washington av.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS M. F. BROOKS' School for Young Ladies reopens at 3320 Locust st., September 16. Fifty pupils accommodated. s

WANTED—A position as teacher or governess; 10 years' experience. Address F. Ward, St. Louis.

MEDIA (Pa.) ACADEMY for Boys. Best of College. Special Drill for Backward Boys. Single or double rooms. All students board with Principal, SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE (Harvard A. B. and A. M.) 22

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 2d and 320 Olive st., established 1874. Trial free. 27

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—Fair Ground gate, 8 p. m.; Received too late; make another appointment. Address T 49, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Gent of 24 would like to meet young lady of same age; object, amusement. Ad., R 54, this office. a1

PERSONAL—T. K., South St. Louis: Letter won't reach you. Please write again and give address or make appointment. Ad. in confidence, T 54, this office. a1

PERSONAL—If Mr. William M., a river engineer and yacht builder, is alive he will find an old friend by addressing B 55, this office. a1

PERSONAL—T: I saw the dog. Let me know when and where for some day soon. Ad. A 55, this office.

PERSONAL—Cosby Restaurant, 826 Olive, opposite Custom House. Dinner 25 cents; oysters, New York counts, 75 cents per doz., any style. Open day and night.

FOR SALE—A private boarding house with 20 beds, 12 rooms and 20 regular boarders. Inquire at 703 Gratiot st. a1

PERSONAL—Sweetheart: Will be a-way; let Italia's fair daughter wait till next week. S. a1

PERSONAL—Highly respected, middle-aged widow desires the acquaintance of an elderly gent of some means; can unincumbered financially; object, amusement. K 55, this office. a1

PERSONAL—A young lady wishes the acquaintance of a gentleman who would assist her immediately. F 54, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Planters' House: Would like to meet gent, blue suit, who handed ray to lady; stranger. M 54, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Saturday 4 p. m. or 8 p. m. J. S. a1

PERSONAL—G. Dunbar was out of city when note was received from lady on Keokuk train; please make another engagement. a1

PERSONAL—Central Restaurant, (Thatcher's Cafe), popular prices: best 25c combination meals in America; 6th near Olive. s1

PERSONAL—Rebecca I. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electric magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundries.

PERSONAL—Dickey: Meet me same place Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. G. a1

PERSONAL—Cosby's Restaurant and Dairy Lunch, 826 Olive, opposite Custom House. Meals served at all hours; regular dinner 25c; oysters in any style 25c per dozen. f

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

THE CELEBRATED AND SUCCESSFUL SUMMER Resort, The Oakwood, Green Lake, Wis., is offered for sale. Possession given at once. Apply to DAVID BARKER, Receiver, Oakwood, Fond du Lac, Dartford, Wis. References: Mr. James M. Francisous, Mr. Chas. W. Barnum, Mr. R. C. Simmons, of St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—A first-class cigar store in the best business location; cause, sickness. Inquire at 321 Morgan street. s4

FOR SALE—Furnished house of 8 rooms, full of good rooms; cheap. 1214 Olive.

FOR SALE—An interest offered to energetic business; one of the best located grocery stores in St. Louis; no opposition; daily sales $75; stock about $4,000; terms cash. Ad. G 52, this office. s4

FOR SALE—Book store in post office; 8,000 inhabitants; best town in S. E. Missouri; rare chance; good reasons for selling. Ad. A. J. Hunt, Columbus, Kan. s4

FOR SALE—Saloon, ten years established, good locality, nice business; rent cheap, price low, bargain; have other business. T 51, this office. s4

FOR SALE—Cheap—One of the best coal yards in St. Louis; owner desiring to leave city. Apply at 1961 N. 9th st. f4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—One good fire-proof safe, 31 inches high, 20 inches wide, $25. No. 17 N. 2d st. 5

On Time Payments.

H. Walker, dealer in furniture, stoves, carpets and household goods in general, cheap for cash or on time payments, 308 N. Main st., St. Louis, Mo. Mattresses renovated, parlor suits re-upholstered and furniture generally repaired. 5

FOR SALE—Or exchange, 1st-class cook stove for a parlor heating stove. Address W 53, this office. s3

FOR SALE—New furniture and carpets of nine-room house; good location; in handsome house. Ad. R 54, this office. s3

FOR SALE—Merchants' Exchange certificate dues '85 paid. Address S 52, this office. 15

OLD COINS FOR SALE—American, English, French, German and miscellaneous coins. Apply G 52, this office. s3

FOR SALE—One safe cheap, and one merchant's membership ticket, 418 Chamber of Commerce Building. s5

FOR SALE—Bicycle 50 inch; good as new; $35. Wm. Shaw, 3121 Iowa av. s5

FOR SALE—The furniture of 4 rooms near Exposition; rent cheap; good location; with privilege of more room if desired. Ad. P 54, this office. s5

AN ACRE OF FURNITURE

And Household goods at the People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company on time payments. No charge or interest. 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. s5

FOR SALE—Cheap—All kinds of second-hand furniture, good as new, at private sale to pay charges. Call at the Fidelity Storage & Forwarding, 713 and 715 4th st. 25

FOR SALE—Cheap—One Buck's Brilliant, one large walnut table, one Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine. S. L. Smith, 1617 Morgan st., city. s5

Spectacles To Suit All Eyes

from $1 up. Solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments; eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis. Office open from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Send postal. S. S. Drefus, 1736 Franklin av. s

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. s

FOR SALE—A large assortment of trunks and musical instruments at Medart, pawnbroker, 1102 Franklin av

FOR SALE—Handsome pug and black and tan dogs; maltese kittens, young Southern mocking birds at A. Bohne's Bird Store, 102 N. 6th st.

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 913 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fixtures go to Dunn's loan office, 913 Franklin av. 5

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

UNA F. SILVA, the clairvoyant and clairaudiant, has removed to 1240 Franklin av. 74

MRS. WILCOX, truest fortune-teller, 909 N. 15th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 3 days; ladies received only. 74

TAPE WORM.

DR. A. W. RAMEY, specialist in treatment of tape worm. Head guaranteed or no pay. Thousands of references. Office, 827 Olive st. Write for circular. 14

COMPLEXION—Ladies and gentlemen: Madame Sher man has greatest of all dermatologists, is in town and guarantees the removal of liver-spots, moth-patches, tan, freckles, moles, blackheads, pimples, superfluous hair and any eruptions of the skin; also redness of the nose caused from strong drink or otherwise. Treats the hair and cures baldness. Consultation free. Hours from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 3 to 7 p. m. 1206 Washington av., St. Louis. s74

REBECCA L. ADY, M. D., in addition to her general practice in medicine, treats with magnetism, electricity and baths in every form for ladies and gentlemen; patients have their choice of male or female attendants; baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for sick; also manicure treatment. 1422 Olive st. s74

PERSONAL—Prof. Zibois, medium, asks no questions, tells names of visitors, ladies their maiden and married names, whom and when to marry; reunites the separated; advises in business, contracts, health; also in fishing, chewing, etc. Satisfaction or no pay. 1409 Olive. 74

PERSONAL—Why do you always go to John Grandmeyer, 94 and 95 Union Market? Because he gives a square measure, and goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. s

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune-teller of New Orleans, gives advice in matters of business, love and matrimony; she unites friends and lovers, causes speedy marriages, locates hidden property and cures drunkenness in one week. 813 N. 16th st. 74

SABINE'S Matrimonial Agency, 813 N. 16th st., bet. Morgan and Franklin av. 74

FOR SALE—Cheapest lot of clothing in the city, at M. Medart's, Pawnbroker, 1102 Franklin av. 74

CASH OFF clothing bought by N. Bara co., 819 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

ALL SORTS.

THOMAS HEALTH RESORT. TURKISH, ELECTRIC & SULPHUR BATHS. 1117 OLIVE ST. LADIES HOURS UP TO 12 M. DAILY PRACTICAL DERMITOLOGIST CHIROPODIST & BARBER IN ATTENDANCE

P. MEISINGER & REINHARDT—1839 Franklin st.—Have for sale a nice new No. 8 Bridge Beach Range, with boiler, for sale a nice new No. 7 cooking stove, new Bakewell, Western Foundry, for $16, cost price $60; nice stoves for $6 to $14, of all kinds. Second stoves sent and exchanged for new ones. Also hardware, tinware and all household goods sold for cash or on time payments. s23

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 613 Walnut St.

Double houses on city water connection. Terms monthly. Terms generally reasonable. 23

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. s

A THOUSAND chromo cards, sweet-scented or bill heads for 50 cents. Howard Steam printer, 1726 Franklin av.

HONEST cash prices paid for second-hand clothing. Call or address D. A. Fenain, 616 Morgan. 26

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

121 N. EIGHTH ST.—Two nicely furnished and very desirable rooms. 15

124 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Second story furnished front rooms for rent; private family. s18

303 N. TWELFTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for rent near Exposition Building. s13

303 N. TWELFTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, near Exposition Building. f13

311 N. THIRD ST.—Furnished rooms, large front and back, $6 and $10 per month. s13

603 WALNUT ST.—Opposite People's Theater—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen. s18

711 N. FOURTEENTH ST.—Pleasant furnished rooms. f14

811 WALNUT ST.—One furnished room, suitable for two gents, or man and wife. s13

817 N. SEVENTH ST.—Nice cheap rooms. Jos. A. Smith. 15

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegant furn. front room, without board; gents only; gas, bath; fire free.

918 N. BROADWAY—One nicely-furnished second story front room, suitable for two gents. s13

923 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front room, south, en; also, connecting room. Rent moderate. m13

1002 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms to men, or families without children; first-class board if desired. w13

1008 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor, also 2d-story front room, with every convenience. s13

1027 N. NINTH ST.—Four rooms. s13

1121 LOCUST ST.—Nicely fur. rooms; neighborhood quiet and pleasant; terms reasonable. s13

1136 S. SEVENTH ST.—One room, furnished, for gentlemen or light housekeeping, cheap. f13

1136 S. SEVENTH ST.—There rooms and kitchen on the first floor; terms moderate. f13

1208 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; gas and bath. s13

1300 WASHINGTON AV.—Parlors, furnished or unfurnished; 2d and 3d story front rooms; nicely furnished. s13

1302 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. rooms with use of bath. s13

1314 PINE ST.—Choice rooms, furnished or unfurnished. s13

1322 PINE ST.—Elegantly furnished rooms with bath and gas in a small private family. f13

1421 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; private family. s13

1506 PINE ST.—One furnished hall room, $6 per month, or $1 per week. s13

1516 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly fur. room by the month, week or day. s13

1522 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, transient accommodations for visitors at reasonable rates. f19

1524 CHESTNUT ST.—Two rooms and kitchen; good cellar. Inquire 1307 Gratian st. f12

1606 MARKET ST.—Five nice rooms and hall on 3d floor; water on the floor; $17. Apply on premises. 18

1616 PINE ST.—Second floor, unfur., for light housekeeping; all con. on same floor. s13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely-furnished rooms; private family; to gentlemen. s18

1626 CARR ST.—Well fur. 2d-story front room, with kitchen attached, $12. s13

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely fur. parlor for $12 per month; also two unfur. rooms at $12. s13

1703 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front room, fur. s13

1712 LUCAS ST.—Two or three unfur. rooms in 6-room house, near Lafayette Park. s13

1818 MORGAN ST.—Large fur. 2d-story front room, suitable for gent and wife or two gents; $15 per month. f13

2014 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished rooms, permanent or transient. s13

2312 CHESTNUT ST.—Four unfur. rooms; all conv.; low to reliable parties. f13

2323 OLIVE ST.—3 or 4 unfur. rooms, first floor also 1 fur.; small family; no children; ref. ex. s13

2328 SCOTT AV.—The use of two rooms and kitchen, cellar and laundry, furnished for housekeeping; will exchange for board; references req. s13

2608 WASH ST.—Furnished rooms for gents only. f13

2708 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished parlor, also hall room. s13

2724 WRIGHT ST.—3 rooms on 1st floor; all modern improvements and water included; rent $11. s13

2736 MADISON ST.—The second floor of a two-story brick house containing 3 rooms; bath room and closet, hall, front and side entrance, front and back yards. s13

2806-10-12 CHOUTEAU AV.—Flats of 3 and 4 rooms; water and closets; $10, $11, $12 and $14. Inquire at 2800 Chouteau av.

2814 OLIVE ST. — Several elegantly furnished rooms, terms moderate. s13

2828 MORGAN ST.—Nicely fur. 3d-story room; bath; gentlemen preferred. s13

2837 STODDARD ST.—3d-story front, nicely fur.; gas and bath; gents only. s18

2854 ST. LOUIS AV.—Stone-front, three rooms, gas, water, marble mantels, second floor.

2908 SHERIDAN AV.—Two rooms, upstairs. s13

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—Four rooms completely furnished for housekeeping. s13

3433 CLARK AV.—Two large rooms, cheap; partly furnished or unfurnished, first floor. s13

3606 N. TWENTY-THIRD ST.—Three rooms, water in house; rent low to good tenant.

FOR RENT—Flats, 3 rooms each, Kossuth av., just east Fair Grounds; new building; 4th and Locust cars pass the property; rent, $10 and $11 a month. David Bailey, 4th and Locust sts.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for transient parties; no reference. Ad. T 49, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Desirable 2 and 3-room houses, suitable for small families, Lewis' flats, Morgan st., between 20th and 21st sts. f13

FOR RENT—Three rooms on 1st floor, new house, near Hickory and Jefferson avs. Apply at 2039 Chouteau av. s13

FOR RENT—Two rooms, unfurnished, on 2d floor, to a small family. No. 2109 Market st. f13

WANTED—Young couple to take half of 8-room house in southeastern part of city; cars pass the door. Ad. P 54, this office. s13

FOR RENT—2 rooms furnished for light housekeeping. 1009 N. Compton av. s13

FOR RENT—Six rooms $10 per month; four rooms and kitchen $12. Keys at No. 1916 N. 11th st. s13

FOR SALE.

FURNISHED HOUSE.

A gentleman leaving the city desires to dispose of his lease of a nine-room house, situated a square from Lafayette Park, with nice side yard, and complete with all conveniences, including good furnace and dry cellar, and $60 a month party taking house is expected to buy furniture and carpets, which will be sold at a great bargain, Ad. E 55, this office. 13

WHY PAY from $10 to $25 per month for 2 or 3 rooms when you can pay the same amount on a house of your own, and in the end be your own landlord? Call and see F. H. Goss, 1094 N. 6th st., and get terms, etc. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2027 CLARK AV.—Second floor, 6 room house, to family without children; ref. req.; rent $12 50.

2107-9 UTAH ST.—Four room houses, newly papered, $10 per month. 616 Chestnut st.

2824 ADAMS ST.—Stone front house, eight rooms, bath, laundry, cellar and large yards; rent $35 per month. Apply to M. Dougherty, 1200 Pine st. 14

3017 CAROLINE ST.—Near Lafayette park—Detached brick with bath $19 per month including water. s14

FOR RENT—A little 8-room house, 4037 Fairfax av. s14

FOR RENT—A little 3-room house, 4037 Fairfax av. s14

DON'T PAY FROM $25 to $40 per month to live in a house that does not suit you when you can buy one on monthly payments to suit. Call and see plans, etc. P. H. GOSS, 1094 N. 6th st. 14

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

3825 FINNEY AV.—For 8-room house; no charge for furniture; southern exposure; cars pass door; family will board with party renting. Applyat once.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR RENT.

Choice suburban residence, with five acres of ground, out houses, fruit, etc.; house will be furnished new and repainted by October 15. Cote Brilliante, four minutes' walk from street cars.

Five-room modern cottage, stable, furnace, etc., with side of ground, at junction of Wabash and West End Narrow Gauge railroads; constant trains to Union Depot and Grand avenue. Possession October 15.

CHAS. H. TURNER, 706 Pine St.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—Large front room and two rear rooms; suitable for offices, corner Main and Locust sts. Apply at 108 Locust st.

LOCUST STREET BUILDING FOR RENT.

Corner containing two 3-room flats on 1 floor, Sixth, well lighted and in excellent repair. Ap. to W. F. Ogden, E and 12 S. 24 st. w11

MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—A good violin and violoncello. Mr. Otto Schmidt, 821 Market st. a27

FOR SALE—A first-class organ at $2 per month. Ad. J 46, this office. a27

BOARDING.

309 S. SEVENTH ST.—$3 50 and $4 a week; good table; single rooms; transient accommodated.

909 N. THIRTEENTH ST.—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. s13

932 HICKORY ST.—Fur. rooms with first-class family; board for two; also young room mate; colored gentleman preferred. s18

1114 PINE ST.—Ford House—Front and back rooms, with board, $4 per week; table board $2 50. f18

1119 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board. Parties visiting the Exposition—only two blocks distant—accommodated.

1122 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board; day boarders accommodated. f18

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—Rooms and board for first-class parties. s18

1236 CLARK AV.—First-class board by day or week in German family. s18

1312 ST. ANGE AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room with board for two gents. s18

1418 PINE ST.—Rooms and board, 2 blocks from Exposition. Strangers visiting the city during the Exposition and Fair will find accommodations first class and moderate prices. s18

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Changed hands—elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with first-class board. s18

1532 LAFAYETTE AV.—One nicely furnished room, with or without board; all conveniences; ref. t & s18

1613 PINE ST.—Nicely fur. front and rear rooms with or without board. f18

1801 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable furnished rooms with first-class board; co. exp.; terms reasonable. s18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms with first-class board; prices to suit the times.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms nicely fur. with board; terms reasonable. s18

1925 OLIVE ST.—A few more day boarders wanted. f19

2648 OLIVE ST.—A first-class colored cook will furnish meals to private families in any part of the city, at from $3 50 to $4 50 per week, also meal dining room; will furnish meals at all hours at reasonable terms. f18

2730 MORGAN ST.—Handsomely furnished room for rent, with board. f18

2744 MORGAN ST.—Four rooms of stone-front and the rooms along the Olive street front up-stairs which a miscalculation on the part of the incandescent light people had enveloped almost entirely in darkness, no display was considered so insignificant as to be left incomplete. First-nighters who have been through many openings of the kind said it was the best initial display, taken all in all, that they have ever seen. And it was as good in parts as it looked in its vast entirety. No exhibit falls below the highest standard of last year's show, while fully one-half of the numbers are fifty per cent better than the best that was seen last year. Nothing has the ordinary show-window flavor to it, but every article seems specially designed for the astonishment and delectation of such sight-seers as are drawn to Exposition, and the arrangement and combination of articles, and the genius that they receive, with scenic elaborations for back grounds and rich draperies and handsome furniture as supplementary ornamental features, lend additional interest and attractiveness to each. There are 250 exhibits in the building, and when it is known that no one of all these desires to be last in the list of excellence, and that the exhibition represents an aggregate value and money outlay of nearly $1,000,000, the reader will understand the vastness and grandeur of the exhibition. Of the 40,000 who made a tour of the building and galleries last night all were thoroughly delighted, and, notwithstanding the croakers and kickers always to be seen and heard in so large a gathering, it is safe to assert that those who criticised the opening harshly did so not because the displays were poor, or the event lacked interest or beauty, but because they thought it their duty to appear smart and in bearing themselves talk to interfere as much as they could with other people's enjoyment.

* * *

There was no formality about the opening. The doors were thrown wide open, and the public paid their money and went in. The Arsenal Band had a position assigned them at the lower end of the parquette of the Grand Music Hall, and played a dozen or more pieces during the evening. The selections were good, and they were given in a manner that called for frequent and sometimes enthusiastic applause. Chairs had been placed in the hall in twos, threes, fours, etc., but seats, looked around, waited for the music, and then sauntered out. There was as general a desire to ascertain what the interior of the Music Hall looked like as there was to listen to the Arsenal Band. Last night's may be considered the first public test of the place. It developed that the acoustics were entirely satisfactory and that for so enormous an interior, the seating capacity being fully 4,000, the arrangement of seats was nearly perfect. There is a clear view of the stage from all parts of the hall, and even in the farthest chairs up stairs every note of the band music was distinctly audible. The balcony is horse-shoe shaped, and has large boxes at either end. The parquette circle has also the horseshoe shape and ends in a set of open boxes. The parquette slopes neither gradually nor abruptly, but sufficiently deep, to be quickly noticed towards the orchestra, and under the circle boxes are enclosures which may be termed parquette boxes. The stage is yet full of scaffolding and there is no scenery and no proscenium decorations, so it is easy to see, though, that there will be plenty of stage space for large choruses and mammoth scenic settings. All the interior decorations are quiet, metallic lines and figures, combining with neutral colors to make the walls and ceiling beautiful and effective when all the electric lights are turned. The hall will show off a good crowd, and while there were no resplendent toilets last night, and the gathering had more the solid, substantial dressing that belongs to middle-class people rather than the froth and brilliance of the fashionable monde, the picture was beautiful to look upon when the band was playing. An opera audience in the Music Hall will be ten times as glorious to look upon as the same audience would be in one of the local theaters.

* * *

The machinery department in the basement, which, of course, embraces the weightiest exhibits in the Exposition, and in arranging which astonishingly more skill and ingenuity was called for than in arranging lighter exhibits, was complete in every detail. The machinery all ran smoothly, and a hundred wheels were in motion, with saws revolving, presses turning, mills grinding, pumps snorting and the air throbbing. The music here was to many ears as pleasant as the sweetest strains that floated through the grand music hall. There was plenty of light all through the basement, and gentlemanly attendants at every display ready to explain intricate points to inquiring mechanics or to give pleasant offhand descriptions and pretty enromo cards to ladies and children. There were exhibits in this department which steadily drew large crowds, for the reason that there was novelty in them. The knife makers in the east hall were walled in all the time by spectators eight and ten deep, and the process of turning out a complete knife from bars of steel, bits of iron and pieces of bone and ivory, was watched with a great deal of interest, while the pyrotechnic display furnished by the man at the grinding-stone filled the little, and, for that matter, some of the big folks, too, with delight. The lithographing press of the Compton Company, where picture cards are printed, drew big crowds, and the Donk coal mine, at which a grimy driver discoursed fluently on capital and labor was as much a mystery this year as it was last, year to the throng who pressed in front to have a look down its depth. The electric engines and dynamos were at work, the band-saws were flying, and scroll-saw workers turned out fancy articles which were offered for sale. Some agricultural machinery was in motion, wood carvers kept their nimble hot and their lathes on the go, woodenos hammers beat against unresisting metal, and where there was not noise and whirling machinery to attract, bright colors combined in the ornamentation of exhibitions to catch the eye. The display of gymnasium goods, which included horizontal bars, swinging ladders, etc., was popular with the boys, who gave their attention to this enclosure nearly the whole evening.

* * *

On the main floor the tea hongs in the center of the grand transept were always filled with ladies. Notice was given out that Japanese fans were distributed as souvenirs of the opening, and before the Exposition was an hour old the news spread that fans were to be had there gratis, and soon there was a rush in the direction of the sign of the flame-breathing and smoke-beioning dragon with the red pearl. Anent this red pearl there is a story in Japan that he or she who looks upon it as two becomes endowed with immortality, and in the whole Japanese realms nobody has yet ever gazed upon the red pearl except emperors. The dragon allowed to, is perched on the top of the principal hong or gate, where he has to give grants to ladies every day and evening during the Exposition. The hong is in the middle of a garden fenced in with bamboo, and filled with peculiar plants and birds to quaint little Japanese people, like the cages of white birds in a smaller hong, in which iced tea will be served free. The Japanese exhibit is in the center of a number of exceedingly interesting displays, the principal of which is the grand jewelry and bric-a-brac display of the Messrs. Z. Decatur Pouncey Co. The Cornell Girls are also in this section, and Miss Nellie Cornell and Leonard Rose moving figure call to fur is a pretty feature. Pounsey has a large exhibit of Steinway pianos. The company has a new exhibit and the Hallman Bros. make an extensive display of pianos, while a revolving pneumatic sign in the middle of their space and an automatic fountain playing in the electric light. The Kennard carpet display, Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney's dry goods exhibits, with an English garden scene filling their showcase, the Guernsey Furniture Company, A. G. Peterson and a dozen others make the west nave of the main floor dazzlingly beautiful, while in the east nave the stove displays and the tobacco and musical exhibits contribute to the brilliancy of that section.

* * *

In the galleries the decorators have done a great deal of fine work and where the decorators left off the originality of individual designers has taken up the business and completed the exhibition. The cracermen have built high arches and quaint pagodas with their tin cans, and the Dozier-Weyl Company's monster parrot threatens to paint the atmospheres and surroundings of the grand transept which it overlooks a rampant rosy red. It has a broom to do the painting with and a bottle to furnish the color. Simmons' hunter's camp at the east end of the grand gallery is a life-like reproduction of nature. A dozen full-sized hunters and fishers are seen in the camp, which is a in a worm-wood enclosure. Two are returning from the adjacent lake with full strings; a black cook is stirring a pot over a log fire; a small make drops his line in the water, pulls it up, turns his head on the shroud, winks his right eye and drops his line again. One of the hunting party is cleaning out his rifle, two are at a rough table reloading cartridge shells, and another reclines in a hammock. All the figures move, being connected with the machinery by appliance concealed under the platform. Simmons' jumbo bicycle, with a 15-foot wheel is in motion near by, and altogether the Simmons Hardware Company must be credited with giving the largest, most varied and most artistic display in the Exposition.

The William Barr Dry Goods Company have the entire east corridor, up stairs. In over 100 feet of show cases it makes a remarkably handsome exhibit of all the departments of its great Locust street store. The space, too, is beautifully decorated, the walls opposite the cases being upholstered in blue silk on a white ground, and particularly fine lighting arrangements rendering the whole scene perfectly magnificent. The photograph displays in the adjoining rooms were not visible, there being no light, and the Greely relics still remained in their boxes.

* * *

The art galleries of the Exposition were thronged last night. So dense was the crowd that no one could view the pictures satisfactorily, and few left with any adequate idea of the worth of the collection. The first edition of the catalogues was exhausted at 9:30 o'clock. This edition, it was calculated, would last for several days. The extent of the crowd, therefore, can be judged form this fact, as well as from the fact that no one who was there was able to see satisfactorily one-third of the pictures. Everybody was pleased, however, the arrangement of the paintings, their number and great merit telling strongly upon all. The immense canvas, "Henry III. at Venice," which covers one entire wall, could not be seen to any advantage, and the same may be said of "The Strike of the Ironworkers," which under the lights showed up poorly. It was only the smaller pictures which could be satisfactorily inspected, but these were sufficient of themselves to reward all who were present for their visit, and the discomforts caused by the crowd. Mr. Pettes, the superintendent, was probably the happiest man present, feeling that he had done his work well, and that he had nothing to excuse except, perhaps, the action of some gentlemen who would not permit the collection in its entirety to be seen. To judge from the number of those who visited the galleries last night it is safe to say that in no part of the Exposition during its existence will so many people be found as in the art galleries. To see the real beauties of these pictures a day visit is necessary, since the glare of the lights at night robs the spectator of anything like a complete view of even one canvas.

Notes.

No souvenir girls, last night.

The shell and bead work nuisances are on hand again.

There was the usual grand rush for picture cards.

A fine furniture display is to be seen in the west gallery.

The beer annex in the basement was well patronized.

Assistant Secretary Pearce is glad the Exposition is opened.

Lieutenant Usher is getting the Greely exhibit ready to-day.

The school days will begin next Tuesday and continue four days.

There are only about forty young ladies looking after exhibits this year.

Pretty girls modestly sell pop-corn and lemonade at various small stands.

Fred Hirsch has charge of the Compton Lithograph Company's display.

The Exposition will be opened every day, except Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

John L. Boland has a dozen fine steel engravings of poets and authors in his display.

James W. Scudder and Arthur M. Finlay were there, the guests of Joseph A. Hanley.

The Manual Training School's display in the west gallery is extremely interesting.

Students of the Christian Brothers College exhibit two dozen good crayon and pencil drawings.

Strauss' big crayon of the Brawns is the popular feature of the photograph display.

One of the exhibitors in the art department has come to time, and there is a picture on the walls.

Austin Shea has charge of Chemical No. 4, which is stationed in the basement, which 300 feet of hose on each floor connected.

The mechanical cow in the West gallery butterniks when there is a call for that.

The cow is the property of the Illinois Milk Company.

The piano men began early and there is a long petition in circulation asking the persistent young ladies be kept away from every key-board.

Fred Ingalls gave away the best souvenir. It is a beautiful large engraving about two feet square. Mr. Ingalls deserves great credit for his elegant display of cakes, hanging lamps, albums, etc.

"Potiphar's Wife" and "Zuleika," have been banished from the art gallery, but those who want

Barr's

HAVE JUST OPENED THEIR FALL PURCHASES OF

HOUSE-FURNISHING AND REGULAR DOLLAR STORE GOODS!

And find They have been bought at About Half of Last Year's Prices, and so

Barr's Can Offer Fresh, New Goods at Less Than Bankrupt Values

HERE ARE A FEW SAMPLES, and You will find Thousands Like Them in Our Electric-Lighted Basement:

Decorated Toilet Sets, 10 pieces	$2 47 per set	Quart Cups, good quality	4c each	Library Hanging Lamps, brass, 36 prisms	$4
Japanned Gold Band Toilet Sets, 3 pieces	1 09 per set	Wall Pockets, ebony, large size	33c each	Missouri Steam Washers	4
Photo Frames, Fancy Brass	19c each	Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Leatherette, Nickel trimming	48c a set	Tea Sets, decorated China, 56 pieces	3
Butter Dishes and Sugar Bowls, colored glass and covered	13c each	Bird Cages, brass, large sizes	88c each	Japanese Screens, 4 folds, Great Bargain	3
Spoon Holders and Cream Pitchers, colored glass	9c each	Lunch Baskets, good willow	19c each	Cream Jugs, Japanese	
Carving Knives and Forks, stag handles	33c per set				

COMPARE BARR'S PRICES!

With Those Asked for Old Rubbish, and Don't be Fooled.

WM. BARR DRY GOODS COMPAN

FRONTING ON OLIVE, ON SIXTH AND ON LOCUST STREETS.

SPORTING.

All the English Bicycle Cracks to Attend the Ramblers' Meeting.

Providence Remains in the National League—Chicago Surprised by the Maroons—Notes, Personals and Gossip.

The St. Louis League Club and the Chicagos gave another magnificent exhibition yesterday at Union Park, and lovers of the national game can now attend the League games with the assurance that they will see a fine game. Boyle was in the box yesterday and the Chicagos were able to make but three scattering hits. St. Louis on the other hand pounded McCormick for a total of fifteen bases, and the game resulted in a score of 7 to 2 in St. Louis' favor. The fielding on both sides was excellent.

The Coming Champions.

Baltimore yesterday St. Louis again won a ...y superb base running. Though seven hits ...ade off Ca uthers the faultless fielding of ...ning champions allowed the Baltimores to ...ut a single run, while four hits by St. Louis, ...with three errors by Baltimore, gave St. ...runs, the final score being St. Louis 6, ...1.

The Providence Club.

...ng of the stockholders of the Providence ...lub was held last night, and it was voted to ...in the club. A statement of the club's ...showed there was money enough in the ...y to cover all expenses for the balance of the ...

Manager Barnie of the Baltimore club was ...vidence, hoping to secure the League fran... The report is all right as far as it goes, but ...iew of the fact that the Providence games ... Boston, scheduled at Providence, are to be ...yed at Boston, because, as one of the Providence ...ectors says, there is no enthusiasm at home, it ...very evidence that the managers of the club are ...y nothing sanxious to get as much money as they can ...g their franchise. Providence may remain in the ...ague next year, but it would be a deal safer to ...et that there will be no Providence club next year.

Other Games Yesterday.

At Boston, Boston 2, New York 0; at Providence, Providence 3, Philadelphia 1; at Brooklyn, Louisville 7, Brooklyn 3; at New York, Metropolitans 5, Pittsburg 2.

To-Morrow's Game.

To-morrow afternoon the St. Louis and Chicago Clubs play off their draw game of Tuesday last. The men will be placed in this way:

St. Louis.	Positions.	Chicago.
Baker	Catcher	Kelly
Boyle	Pitcher	McCormick
McKinnon	First Base	Anson
Dunlap	Second Base	Pfeffer
Quinn	Third Base	Williamson
Glasscock	Short-stop	Burns
Seery	Left Field	Dalrymple
Sweeney	Center Field	Gore
Sutcliffe	Right Field	Sunday

The Fanst Cup Race.

All preliminary arrangements have now been made for the great race between the Western and St. Louis Rowing Clubs for the Fanst cup, to take place next Sunday, September 13, on the river, from a point foot of Barton street to a point foot of Chouteau avenue, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock p. m. The judges' and stake boats will be anchored in the center of the river and in such a position that all spectators will be able to command a full view of the entire course. Capt. Joe Yoch, the St. Louis coal king, has kindly placed the new and spacious tugboat Katie M at the disposal of the members of the two clubs and representatives of the press.

The committee on racing has endeavored to make this one of the greatest events of the season, and it is expected that the west shore of the river will be thickly lined with admirers of this kind of sport. Both crews are in excellent condition and have been constantly practicing during the past two weeks. Both boats have been thoroughly overhauled and provided with the latest improvements known to the boating fraternity. Prominent oarsmen from all parts of the country have been invited and will participate. The judges of the Western Club are the Vosderan brothers, and the time-keepers Messrs. Eagle and Crowley. The crew consists of Campbell, bow; Rowson, No. 1; Gee, Stephens, No. 3; Meissner, No. 4, and Heitz, stroke. H. C. Koenig, coxswain.

Racing at Brighton.

The proceeds of the races at Brighton Beach yesterday were devoted to Mrs. Morgan, the mother of Johnny Morgan who was recently killed at the track. The results in the different races were as follows: First race, 1¼ mile, Change. Time, 2:06¾. Second race, 1¼ mile, Una B. Time 2:01¼. Third race, ¾ mile, Joe S. Time, 1:18¾. Fourth race, ½ mile, Hotchkinville. Time, 1:04. Fifth race, one mile, Little Minch. Time, 1:46¾. Sixth race, 1¼ miles, Will Davis. Time, 1:59.

To-Night's Benefit.

The complimentary benefit tendered Manager George Ranson by the Board of directors of the St. Louis Natatorium takes place this evening. Friends of the popular manager should remember that such favors are generally not to be admitted this evening, and though the weather may be a little cool, arrangements have been made to heat both the building and the water by steam, so there need be no fears of any discomfort. The programme is an unusually attractive one, and some of the best local talent in the city will take part. Great interest is centering in Mr. Carl Schraubstadter's proposed attempt to beat the world's record for swimming under water, and should he succeed, Mr. Munson will present him with an elegant gold medal. Among the other attractions will be the Misses Anton's attempt to beat the 100-yard swimming record; the trapeze performance by Messrs Carlin, Stone and McCalgo; Mr. Lindenschmidt's exhibition of floating with his hands and feet tied; a fancy rowing exhibition by Jake Gaudaur, and numerous other events, and a large crowd should be in attendance.

Springfield Bicycle Meet.

The following dispatch was received from the POST-DISPATCH representative at Springfield, Mass., to-day:

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Cola E. Stone left for home last night. The broken bone is in the back of his left hand. The doctor says he will mend rapidly. Howell, James, Cuppa, Chambers and Rendee will come to the September meet of the St. Louis Ramblers. The first four are the crack Englishmen.

YESTERDAY'S RACES.

The second day's races at the Springfield, Mass., International Bicycle Tournament called out an attendance of 15,000 people. Rendee, the favorite Eastern flier, and Stone, the Western champion, being out of the field of contestants because of Tuesday's accident, there not as great interest as was manifested in the first day's contests, everything being conceded to the Englishmen, who were all in fine form. As stated in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH the track was a trifle slow, but the day fine. The mile amateur for the world's championship was won by Furnival of England in 2:45 4-5, Elston of England second. But Elston was disqualified for an illegal start, and the others advanced a place, making Ives of Connecticut second and George Weber fifth. In the 1-mile professional sweepstakes for the world's championship Howell of England, who, as said above, is coming to St. Louis, beat Wood of England by three feet in 2:49 2-5. In the 3-mile safety Chambers of England won, breaking the mile safety record to 2:55, and the three miles to 8:36 2-5, a world's record. Wheeler of England won the three-mile in 8:36 4-5, but Burnham of Massachusetts was given the race. Wood of England beat Howell and Brooks in the ten-mile professional in 30:54 2-5. Furnival in the five-mile tricycle made the following records, Crippe coming in second:

Half mile, 1:30; three-quarters, 2:15 2-5; mile, 2:58 2-5; two miles, 6:08 4-5; three miles, 9:08 1-5; four miles, 12:15 1-5; five miles, 15:18 3-5.

The five-mile amateur was won by Rowe of Massachusetts in 14:41 2-5. English and Crippe in the tandem tricycle mile heats beat Furnival and Ilston and Webber and Chambers in 2:48 1-5, 2:50; 2:51. In the last race of the day, the three-mile amateur handicap, Gaskell of Boston, Ilston and Webber of England started on the scratch. Rich of New York won in 8:16 2-5. Webber's time from the scratch for the three miles was 8:17 3-5, which breaks the old record badly.

The board of officers of the L. A. W. met at Springfield yesterday. The condition of the League was reported as flourishing. The question of the place of the next League meet was settled by the acceptance of an invitation from the Massachusetts club, which practically gives it to Boston in June.

The Western meeting fought the Eastern, but the latter secured the meet by a vote of 13 to 8. Abbott Bassett of the Racing Board said that the amateur question would not raise any trouble next year, as the Boston bicycle dealers had agreed not to employ any amateurs next year to advertise their wheels.

From further information obtained from bicycle headquarters your correspondent is prepared to announce that R. Cripps of Nottingham, England, who ran second to Furnival who has never been beaten; R. James of Birmingham, England; W. M. Woodside of Chicago, who won the 50-mile championship at Chicago, and John Brooks of Bloomsburg, Pa., all professionals, have entered for the St. Louis Ramblers' bicycle meet, September 25 and 26.

Your Golden Wedding.

This is the fiftieth anniversary of marriage. Most folks who celebrate it have reached a good old age. Well-preserved people have a right to enjoy a hearty old age. It is sad to see old people the victims of debility and impoverished blood. Brown's Iron Bitters are just too far some cure, enrich the blood, conquer debility and enjoy vigorous health by the use of Brown's Iron Bitters. Dr. Myers of Fairfield, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best iron preparation I have ever known in my thirty years of practice."

C. H. Biell, 319 North Fourth Street.

Grand millinery sale of all new fall goods.

Recent Robberies.

Gottlieb Krieg, who keeps a small meat shop at 2208 S. Second street, informed the police this morning that he had been robbed of $150 in paper money last night. He came home late Monday night somewhat the worse for liquor, and his story of the robbery is discredited.

During the absence of the family the residence of Arthur P. Stram, 3827 Lucas avenue, was entered by burglars who searched the place but stole nothing.

Thomas Edwards was arrested in the Fourth District yesterday on suspicion of having stolen half-a-dozen washboards, which were found in his possession and are held for the owner.

The effect of Collins' Agua Cure upon the liver is almost identical with that of calomel, but it is a thousand times safer, and, instead of depleting, strengthens and builds up the system. All druggists and country merchants sell it at 50 cents a bottle.

Visitors should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc., attached.

FATAL SPARKS.

The Tragic Deaths of Two Ladies in New York City.

Frantic Efforts of Mrs. Dr. Hoyt, a Young Bride, to Save Herself While Burning to Death—A Neighbor's Terrible Experience With the Unfortunate Lady—Miss Marion Norwood, the Actress, Fatally Burned While Smoking Cigarettes.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 10.—The tragic death of Mrs. Helen K. Hoyt at 360 West Thirtieth street was reported to Coroner Levy yesterday. Mrs. Hoyt was the wife of Dr. W. D. Hoyt. They had been married but a short time. The house in which they lived is a handsome flat on the first floor, and is furnished with taste and elegance. About 4:30 Tuesday evening Mrs. Hoyt, in the absence of her husband, undertook to stir the furnace with a poker; as she did so a spark flew out and fell on her lace dress. In an instant the young lady's clothing was in flames. Her screams re-echoed through the house as she ran up to the rooms in the second story, occupied by her friend, Mrs. Frances Ruger. When that lady opened the door Mrs. Hoyt, crazed with fright and pain, threw herself upon her. Mrs. Ruger fell back and Mrs. Hoyt ran into the room. With much difficulty Mrs. Ruger threw a heavy table cover over her, hoping thus to smother the flames. Mrs. Ruger herself was clad in a very light dress and had to act with great caution to avoid catching fire herself. Her embarrassment was increased by Mrs. Hoyt's constant endeavors to embrace her. Mrs. Hoyt cried, "Help, I am dying!" Mrs. Ruger caught up a heavy rug that lay before the fireplace, but before she could place it over the table cover Mrs. Hoyt had thrown the latter aside and ran frantically from one room to another, the current of air created by her flight fanning the flames. Mrs. Ruger called her servant and the two women tried vainly to control their unfortunate neighbor. They repeatedly attempted to throw blankets and quilts over her, but always with the same lack of success. As Mrs. Hoyt ran through Mrs. Ruger's apartments she set fire to the carpet in places, and also ignited the cover of a bureau in a bed room. These little fires were strengthened without much trouble, having reached Mrs. Ruger's rearmost room, Mrs. Hoyt turned and ran back,

SCREAMING "MURDER!"

She dashed into the hall through the door by which she had entered. Mrs. Ruger followed her to call for help. Again Mrs. Hoyt tried to enter Mrs. Ruger. This time her movement was so sudden that Mrs. Ruger had no chance to protect herself. She struggled in the fierce grasp of her friend, whose glowing garments almost touched her own. In the contest both women moved along the head of the stairs. Mrs. Ruger trying to escape and Mrs. Hoyt holding her back with unnatural strength, and both shrieking. Suddenly Mrs. Ruger's foot caught in her skirts and she fell down the stairs, dragging Mrs. Hoyt after her. In the lower hall Mrs. Hoyt's fingers relaxed their desperate hold, and when both ladies scrambled to their feet Mrs. Ruger freed herself. As she staggered back, faint and breathless, against the wall, Mrs. Hoyt dashed into street. Her clothing by that time was almost burned from her person. She turned toward Ninth avenue, expecting, it is supposed, to find Dr. Hoyt in a drug store on the corner, where he goes occasionally. In front of Dr. Livingston's office, a few doors from her own residence, Mrs. Hoyt tripped and fell. A teamster, who was passing, jumped down from his seat and enveloped her in a horse-blanket. All this had happened in far less time than it required to tell it. Dr. Hoyt came along as the blanket was thrown over her. She was carried to a drug store, and one of the physicians who live in the neighborhood offered their services. They found that Mrs. Hoyt's legs, breast and abdomen were horribly burned. After the usual applications she was carried back to her home, where she died at 6:40 yesterday morning. The deceased was 28 years old, attractive in person, and had a large circle of friends. Dr. Hoyt is prostrated with grief. Mrs. Ruger suffered little by her fall, but was in a nervous, exhausted state yesterday.

Death of Miss Norwood.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Miss Marian Norwood, the actress, who was fatally burned late Monday evening at her room, 24 Clinton place, died yesterday morning at Bellevue Hospital. During the few hours that she was in the hospital she was in an unconscious condition, and made no statements as to the cause of the accident. Her entire body was so badly burned that recovery was impossible, and opiates were at once administered to relieve her agony. Miss Norwood was 29 years old, and a native of Philadelphia, but had been living in this city for the past five years. At one time she was successful as Elsie in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and again as a chorus girl in a variety combination. Of late Miss Norwood has been out of employment, and on the day of her fatal accident had partly concluded the terms of an engagement for the winter. Monday afternoon she spent at the Union Square with some theatrical friends and, returning home, was accompanied by a gentleman who was to arrange her fall engagement. With this man and a few other friends Miss Norwood went out and enjoyed a wine supper, after which she visited the rooms of several lodgers at 24 Clinton place. She entertained them with stories, and was very happy at the prospect of an engagement before long. At 10:30 she left the room of Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, where she had been laughing and joking and smoking cigarettes, and said that she would go to her own room and smoke two more cigarettes and then retire. In about twenty minutes Mrs. Griffith dropped into Miss Norwood's room and found her sitting in a rocking-chair, still smoking. She told her

NOT TO SMOKE SO MUCH,

and taking the nearly half-consumed cigarette from her hand laid it on the mantel-piece, and bid her good night. Mrs. Griffith had not been gone long when the girl got up and lighted another cigarette and prepared to smoke. She took the pillows from the head of the bed and placed them at the foot, and, turning up the gas, took a paper and lay down with her feet toward the headboard. This was her favorite position, and she had often smoked and read in this way before. On one or two occasions she had fallen asleep while smoking, and narrowly escaped an accident. Her friends in the house had warned her against her carelessness, and more than once predicted an accident which would disfigure her for life. She had not read long when the effects of the cigarette, which she always inhaled, made her drowsy. The hand dropped from her side, and the burning cigarette rolled from her fingers upon her calico wrapper, which blazed almost in an instant and she was a mass of flames before she was awakened. She leaped from the bed and screamed for help. She ran toward the door, but the rising smoke and fire smothered her and she fell before reaching it. In a moment Mrs. Hamilton, whose room adjoins the unfortunate girl's, came to her assistance and put out the flames with a blanket from the bed. The girl was then lifted from the floor and placed on the bed, but so terrible were her injuries that she did not even groan. The flesh about her body was turned to a crisp and her face was beyond recognition. Her upper lip was a perfect cinder, and the flesh dropped apart, showing the unfortunate girl's teeth, and both eyes were so scorched that the lids could not be moved. An ambulance was called and she was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where she lived scarcely three hours. Her death was announced to Mr. Baker, treasurer of the Actors' Fund, who will take charge of the funeral and settle her indebtedness for board and a few other bills which remain unpaid. The unfortunate woman has had a varied career and has been three times married. She first became the wife of the gymnast, Leon, who was killed while exhibiting in Spain. She next married "Billy" Burton, but finding that there was already a Mrs. Burton, she left him and subsequently married a man named Clark, who was a detective in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Miss Norwood was well educated and is of good family, but was cast off by her parents when she took to the stage. It is said that her parents are wealthy and living in Philadelphia, but refused to have anything to do with her.

COLLINS' AGUE CURE is a simple vegetable compound of incomparable power and efficacy in curing chills and fever and all disordered conditions of the stomach and bowels. Get it from any drug store at 50 cents a bottle.

CADY'S CULPRITS.

Prisoners Punished in the First District Police Court.

Several times during the progress of the proceedings in the First District Police Court this morning sounds of warbling were heard to float from the bull-pen, and at last Judge Cady was obliged to call attention to the fact. The Marshals tried to stop the vocal recreation, but were unable to detect the offenders, and the popular songs of the day continued to annoy the Judge and to amuse the audience.

THE VOCALISTS PUNISHED.

When Ada Smith and Anna Sayers were brought up on a charge of being inmates they were elated to prove that it was their first offense and to claim the leniency proper to the occasion. The Judge, however, fancied that Anna Sayers' voice reminded him of the one which had been supplying the site in one of the pull-pen duets, and so with a pleasant smile he remarked:

"Quite a pretty song that you and Ada were singing, Annie."

"Which one do you mean, Judge; "He'll be an Angel," or "Read the Answer in the Stars?"

"Both of them, Annie." I was thinking of letting you both off, but I mean they're short on singers down at the Work House, and I guess I'll have to send you down to lighten the toil of the brush-makers. Next time you're told to keep quiet in the cage, I hope you'll be obedient. Ten dollars and costs each."

A LOGICAL DEDUCTION.

"Judge," said Paddy Kilroy, after the officer had described how he found him on the levee in a state of helpless intoxication, "let me say just one word. Wouldn't you like to see me reformed?"

"I would, Paddy."

"Doncher know I do reform every now an' then?"

"Well, sir."

"Judge, the last time I came up before you, yer gave me three months, an' when I came out I kept straight for six months more."

"That is a plea I can't resist," said the Judge, "I'll give you $10 and costs this time and hope the same result will be reached as before."

A TRANSFER TOGGENED UP.

Dan Holland, a driver of a heavy team, was charged with careless driving. On the corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets yesterday he ran his ponderous vehicle into Horace Meyer's light buggy, taking off a wheel and spilling the occupants. He was fined $10 for the careless driving, and costs for not having a number plate.

OTHER CASES.

The following fines were also imposed: Wm. Miller, disturbing the peace, $5 and costs; Paul Fedrie, disturbing the peace, costs; Annie Chamberlin and James St. John, drunk on the street, costs; L. M. Howard, disturbing the peace, $25 and costs; W. H. Hollis, cruelty to animals, costs; Thomas Ford, dumping rubbish, costs; Louis Ford, climbing on railroad cars, $2 and costs; Emma Jackson, disturbing the peace, $10 and costs.

THE RACES.

An Increased Attendance at the Track To-Day.

Betting On the Different Events This Morning—To-Morrow's Programme—Quarter-Stretch Gossip and Personals.

So far the fates have been against the races and very slim crowds have been the rule, the disagreeable weather of the first two days making it decidedly unpleasant to sit through four races. To-day was really the first good day of the meeting and the warm sunshine of this morning served to draw out a very good crowd. The announcement made by President Green yesterday that through the balance of the meeting no entrance fee would be charged in any of the purse races has met with general approval among horse owners, and the result was very apparent in to-day's entries, as in the two-purse race there were no less than eighteen entries, of which thirteen were in the third. Five interesting events were on the card to-day, including two purse races, two stake races and a hurdle race. The first was for a purse of $400, one mile and a quarter, for 2-year-olds, of which $100 was to the second horse. In this race there were three entries. Charles Jordan's b. g. Roger Eastman, 103 pounds; R. J. Lucas' blk. c. Crow Wallace, 118 pounds, and Milton Young's ch. f. Gold Ban, 118 pounds. In the pool rooms this morning Gold Ban sold a slight favorite, though Crow Wallace had plenty of backers. A specimen pool was as follows; Gold Ban, $50; Crow Wallace, $40; Roger Eastman $15. The second race was for the Platte stakes, $600, with $100 to second horse, and third to save entrance fee. Five entries were in this race: Gray & Co.'s b. c. Jim Gray, 110 pounds; W. Cottrell's b. c. Lancaster, 107 pounds; M. Young's ch. c. Enright, 107 pounds; Clifton Bell's Dude, 107 pounds, and Solid Silver of the Santa Anita stables. Jim Geary was a big favorite, and after a few pools were sold was barred in the betting. Pools sold as follows: Jim Gray, $150; Lancaster, $15; Enright, $30; The Dude, $6; Solid Silver, $14. The big event of the day was the three-quarter mile dash, the third race on the card. There were thirteen entries: Hermione, $12, 105 pounds; Irish Lass, $58, 104 pounds; Nora M., $50, 105 pounds; McBowling, $16, 102 pounds; Joshua, $10, 88 pounds; Forest, $26, 105 pounds; Biddy Bowling, $36, 100 pounds; Kershaw, $6, 94 pounds; Little Joe, $8, 88 pounds; Miss Bowler, $12, 87 pounds; Nettie Watkins, $6, 84 pounds; Dudley Oaks, $40, 105 pounds; Hoche, $12, 99 pounds. Irish Lass ruled a slight favorite, but there was really no telling which horse would win, and there was a disposition to hedge all round.

The fourth event, for the Kaskaskia stakes, one mile and a half, had five entries, and Troubadour's victory of yesterday made him a slight favorite. The betting before the race was as follows: Troubadour, $30, 114 pounds; Pownattan, $18, 118 pounds; Harry Crose, $12, 115 pounds; Grey Cloud, $23, 108 lbs; Lucky B. 37, 120 lbs. In the last event, a hurdle race, one mile and a quarter, Warrington was sold as a favorite at $66 against Thady, $25 and Heisboro $5.

The attendance to-day included a great many ladies and the second floor of the grand stand and the private boxes had a more animated appearance. The pool stand, too, was uncomfortably full and the bookmakers reaped a rich harvest.

To-Morrow's Programme.

The card for to-morrow includes four purse races and one stake race. The first event is for a purse of $400, for 2-year-olds, of which $80 to second. It is a ¾-mile dash, with winning and maiden allowances.

The second race is for a purse of $300, of which $100 to second, mile heats, weights and allowances.

The third race is the big event. It is for the Merchants' stake, $600, 1¼ miles, for 3-year-olds; $200 to second and third to save entrance fee. In this race Gaydette, Bootolack, Troubadour and Gold Ban will meet each other.

The fourth race is a purse race for $400, $100 to second, for 3-year-olds and up, one mile. The last is a handicap purse race for $450, $100 to second and $50 to third. This race is 1¼ miles.

Quarter-Stretch Gossip.

Mr. Will Kerr and his sister found the grand stand rather chilly.

There were just forty-three ladies present yesterday in the grand stand.

The track was still very heavy yesterday and about five seconds slow.

Milton Young was the lucky man yesterday. He won two of the four races.

Old Francis would not speak to brother Tom on account of Tom's bald tips.

There was a splendid array of last winter's overcoats at the track yesterday.

The starter had a picnic yesterday. It was no trouble at all to get the horses away.

John McNair plunged heavily on Virgie Hearne and was correspondingly pleased.

The owners, trainers and jockeys still look on the steeplechase course with suspicion.

The old-time joke of "Quiy the Troubadour," was galvanized into life again.

Harry Warring with rare foresight bought his namesake for a place in the last race.

Joe Temple was out after some more evidence. Monsoon and Virgie Hearne satisfied him.

The winners in the different races yesterday were Monarch, Troubadour, Red Girl and Virgie Hearne.

But for Kaskaskia band the grand stand would have had a decidedly deserted appearance.

Tom Doan sang a hymn of praise in which he reached high B flat when Virgie Hearne won.

Fred Fodde was as reckless and enthusiastic as ever. His experience, however, was not costly.

Tom Francis took in the races from the grand stand and never wandered into the betting stand.

Speaker Fox of the House of Delegates spent the time consulting Joe Temple, the bookmakers and a tout.

Charley Ohm made inquiries to find out where the water came from that is in the two lakes in the field.

Only two "touts" could be discovered on the quarter stretch. Captain Frangel refused the services of one.

Jim Farrar appeared in an entirely new costume yesterday as the result of judicious investments on Tuesday.

Harry Carroll was out looking after "risks." He got 'em. Thistle, Bootblack, Adrian and Lycurgus.

Theo. Benoist was busy yesterday hunting for a rabbit's foot, and did not get back in time to attend the races.

Harry Paschall was disconsolate because his brother George was not present to assist him in the betting stand.

Entries in the purse races will be free hereafter and there should be no difficulty in filling the different events.

Henry I. D'Arcy only bet on the first event. After the race some one heard him remark: "Thistle de Bar."

Major Harrigan is nothing if not patriotic, so he put his loose change on Idie Pat. It is needless to say he left it there.

The races had no attraction for Professor Waldauer when the band played. He went off and drowned his sorrow.

George D. Capen will wear patent leather shoes hereafter. He says he won't be "done up" by a Bootblack a second time.

Dick Lancaster knows a thing or two about horse-racing, but it consists chiefly in tearing up worthless checks. Guydette it.

Col. George Chapman invested heavily on Josh Billings because he remarked that the horse's "paw" was Rebel Morgan.

It was a coincidence that yesterday, as on the first day, the favorites won the first three races and a second horse the last one

The luckiest man of the day was "Kunkakee Jim." He waxed the pool men for a cool three thousand. All on Red Girl, too.

Sergeant Jim Johnson came out to reconnoitre and get a horse to ride in case President Green gives a gentlemen's steeplechase.

Charley Kunkel was heard to gently murmur, "I am monarch of all I survey," as he gazed ruefully on a pile of tickets on Missouri Belle.

Percy McLaran delivered sage opinions on the merits of the horses entered and secretly hugged himself because he did not back them.

Comptroller Campbell judged that he was satisfied and would not invest in any useless "cartes de visite" with the names of horses on them.

Sample tips by a horsehman on one race: Lycurgus is bound to win; Virgie Hearne is my choice for first; think I'd back Washington? Revoke is the best in the lot.

Herbert Sellner was extremely disgusted at the effrontery of sensible boy who asked if President Green had asked for his collar to be used in the hurdle race to-day.

"Why does Bootblack remind you of the Supreme Court?" said Lawyer Foulon." "Because it takes both so long to get around." As there was no policeman around he escaped.

Commodore Smith was there in all the glory of a light linen duster. He didn't bet any, but it was rumored he made several unsuccessful attempts to swap overcoats with some one.

"It's a cold day when we get left," sang out Bookmaker Phillips, and then he booked a bet of $800 to $300 against Red Girl. The thermometer took an awful jump after the race.

"Oh, I've got the winner," said Tom Francis as he showed a ticket on Lycurgus, "and I had a hard time getting it." After the race Tom adjourned to the lower regions to get a fresh tap.

Walton, not the plunger, but no of the Union Stock Yards fame, was there, and as there was a wholesale adjournment after the second race, at his expense, his money must have been on Troubadour.

John W. Leader came out in a Rapoon cab arrayed in a hat of wondrous design. He used said hat when hat pools were made up, and seemed to have considerable success in extracting the right horses.

"Just my luck," said Johnny Donovan, the bill-inquirer, "I suppose if there was only one horse in the race, and I bet on him, the dang brute would fall dead before it reached the wire." He bet on Adrian.

Gottlieb & Heifenstoller

of the House of Public Comfort, have Refreshment saloon under Grand Stand. Watbright's beer, salads and sandwiches. One dollar tickets admit holders to grand and betting stands and quarter stretch.

Coroner's Cases.

F. Yust, a hat-maker, 58 years old, who was injured in an accident at the Union Depot last Tuesday, died at the City Hospital this morning.

A 3-year-old child of Mr. Marshall died at 1410 Franklin avenue this morning from the effects of being scalded by boiling water.

Liquid Beefan should be on every table. Health, comfort, pleasure are combined in this new and delightful beverage. Non-intoxicating, yet invigorating. Try it. For sale by all grocers and druggists.

Our "challenge" single buggy harness, price $16 neat and durable. Call and examine. J. H. Stories saddlery Company, 1109 Washington avenue.

Removal.

N. M. Garland has removed to 813 Olive street, bargains in precious stones and watches.

SEND 'EM I...

The Twenty-Five-Cent Illumi... Fund Receiving Liberal Encouragement.

Progress of the Work—The Committee Will Contract for Work to the Extent of the Cash in Hand—Necessity for Prompt and Liberal Responses To-Day's Subscriptions.

The amount of cash and subscriptions for the illumination fund was considerably increased through the efforts of the members of the executive committee yesterday. The brewers added a few hundreds to the list and other public spirited citizens spoke out in money for the illuminations. The total received up to last night was not footed up, but a full and complete report will be made at the meeting of the committee this evening, and it will be known exactly how the enterprise stands with respect to the money on the books now out will be returned. The ... is undoubtedly brighter, and it is to ... to-day's work will clear away much of ... that still hangs over the most brilliant ... Fair week. Still there is much to do ... realization of the committee's plans. ... will be street illuminations there is no doubt ... the question now is how much of them? ... cent which has been subscribed will be devoted to ... the object and every dollar added to the fund will make the result just so much the more extensive and fine.

The committee has practically de... ahead, and at the meeting to-night ... take formal action in this dir... determined to go no further in ... tracts than the amount of mon... warrants. Contracts to that extent will be made to-night, and the work will be commenced to-morrow. This is done because there is absolutely no time to spare, and the work must be begun, to be carried, however, no further than there is money to pay for, and hence the importance of further liberal responses from the citizens. To the extent of the illuminations will be governed their actions entirely.

ONE OF THE MOST ENCOURAGING SIGNS of the temper and disposition of the people of the city in the matter of the illumination is the prompt way in which the popular 25-cent fund was taken up. There surely must be few residents of St. Louis who have enjoyed the brilliant scenes attended to view during Fair week in the past five or ... who would be unwilling to give twenty-five cents or even more, rather than have none this year. The people seem to look on it in this way, as ... tions began to come in as soon as the ... was made. By slight attention to the matter a handsome sum can be realized and the illuminations may be made so much better and more enjoyable. There is not, a person in St. Louis who does not favor the popular fund, and the best way to encourage it and to assure a good result is to send in the quarters.

Several excellent subscriptions have been received from the employes of business houses to-day, and if others will only follow these a strong pull all together will assure success to the illuminations. O. S. H. and G. M. R. send 50 cents each for the popular fund.

W. H. GUMBERALL & CO.'S SUBSCRIPTION.

The following letter speaks for itself as a practical and vigorous push for the popular ... fund:

ST. LOUIS, September 10, 1885.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Inclosed please find $18 for illumination fund (during Fair week, subscribed in ten minutes by employes of W. H. Gumbersell & Co.'s ... 25 cent boom through; you are going in the right direction. EMPLOYES W. H. GUMBERSELL & CO.

P. Adair, 25c; W. Bennett, 25c; W. H. Barrow, 25c; W. Pearson, 25c; A. H. Jacob, 25c; Belle McDonald, 25c; A. Kent, 25c; E. Francis, 25c; S. Hutchinson, 25c; R. Ferguson, 25c; H. Duffy, 25c; Mrs. Jenkins, 25c; J. Pawenlep, 25c; H. McKim, 25c; E. McGlee, 25c; Megasi, 25c; E. Hughes, 25c; M. Wilson, 25c; A. Hukey, 25c; Wm. H. Jaspering, 25c; E. Schmidt, 25c; John A. Storey, 25c; C. Walsh, 25c; Mrs. Brosnahan, 25c; Murphy, 25c; Wolff, 25c; M. Garson, 25c; J. Wolf, 25c; Behren, 25c; Wm. Heitry, 25c; H. ... Wm. Keller, 25c; H. Krueger, 25c; R. Sellers, 25c; J. Hart, 25c; A. Kaidel, 25c; W. A. ... Newson, 25c; H. J. Chamberlain, 25c; ... 25c; cash, 25c; cash, 25c; H. Haas, 25c; F. Hoerr, 25c; E. Sewing, 25c; O. Putnam, 25c; Mrs. ...

THE EMPLOYES OF SUMNER & ... answer the appeal promptly and liberally with a subscription of $18 50, given by the following persons: C. E. Ware, 25c; C. J. ... James T. Lacey, 25c; A. B. ... Spickerman, 25c; A. H. Frederick, 25c; A. 25c; W. W. Brewer, 25c; George M. ... Hess, 25c; John F. ... 25c; Will ... O. M. Skinner, 25c; F. Somerdyke, ... Ethel, 25c; Charles A. ... Rudolph Schmidt, 25c; Jo... James O'Connor, 25c; H. ... 25c; G. Hulse, 25c; Louis ... Reiss, 25c; M. Bogart, 25c; ... Kostling, 25c; A. Crone, ... 25c; G. Ehrmann, 25c; ... 25c; Libby Wright, ... Johanna Peters, 25c; ... Weber, 25c; F. Mann, ... S. Hutton, 25c; C. ... 25c; J. Maginnis, 25c; ... 25c; Ed Sonari, 25c; ... Ethel, 25c; Frank ... Will Wardell, 25c; ... Schroeder, 25c; L. ... Bremerkamp, 25c; ... Davis, 25c; Lizzie ... Jerson, 25c; John M... 25c; R. C. Allen, ... Abernathy, 25c; F. ... Brown, 25c; A. W. ... E. Rice, 25c; ... Dr. F. A. Martin ... paid in 25 cents to ...

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and game cooked to order. Sepa-
for ladies on second floor.

daughter of John Grandcourt's, 94 and 96
all kinds of printing goods, and largest
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CITY ITEMS.

& Co. are now showing by far the
blanket and flannel stocks in this city, pur-
before the late rise in the price of
inducements to retail blankets and flannels
prices than most houses own them at. Don't
the interests of buying your blankets or flan-
at this house; and send for its new il-
catalogue and almanac, a most useful
It won't cost you a cent.

W. C. Gibson & Son Grocery Company, 2204
street, is the cheapest place to buy choice

Gilkeson, for purity and for improvement of
complexion, nothing equals Ponzoni's Powder.
by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

sufferers skillfully treated, and medicine
Dr. Dimbeer, 214 Pine street.

Dr. Hall, 317 St. Charles street, cures diseases
sexual system. Indiscretions. Call or write.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

James killed his brother Jim with a shot-
Springs, Ga., yesterday.

Hot Springs, Ark., have united in
matrimony of Nicholas M. Bell.

Mexican postal officials have ordered that
letters be fumigated to kill the germs

Wilson, after being cooped up for
days toward Massowah, on the

Democratic home to cast their October
to agitate the department people

Monarchical party have issued a
manifesto in which they attack the republi-
ment.

The Guardian Angel was lost off the
Irish coast yesterday, all but one of the
crew drowned.

Prince of Reuss had his left eye destroyed
by the accidental discharge of a cartridge
while hunting.

Cannibals are said to have devastated
the Congo Association and roasted all
they captured.

Both statesmen are surprised at Vice-
President Hendricks' Indianapolis speech in which
he completely took his sides with Parnell.

The German Government has forbidden circula-
tion in Germany of the American freethinking
journal, Turn Zeitung, published at Milwaukee.

The arrangements for the convention of the
American Bankers' Association, which will be held
in Chicago on September 23, are nearly complete.

Consul-General Williams has been ordered to see
that Cirilio Pueblo, a Cuban-American in prison at
Havana for alleged inciting of rebellion, has a fair
trial.

Judge Virgin of the Supreme Court of Maine has
refused a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Wm.
Sargent Billy. An extensive suit
for damages for illegal imprisonment will follow.

It has been discovered that the bogus Indiana
township warrants have been extensively circulat-
ed through the East. R. B. Pollard is the most
extensive operator, and it is believed that he re-
ceived all the money.

At the second day's session of the Mississippi
Valley Medical Society papers were read by Drs.
Jones, Furse, Byrd, Woolen, Porter and Dixon.
Committees were appointed and the meeting ad-
journed permanently.

William Brown, an elder of the Waynesville, N.
C., Baptist Church, attempted to put several young
men out of church for irreverent conduct and was
knocked down by three of them, Joe Patton, Cool
Allen and John Haynes.

The full court of Manitoba yesterday confirmed
Riel's death sentence, and there is a general feeling
that the unfortunate rebel will swing on the 18th.
The court thought that his occasional strange acts
were no evidence of insanity.

BRIDAL GIFTS.

Solid Silverware,
Silver Plated Ware,
Brass Goods,
Vases.
SUFFICIENT NEW STOCK
at very low prices.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.

CITY NEWS.

The leather dealers of the city held a meeting
this afternoon at the Leather Gazette office to
further arrangements for the Chicago Convention.

John Ryan, 33 years of age, while walking along
the Iron Mountain track last evening was struck
by a freight train and seriously injured. He was
sent to his home in Carondelet.

Charles Taylor, colored, was attacked with an
ice pick in front of 618 Wash street, yesterday
afternoon, and on falling struck against the
window, smashing in the glass and receiving some
ugly cuts on the head.

A dispatch received from Portland, Maine, last
evening conveyed the intelligence that Billy Beau-
clerk, brother of the notorious Johnnie, who was
arrested at Clayton recently, will be brought back
by Detective Tine in a few days to answer to a
charge of forgery here.

A man named Bert Newman was arrested last
night on general principles, and when searched a
gold stop watch valued at $300 which was after-
wards identified as one stolen Tuesday night from
Henry Mohrman, who is stopping at the Laclede
Hotel, was found on his person.

The Executive Committee of the League of
Broadway Tax-payers held a meeting last evening,
and decided to urge the importance to citizens of
voting the Charter amendment, which provides
that the city pay one-half of the cost of public
improvements, adopted at the next Charter elec-

Mrs. Annie Dozier, of 1423 Chestnut street, dis-
covered a man leaving her house last evening with
a bundle under his arm, and raised an alarm.
Several gentlemen, neighbors, gave pursuit and
captured the fleeing man. He gave
the name as Wm. Miller. The bundle which he
carried contained clothing stolen from the house.

The regular monthly meeting of the Trades' As-
sembly was held last night. August Herman W.
Miller, John Powers and Thomas Halligan were
elected delegates. Reports from the various
trades showed that trade was improving. A mo-
tion was carried to appropriate $5 for the purpose
of procuring a trade organ among the unions re-
presented in the Assembly.

The West End Temperance Union held a meeting
at the residence of Mrs. Ellis, 3508 Lindell avenue,
last night. Final arrangements were
made for the centennial celebration to be held at
Dr. Merrill's church, on Grand and Delmar
avenue, September 20. Secretary Johnston's offer
of space in the Exposition was considered, and in
view of the fact that none not to be allowed
the privilege of distributing their literature the
Union decided to refuse the offer.

Frank Brady, a coachman in the employ of
Mr. Ellis, was arrested yesterday by Officers
Brown and Owen for stealing some valuable
harness from his employer's stable, and endeavor-
ing to dispose of the same. Brady was lodged in jail
in default of $1,000 bail. Much of his room over the
stable at Mr. McHenry's residence, and
some of the property valued to have
been stolen were: One silver
watch, one silk umbrella,
one gold spectacles, a gold
watch seven diamonds in
a diamond ring, a silver
plated and a shooter revolver
valued at $40.

Consumption

Sufferers and all those afflicted with severe forms of consump-
tion, bronchitis, etc., should use the wonderful remedy—Dr.
Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup." Thousands
of persons, who have been
given up by friends of death, can
trace their early stages, is no
longer has no equal as a
remedy. Those obstinate of-
fections yield to its power.

FALL FASHIONS.

Norfolk Jackets All the Rage for the Cool Weather.

Animals' Head Patterns the Latest Things for Boys' Shirts—The Novelties in Collars and Scarf Pins—Fall Wraps for the Ladies—Big Buttons, Plenty of Pockets and Rough Cloths.

"The Norfolk jacket is still the rage for boys of any age from 4 years old up to 15, 16, and even 17," said a prominent Fifth street clothier, just returned from his Eastern purchasing tour. "No one will want to see anything but Norfolks this season. They have several extra pockets, with a broader waistband, and come in every kind of tuck. (They have also been known to harbor a good deal of 'tuck' on occasion, as mothers of small boys will testify.) Small tucks, broad tucks, tucks all one way and tucks facing one another, real tucks, false tucks and fancy pleatings may be selected according to fancy."

"Then, will there be nothing but Norfolks worn at all?"

"Oh, well, yes. There is always a second style for a change, but the Norfolk is the 'How-de-do.' Now here is this double-breasted blouse. You will observe that it has a rolling collar," remarked he, with an emphasis on the participle. "All the blouse collars will roll this season."

The reporter looked anxiously at the flat turned down collar, to see if it showed any signs of rolling in his direction; but, finding it remained stationery, being apparently formed for that purpose, he asked the salesman why it was termed "rolling." "Because it turns down," answered that gentleman. "These collars you see stand up; so we call those that turn down rolling collars. Boys up to 15 years of age," he continued, turning to another branch of the subject, "will wear knee-pants quite short, just covering the knee."

"What are the materials this year?"

"Plaids! all plaids, large plaids and small plaids, and checks. We also make up in corkscrews (but they are the secondary fashion), in wine colors, browns and blues."

"I see you have some velvet goods there."

"They are for dress goods," observed the salesman, opening out several. "Now, there will be nothing but velvet in blue-black and brown for children's evening wear. You see them come in Norfolks, too. And here is a blouse. The braided and embroidered backs and sleeves in this style are just sliding quietly out of existence."

"How about older boys?"

"Well, just about the same. Fellows from 9 to 15, however, can wear a four-button cutaway sack in place of the Norfolk, if they prefer it. Those come in checks and corkscrews. Then, young men from 12 to 17 wear coats—some straight-cut and some cornered."

SHIRTS.

"Animals' heads have come right in shirt patterns again," remarked the buyer for this department.

"I thought they went out last spring."

"So they did; were going out as fast as dimes in a drinking booth, but they came right in again when half the season was over and we had to rush in a tremendous stock, and now we can't buy them in fast enough. You see the boys themselves decide the fashion in these points. A spoiled fellow says: 'Ma! ma! got me shirt with tigers' heads all over it like Harry Jacobs has on;' and the mother reflecting that a shirt with heads is just as cheap as one without, turns the town inside out for one. It will be some time before these animals' heads will go out."

"What animals are the most worn?"

"Well, there are lions and dogs, and tigers and horses. Horses are the rage. Then there are bells—bells are very fashionable—and geometrical figures and some stripes. Now, for evening goods, we have something new," and the obliging salesman opened a box in which were beautifully fine, pure white linen shirts, the novelty being horseshoe shaped shield fronts. These are worn exclusively for dress, especially with boys from 7 to 15. Youths from 12 to 18 wear this style, together with pleated fronts in six, eight and ten pleats.

TIES.

"How about ties?"

"Ah, now! We have a novelty in ties," and the salesman produced a curious-looking article, which he touched with that loving tenderness one sometimes sees in enthusiastic salesmen when handling quite new goods. "This is the crazy quilt tie," which will be worn by boys and men of all ages."

The reporter admired the tie, which was nothing if not peculiar, and inquired about children.

"The Windsor scarf will be very much worn in very bright solid colors. Then we have a plain bow, tied in the Windsor shape, with elastic and hook and eye to save the trouble of tying the Windsor. I think that is all in ties. In handkerchiefs there is nothing new. Collars will be worn very high, either straight-standing or with cornered tips. For children the large square sailor collar is still worn, fashioned in linen and bordered with crimson or blue embroidery."

OVERCOATS

will be trimmed with plush. Very nice brown velvet sartouts are coming in; also heavily trimmed with plush. Fancy cassimere overcoats will be worn, and one style is made with one single dress cape. This comes in large plaids only.

NEW FALL WRAPS FOR LADIES.

A new style wrap, which is a sort of cross between the Newmarket and the dolman, will be the cloak of the season. It is remarkably stylish, reaching down to the hem of the skirt, plain in front and dolman shaped behind, finished off with cord and tassels. It is remarkably graceful in appearance, and equally calculated to set off a fine figure or to improve a poor one. It comes in all materials from sealskin downwards, but the cloth of the season will be niggerhead of a peculiarly rough texture. A mantelet of this description just from Paris was shown, fashioned in black cloth of the above description. There are no buttons from the waist upwards, the folding coat collar being continued to that point, but from the waist downwards the buttons are large and solid, to keep the heavy garment in place. The front and back are adorned with very wide Hercules braid, and the buyer of this garment will discover, with considerable satisfaction, no less than seven pockets, all bestowed in the very last places in which one would expect to find such a convenience.

A coaching-coat was the next garment placed on view, which, like some young ladies, is chiefly remarkable for its fascinating ugliness. The material is diagonal camel's hair, cut clear up the back to the waist and liberally trimmed with silk Yak lace in double and triple rows. The garment is lined throughout with quilted silk, and has the appearance of great weight, which does not accord with the light lace trimming. In reality, the weight is infinitesmal, appearances being deceptive, but even where this fact is ascertained the lace seems out of place.

Plushes and sealskins will be extensively worn by those who can afford them in long Newmarket shapes, entirely covering the skirts. The plushes are stamped like brocaded velvet, with wide hanging sleeves, which add to the richness of their appearance. The only short garment shown for the streets is a nigger-head dolman of a pretty grayish brown shade, with mantle-shaped back and double-breasted front, adorned with huge buttons and wide sleeves. The whole is lavishly trimmed with wood-fox furs. Circulars are in their dying agonies as formerly worn, but a prettier style is coming in, with sleeves and mantle-fashioned back. It comes principally in niggerhead or crazy-cloth and plush, with very large buttons and heavy cord and tassels in rear.

Evening wraps, in contradistinction to street wear, are very short, as short as they can be to deserve the name of cloaks at all. They are fashioned almost exclusively in the heaviest and richest embossed satin procurable, heavily trimmed with real fur, and, when means will allow, tails. The prettiest shown is in seal-brown brocaded satin of the above description, so short in the back that the garment itself scarcely reaches the waist. It is supplanted, however, with a deep border of lynx fur, from which depend three or four dozen of the tails of that animal, which are continued round the comparatively long frontpieces, adding enormously both to the stylishness and the expense. Young ladies and misses will be almost confined to all plush Newmarkets. The few cloaks worn for school and morning use will have a single cape like a coachman's. The entire tendency for street wear is towards length and plain richness, both in trimming and material, further than the fulness which has obtained for so many seasons in dolmans. The specialties for the season are niggerhead cloth, huge buttons and a convenient superfluity of pockets.

Gents' Genuine Rubber Garments, the best. Day Rubber Co., 613 N. 4th st.

Crash in Roasted Coffees.
3 pounds good Rio $1.
7 pounds choice Santos $1.
6 pounds fine Mexican $1.
5 pounds best Guatemala $1.
4 pounds best Cuban Java $1.
Grand Atlantic Tea Co., 720 N. 5th street.

VILLAGE CART HARNESS, black and far cheaper than anywhere in the city. J. R. Sickles Saddlery Company, 1109 Washington avenue.

A CHAT WITH THE PEDAGOGUE!

"Now, boys, this is the OPENING WEEK OF SCHOOL. I see you look healthy, happy and rosy, and I hope you've enjoyed your vacation. You've had three months for fun and frolic, base-ball, tree climbing, fishing, etc., and I judge, by the way some of you look, that a NEW SCHOOL SUIT would add greatly to your appearance and comfort. I don't want to see a single boy in this school with a hole in the seat of his trousers, his coat out at the elbows, or his toes trying to find their way out of the front end of his shoes. Now, in my day, boys, my good old mother used to cut my father's old clothes down for my benefit, and I often felt like a poor boy at a frolic when I got in among the well-dressed youngsters, whose parents could afford to buy them 'store clothes.' But things have changed since then, and any boy, no matter how moderate his parents' means, can dress in NEAT, DURABLE ATTIRE, at such Low Prices that it beats cutting down the old man's cast-off suit all hollow. This is the age of push and progress, and there are many large houses who make it a special business to dress boys in comfortable, durable Garments, Shoes, Hats and other outfittings. But THERE IS ONE MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT which has earned the title 'HEADQUARTERS,' from the fact that it always takes the lead in anything it undertakes. You all know the place, for Johnny is just writing about it on the blackboard,

"The Place to Buy Boys' Clothes is FAMOUS!"

"Now, I'll read you their advertisement on SCHOOL SUITS, and I want to see you all to-morrow morning look bright, fresh and neatly dressed. No excuse for going ragged at these prices:

$3.75 Our Great Leader! for $3.75 $3.75

We offer a large and attractive assortment of Boys' Genuine All-Wool Cassimere and Cheviot SCHOOL SUITS, sizes 4 to 13, with Knee Pants and Coats made pleated back and front, or plain. These Suits are honestly worth $6 50—almost double our price. You won't find them anywhere in the world, outside of "FAMOUS," for - - - -

In the SHORT PANT Division we show a tremendous variety of School and Dress Suits, ranging in price from $3 up to $10. No shoddy goods in our house! All worth the money.

$5 These prices represent two special lines LONG PANT SCHOOL SUITS for Boys, 11 and 12. They are made of good reliable Cassimeres and Cheviots and guaranteed extra strong and durable. $6

OTHER SUITS at these ages—latest Fall Styles—in great variety, : : : : : : $5 up to $10
BOYS' SHIRT WAISTS, IMMENSE VARIETY.

IN LARGE BOYS' SCHOOL AND DRESS SUITS our assortment is very large and extremely attractive—the sizes running from 13 to 17 years. In School Suits we are showing a tip-top good article in extra wove Cassimeres and Cheviots, $5 50, $6 50, $7 50 and $8 50, these being special lines made up to stand any amount of wear and tear, besides being neat, stylish and in attractive patterns. In extra fine Dress Suits we show all the popular Woolen Fabrics of the day, including the best All-Wool Cassimeres, Worsteds, Corkscrews, fine Cheviots and Diagonals, in nobby fall styles and every variety of shade, pattern and mixture—prices ranging from $10 to $22 50.

BOYS' PANTALOONS—We have them in great variety.
Boys' Knee Pants, in all grades—good Unions at 75c to best All-Wool, : : : : : $2 00
Boys' Long Pants, 9 to 12 years—Prime Bargains in Cassimeres, : : : : : $1 to $3 50
Boys' Long Pants, 13 to 17 years, every desirable grade, : : : : : : : $1 50 to $4

OUR BARGAIN COUNTERS contain BOYS' COATS from broken suits that sold from $4 to $10, in sizes 8 to 17 years. Coats go for $1 50
Boys' Vests, 8 to 17 years, Bargains at : : 50
Odd Garments at all times very Cheap.

SCHOOL SHOES.

This is where they must ALL TAKE A BACK SEAT, for we show more SCHOOL SHOES, in greater Variety and at Lower Figures, than any house in the West. We quote a few prices in Staple Goods, put up to wear well:

Boys' School Shoes, sizes 1 to 5, in prime Buff and Calf Button and Bals, got up for service, $1 25 to $3 00
Youths' Button School Shoes, Sizes 11 to 2—City made, in best grain, Buff and Calf, substantial and prime wearers, : $1 25 to $2 50
Misses' School Shoes, sizes 11 to 2—An extensive assortment in prime Goat Button, spring heels or heels, : : : : : $1 25 to $2 50
Misses' A No. 1 Kid Button School Shoes, spring heels or heels, : : : : : $1 50 to $3 00
Children's School Shoes—Large and attractive variety, sizes 8 to 10 1-2, : : $1 to $1 75
No trash or shoddy in our Shoe Department. We tell you plainly what the goods are, and want you to notify us if they fail to please you. Advance Fall Styles in Ladies' and Gents' Shoes now in Stock.

BOYS' SCHOOL HATS AND CAPS!

The majority of the St. Louis Boys have bought their HATS and CAPS from our house so long that it don't require any extra puffing to tell them we are ready for them again.

Boys' School Caps, : : : : : : : : 25c
Boys' School Polo Caps—great variety, 25c, 35c, 50c
Boys' Fancy Dress Polo Caps—very Nobby and Stylish, : : : : : : : 75c and $1
Boys' Black Wool School Hats, : : : : 50c
Boys' Black and Blue Wool School Hats, : 75c
Boys' Extra Quality School Hats, in assorted shades and styles, : : : : : : $1 00
Boys' School Hats, plain and fancy, very neat and substantial, : : : : : : $1 00
Boys' Fine Tricot Hats, in blue, black and brown, very stylish, : : : : : : : $1 25

You will find our house Leading Headquarters for everything in Boys' and Children's School Outfittings.

New Fall Styles in Gents' and Youths' Suits, Overcoats and Pantaloons coming in daily. Prices the Lowest.

"FAMOUS,"

Leading Western Clothiers and Outfitters, Broadway and Morgan.

Our Illustrated Catalogue of Fall & Winter Clothing, Shoes, Hats and Furnishings now ready. Sent free to any address.

YOUR TIME AND MONEY

Is never lost when you spend it in our Boys' Clothing Department, which is the best lighted, most comfortable and most convenient place of the kind in St. Louis. We give you the best and Most Stylish Clothing at the Lowest Prices.

Boys' Long Pant Suits, sizes from 9 to 12 years, inclusive, $5 to $10; worth one-third more.
Boys' Long Pant Suits, sizes 12 to 17 years, $6 50, $7 50, $8 50, $10, $15.
Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, Fancy Cheviots and Cassimeres, $5, $6, $6 50, $7, $7 50, $8, $8 50.
Plaited and Plain Jackets.
Boy's Fall Overcoats, $8 50, $10, $12 and $15.
Children's Fall Overcoats, $5, $6 50, $7 50 and $10.

The Latest Styles and Newest Goods can Always be Found at

HUMPHREY'S,
Corner Broadway and Pine.

BANKRUPT STOCKS!

Means an accumulation of old rubbish—unsalable, undesirable, unprofitable to buy; still people will go to these sales and pay as much for the goods as they could buy the regular goods at regular houses. Another mistake they make is in buying a lot of goods for which they have no earthly use, because they think they are being sold cheap.

Our buyers, while East last month, succeeded in buying from importing firms "who needed money" the cheapest lot of goods ever brought to this market.

Handsome decorated Motto Cups and Saucers, former price 75c: now 20c.
Elegant decorated vases, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c.; worth double.
Iron-stone China Dinner Plates, per set, 25c.
Iron-stone China Teacups and Saucers, with handles, per set, 40c.
Nice Crystal Table Tumblers, per set, 12c.
Nice Crystal Table Goblets, per set, 19c.
Beautiful colored Glassware, etc., at greatly reduced prices.

FAMOUS
CHINA DEPARTMENT,
BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

WOMAN!
HER BEST FRIEND!

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
FEMALE REGULATOR

This famous remedy most happily meets the demand of the age for woman's peculiar and multiform afflictions. It is a remedy for WOMAN ONLY, and for one SPECIAL CLASS of her diseases. It is a specific for certain diseased conditions of the womb, and proposes to so control the Menstrual Function as to regulate all the derangements and irregularities of Woman's

MONTHLY SICKNESS.

Its proprietors claim for it no other medical property; and to doubt the fact that this medicine does positively possess such controlling and regulating powers is simply to discredit the voluntary testimony of thousands of living witnesses who are to-day exulting in the restoration to sound health and happiness.

Bradfield's Female Regulator

is strictly a vegetable compound, and is the product of medical science and practical experience directed towards the benefit of

SUFFERING WOMAN!

It is the studied prescription of a learned physician whose specialty was WOMAN, and whose fame became enviable and boundless because of his wonderful success in the treatment and cure of female complaints. THE REGULATOR is the GRANDEST REMEDY known, and richly deserves its name.

Woman's Best Friend!

Because it controls a class of functions the various derangements of which cause more ill health than all other causes combined, and thus rescues her from a long train of afflictions which sorely embitter her life and premature end her existence. Oh! what a multitude of living witnesses can testify to its charming effects! WOMAN! take to your confidence this

PRECIOUS BOON OF HEALTH!

It will relieve you of nearly all the complaints peculiar to your sex. Rely upon it as your safeguard for health, happiness and long life.

Sold by all druggists. Send for our treatise on the Health and Happiness of Woman, mailed free, which gives all particulars.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

M. EHRET, JR. & CO.

PREPARED ROOFING.
CHEAP & DURABLE.
9th & OLIVE STS. ST. LOUIS MO.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, William Forsyth and Louisa P. Forsyth, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated 16th day of July, 1883, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1798, page 28, and in the Recorder's office of the County of St. Louis, Mo., in book 34, page 4, conveyed to the undersigned the following described tract of land, partly in the city and partly in the County of St. Louis and within the boundaries of United States survey No. 378, viz: Commencing at a point in the west line of the Skinker Road (Skinks and 64 links north of the northeast corner of the lands (west of said Skinker Road) now owned by Thomas Skinker, thence west and nearly parallel with north line of said Skinker's land, 128 chains and 33 links more or less to the west line of said United States survey No. 378, 7 chains 1964 links, thence east parallel to north line, 126 chains and 33 links more or less to the Skinker Road, thence south with the west line of said Skinker Road 7 chains 96 links to the point of beginning, containing 114 55-100 acres, more or less, bounded north by property of Mary Jones and Skinker road, south by property of Laura A. Turner, and west by the west line of said survey No. 378, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas default has been made in payment of said notes and interest due thereon, and remains unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1885,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate, at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GRIMER,
Trustee.

Manhood Restored

SPECIL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF CHOUTEAU, HARRISON & VALLE IRON CO.,
ST. LOUIS, September 1, 1885.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders and election for directors of the company will be held on Tuesday, September 15, 1885. Polls open from 9 to 12 o'clock.

C. G. MAFFITT,
President.
PAUL A. FINK, Secretary.

CATARRH CURED!

J. M. Bateman, 2034 Chestnut Street.

To a reporter Mr. Bateman, who is one of the engineers of the Brush Electric Light Company, Seventh and Walnut streets, said: "Last winter I was taken with a severe cold. My work is at night, and I was more or less exposed to the cold night air. I grew rapidly worse. I had several times been told that I had catarrh, and the truth of the statement was now confirmed. I lost my strength and my appetite failed. I was troubled with a cough and a continual hawking up of phlegm. I had a dull pain in my head and my sleep was broken. I had two or three doctors, and though I took their medicine faithfully I got no better. At last I went to Dr. McCoy. In three weeks' time, under his treatment, the last trace of catarrh had disappeared, and I am now a well man."

DOCTOR
J. CRESAP McCOY,
Late of Bellevue Hospital New York
HAS OFFICES AT
1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS

Treats with equal success all curable cases of deformities generally considered incurable.
Medical diseases treated successfully, such as Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and all Nervous Diseases. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. Catarrh cured.
Consultation at office or by mail, $1.
Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 6 p. m.
Send 10 cents in stamps for 100 page treatise on diseases by Dr. McCoy.
Correspondence receives prompt attention; letters answered unless accompanied by stamps.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC
A POSITIVE CURE FOR
DRUNKENNESS
OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

Golden Specific Co., Prop'rs, Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE BY
M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,
Broadway (5th) and Olive, ST. LOUIS.
Call or write for circulars and full particulars.

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers and all old residents know.
Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones; Blood Poisoning, Old Sores and Ulcers, are cured without a day's detention from business, on latest scientific principles. Safe, Private.
Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, Trembling, Dizziness, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Spots before the eyes, Aching Back, Kidneys, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Sexual Exhaustion, Premature Old Age, etc., are permanently cured. Pamphlet (50 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail, free. Invited and strictly confidential.
A Positive Written Guarantee given in every curable case. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,
200 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, mailed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful and plain pictures, and full explanations of the following subjects: Manhood, Womanhood, Love, Courtship, Marriage, Single and Married Life, Physical Decay, Effects of Self-Abuse and Excesses, the Physiology of Reproduction, and many more. These startling and instructive facts should be read by every man and woman. Paper covers, 25c. Address as above, or Dr. Whittier.

DR. CLARKE
NO CURE! NO PAY!!
ESTABLISHED 1866. ST. LOUIS, MO. 604 Locust St.
Treats with the greatest SUCCESS
ALL PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES
A written guarantee of cure given in every case undertaken. All consultations FREE and STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Dr. Clarke is a graduate of both Medical Colleges of St. Louis, and has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis. Office hours, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.